Village of River Forest, Illinois



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2016



Issued by:

Joan Rock Finance Director

Cheryl Scott Assistant Finance Director

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

Eric Palm Village Administrator

Prepared by the Finance Division

Joan Rock Finance Director

Cheryl Scott Assistant Finance Director

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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September 29, 2016

Honorable Catherine Adduci Members of the Board of Trustees, and Citizens of the Village of River Forest, Illinois

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Village of River Forest, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, is hereby presented. State law requires an annual audit for local governments. The audit must be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, include all of the accounts and funds of the Village, and be completed within six months after the close of the fiscal year. The Village is required to issue a report on its financial position and activity presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The CAFR strives to exceed the basic legal requirements of state law and provides additional information to assist readers in understanding the Village's fiscal condition. As the auditor's report explains, the additional information provided in the CAFR was not audited, although it was reviewed by the auditors for information that might conflict with the audited information.

The financial report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Village of River Forest. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Village. To the best of my knowledge and belief, this report is accurate in all material respects; it fairly represents the Village's financial position and results of operations; and, it provides all the disclosures needed to understand the Village's financial activities in Fiscal Year 2016. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Village's financial activities have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the Village's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the Village's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

The Village's financial statements have been audited by **BKD**, LLP, a firm of licensed independent auditors that were selected by the Village Board of Trustees as the independent auditors for the Village. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Village of River Forest are free from material misstatement. The independent auditor issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Village's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2016. The Independent Auditor's Report is located in the beginning of the financial section of this report. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the MD&A.

Profile of the Government

The Village of River Forest was incorporated on October 30, 1880, and is a non home-rule community, as defined by the Illinois Constitution. The Village operates under the



Dominican University

Board/Administrator form of government. This form of government combines the leadership and policy-making skills of elected officials with the expertise of a professional administrator. The elected representatives set the policies that establish the Village's purpose, values, mission, and goals. The Village Administrator's role is to implement those policies in an efficient and effective manner.

Located approximately 10 miles west of downtown Chicago, residents have the benefit of the employment and entertainment opportunities offered by the City of Chicago combined with the advantages of a quiet residential community. The Village of River Forest has a land area of 2.5 square miles with approximately 31.6 miles of streets. The Des Plaines River borders the western edge of the Village and a commuter train station provides



convenient access to the City of Chicago. The population of the Village, per the 2010 census, is 11,172. River Forest has diverse residential architecture that is quite unique and distinctive for communities within the Chicago metropolitan region. It has a variety of businesses including medical care facilities, dining and retail establishments. In addition, two universities are located in River Forest: Dominican and Concordia. The Village provides a full range of services to its citizens, businesses, and visitors. These services include police and fire protection, ambulance service, water and

sewer utilities, building planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, and general administrative services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Village's financial planning and control. A strategic planning session with the Village Board begins the budget process, at which time the Board sets the long and short-term goals for the Village. Departments prepare their budgets based on these goals and submit their budget requests for the upcoming fiscal year to the Budget Team that consists of the Village Administrator, Assistant Village Administrator and Finance Director. The Budget Team reviews these budget requests with departmental staff and develops a proposed budget to achieve the established goals within anticipated revenues. The Village Administrator's proposed budget is then presented to the Village Board. The Village Board is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget, and a final budget must be adopted by the Village Board by April 30th of each fiscal year.

The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. The Village Administrator is authorized to make budget transfers within any fund. Additions and transfers between funds require Village Board approval. Original and final amended budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for each individual governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. The General Fund comparison is included in the required supplementary information section. Other governmental fund comparisons are presented in the Combining, Individual Fund and Capital Asset Financial Statements and Schedules subsection of this report.

There were 77 full-time positions in the Fiscal Year 2016 annual budget. There are four different labor contracts for representing sworn police officers, firefighters, fire lieutenants, and public works employees.

Local Economy

Over 200 businesses are licensed in the Village of River Forest. The commercial core is the River Forest Town Center that was developed using Tax Increment Financing District (TIF) revenues. This development includes restaurants, a grocery store and other retail stores. The Village has additional retail development along the North Avenue, Lake Street, Madison Street and Harlem Avenue corridors. Lake Street is a major thoroughfare that runs through the center of the Village. During Fiscal Year 2011, funds were set aside for future development at the corner of Lake and Lathrop, and at Lake and Harlem where the Town



Center is located. These funds are being held in the Economic Development Fund. Efforts are underway to establish two new Tax Increment Financing Districts along North Avenue and Madison Street.

Economic development continues to be a priority for the Village. The Village established an Economic Development Commission that consists of seven members who (1) advise the Village Board on the economic and community impact of potential developments, (2) identify and assess underutilized

properties to develop strategies for their highest and best use, (3) encourage and support development within the Village in conjunction with existing corridor plans, land uses and the Village's development goals, (4) investigate and recommend incentives to facilitate economic growth, (5) maintain relationships with existing businesses and make recommendations to retain, enhance and market, (6) receive direction from the Board of Trustees and provide feedback and recommendations, and (7) coordinate economic development outreach to surrounding units of local government. The Village also utilizes an economic development consultant to assist with economic development efforts.

In Fiscal Year 2014, the Dominick's grocery store shut its doors when the parent company decided to close or sell all of its stores in the Chicago market. In Fiscal Year 2015, the Village Board approved a 7c Cook County Property Tax Incentive agreement with Fresh Thyme Farmers Market to fill this vacancy. Structural issues have delayed this project; however, construction continues and the store is expected to open in 2017. A retail clothing store closed in the River Forest Town Center at the end of the fiscal year. Illustrating the strong economic vitality at this location, the vacancy has already been filled with a sports apparel shop. The Village continues to work with developers and building management companies to attract new businesses.

In prior years, the Village was impacted by the nationwide real estate recession. Real estate activity has flourished in recent years. The Village collected \$110,084 from its .1% residential

real estate transfer tax during the year. The Village's equalized assessed valuation (EAV)

decreased \$18.0 million, or about 3.7%, from \$488.4 million with the 2014 levy year to \$470.3 million in the 2015 levy year. The last reassessment was in 2014. At that time, some property values increased, and others declined resulting in the overall slight drop in value. New property totaled \$480,103 and was primarily due to residential construction. Property values in the Village have declined over the last five years due to the recession and recently



because property is only reassessed every three years in Cook County. Since the most recent reassessment in 2014, the only changes to the Equalized Assessed Value have resulted from assessment appeals by residential and commercial property tax payers. We expect a significant increase in the Village's Equalized Assessed Value when the property is reassessed in 2017.

Year	Equalized Assessed Value	Increase (Decrease)	%Increase (Decrease)
2015	\$470,348,398	(\$18,042,541)	-3.69%
2014	\$488,390,939	(\$4,795,354)	-0.97%
2013	\$493,186,293	(\$36,264,663)	-6.85%
2012	\$529,450,956	(\$43,653,508)	-7.62%
2011	\$573,104,464	(\$131,165,071)	-18.62%
2010	\$704,269,535	\$62,936,656	9.81%

Equalized Assessed Value

There was an upswing in the value of construction improvements during the year that resulted in higher building permit revenues. In Fiscal Year 2016, 203 building permits were issued with a value totaling \$15,792,768. Most of these permits were for residential property improvements.

The median family income within the Village is \$156,835 which is significantly higher than the State as a whole. The median family income for the State based on the U.S. Census Bureau 2006-2010 survey was \$68,236.

Long-Term Financial Planning

As part of the budget process the Village Board meets to develop long-term goals for the Village. Three-year financial plans are prepared for the General and Waterworks and Sewerage Funds based on these goals, financial policies, the Capital Improvement Program, and future revenues and expenditures assumptions.

The Village prepares a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) each year at the beginning of the budget process. The CIP is a multi-year planning instrument used to identify needed capital projects for improvements to Village buildings, equipment and infrastructure and capital equipment purchases, and to coordinate the financing and timing of these improvements. The program includes vehicles and equipment, building, street, curb, sidewalk and alley improvements, and rehabilitation and replacement of water and sewer infrastructure. The Village had a facilities evaluation performed during FY 2014. Recommended building improvements were included in the FY 2016 Capital Improvement Plan. Each year the CIP is

updated to incorporate new capital projects, changing goals and priorities, and additional funding sources.

The Village has a Capital Equipment Replacement Fund (CERF) to accumulate resources for vehicle and equipment replacement and some building improvements. Monies are set aside annually via transfers from the General and Waterworks and Sewerage Funds to finance the replacements. The amount of the annual transfer is determined based on the expected replacement cost divided by expected life of the vehicle or equipment. During Fiscal Year 2014, automated traffic signal enforcement fines were deposited into the fund from cameras located at two major intersections in the Village. The CERF Fund is now 100% funded assuming future annual contributions from the General and Waterworks and Sewerage Funds.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2015, the automated traffic signal enforcement fines are being deposited into the Capital Improvement Fund, which is used for building and infrastructure improvements including alley, parking lot, building and other miscellaneous improvements. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used for street improvements and is primarily funded with State Motor Fuel Tax Allotments. Street Improvements are also periodically funded via General Obligation Debt.

In FY 2015, the Village approved pension funding policies for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds. These policies were developed after a series of meetings with the Village's Finance Committee and both pension boards. Cash flow projections were prepared for each fund using the using the agreed upon elements in the Pension Funding Policies. The Village will utilize a five-year transition plan to reach the desired funding level. The 2015 Property Tax Levy for the pension funds was based on the recommended amounts.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Village's financial policies are intended to solidify the Village's long-term financial strategies and to provide guidance to management in preparing the budget and handling the Village's fiscal affairs. The Village expanded their existing financial policies a couple of years ago to include an updated fund balance policy and as previously mentioned, the Village approved Pension Funding Policies for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds during Fiscal Year 2015. These comprehensive funding policies stipulate the actuarial assumptions to be used in determining the Village's contribution to the funds each year. In addition, an updated Investment Policy and a new Grant Administration Policy were approved.

Fiscal Year	Unassigned Fund Balance plus Restricted for Working Cash	Percentage of Subsequent Years Budgeted Expenditures
2016	\$6,933,290	44.8%
2015	\$6,628,343	44.5%
2014	\$6,125,045	42.0%
2013	\$5,249,005	35.3%
2012	\$4,265,167	30.7%

General Fund

According to the Village's fund balance reserve policy, the General Fund unassigned fund balance, plus the amount restricted for working cash, should be maintained at a minimum of 25% of the General Fund total budgeted annual expenditures in the most recently approved annual budget. At April 30, 2016, this portion of fund balance is \$6,933,290 or 44.8% of Fiscal Year 2017 budgeted expenditures. This minimum fund balance policy is intended to provide financing for unanticipated expenditures and to prevent cash flow shortages due to the uncertain timing of property tax receipts.

The Village has a policy that nonrecurring (one-time) revenues should not be used for operating expenditures. The Village considers automated traffic enforcement fines to be nonrecurring and has deposited these funds into its CERF and Capital Improvement Funds to be used for future capital expenditures.

Major Initiatives

The Village continues to seek ways to enhance revenues, reduce costs, and improve efficiencies in order to reduce the financial burden on the community. The major focus during Fiscal Year 2016 was on economic development and the Village is in the process of exploring the creation of two new Tax Increment Financing Districts and has created two business districts on Lake Street.

The Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District, located along Lake Street, was closed effective December 31, 2010. Prior to that date, several contracts were approved committing TIF Funds for future development within the district. These funds are being held in the Economic Development Fund to be used for development within the area. During Fiscal Year 2014, the Village entered into an agreement to utilize a portion of these funds to incent two businesses to locate within the Village Town Center. Both businesses contributed to the increase in municipal and non-home rule sales tax revenue in prior years. The agreement was recently revised because one of the businesses, a retail clothing store, closed during the year. The new agreement reflects the change to the new business that will fill this vacancy. Funds are still available for future development at the intersection of Lake and Lathrop. The Village continues to work with a developer on this site. A new business, Fresh Thyme Farmers Market, will be moving into the vacant grocery store property on North Avenue and is expected to open in 2017.



Construction on the Northside Stormwater Management Project was completed in FY 2016. The entire Village has had a combined storm and sanitary sewer system. This phased project created a new separate storm sewer system on the north side of the Village. Previously, the Village has combined storm and sanitary sewer lines. The combined sewer line is now used as the sanitary sewer. All clear water flow has been connected to the new storm sewer. Some streets on the north side were resurfaced as part of this project. The Village used reserves, a bank loan and an IEPA (Illinois Environmental Protection Agency)

loan to fund the project. Sewer rates have been increased to pay the principal and interest payments on the loans.

The Village is involved with a joint streetscape improvement project with the Village of Forest Park to improve the appearance of Madison Street which runs between the two villages. The project will be funded via local contributions and an ITEP (Illinois Transportation Enhancement Program) Grant. Madison Street is a major commercial corridor at the south end of the Village. These improvements should assist the village in its economic development efforts in the area.

Liability risk is managed by maintaining sufficient insurance and also through routine monitoring of potential loss situations. A safety committee, comprised of employee representatives from each Village department, meets regularly to review accident and injury reports involving employees. The safety committee makes recommendations and suggestions to improve and promote workplace safety. The Village also participates in a risk management program that is administered by the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is a consortium of 69 local municipalities and special service districts in northeastern Illinois that work together to manage risk and fund their property, casualty, and workers' compensation claims.

The Village's bond rating was raised from AA+ to AAA by Standard & Poor's in August 2014 due to the Village's very strong financial performance, good financial management and policies, budgetary flexibility, strong reserves, and low debt burden. The rating was also affected by the Village's accessibility to and participation in the deep and diverse Chicago metropolitan area and its very strong local economy.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has established a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program for state and local governments. The GFOA's Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Village of River Forest must go beyond the minimum requirements of generally accepted accounting principles and prepare a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that evidences the spirit of transparency and full disclosure.

The Village earned the GFOA's Certificate for the CAFR provided for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, for the eighth consecutive year. It was determined that the CAFR for that year sufficiently applied the appropriate generally accepted accounting principles, met applicable legal requirements, and also satisfied the reporting requirements of the GFOA's certificate program. A copy of the Certificate of Achievement for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, is provided on page x.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for only one year. I believe this CAFR, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, meets the GFOA's Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the Certificate of Achievement.

The Village also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the year ended April 30, 2017. To qualify for the award, the Village's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

This CAFR is the result of a well-functioning team that admirably weathered fiscal challenges and staffing changes. All Village management and department staff were responsible for successfully maintaining good accounting records, which are essential to the preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The Village President and Board of Trustees were diligent in reviewing the periodic financial reports, maintaining an active finance committee, evaluating the Village's fiscal condition, and making leadership decisions to ensure that the Village maintains its sound fiscal bearing.

The preparation of this CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of the entire Administration Department. I express my sincere appreciation to each member of the Department for their contributions. I would especially like to thank Eric Palm, the Village Administrator, for his leadership and guidance, Cheryl Scott, Assistant Finance Director, for her dedication, cooperation, and hard work during the audit, Jonathan Pape, Administrative Intern, for his assistance with the Statistical Section of the report, and Georgette Carlini, Utility Billing Clerk and Accounting Clerks Adriana Holguin and Nancy Sabia for their dependability, accuracy and thoroughness in processing transactions. It is the careful and conscientious attention on all levels of Village management and operational staff that has made the commendable preparation of this CAFR possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Jon Rock

Joan Rock Finance Director

Village of River Forest, Illinois **Principal Officials** April 30, 2016



VILLAGE PRESIDENT Catherine M. Adduci



VIILLAGE CLERK Sharon Halperin



Thomas Cargie



Susan J. Conti



Carmela Corsini



Roma Colwell-Steinke



Thomas Dwyer, Jr.





Michael W. Gibbs

VILLAGE ADMINISTRATOR Eric Palm

ASSISTANT VILLAGE ADMINISTRATOR

Lisa Scheiner

POLICE CHIEF Gregory Weiss

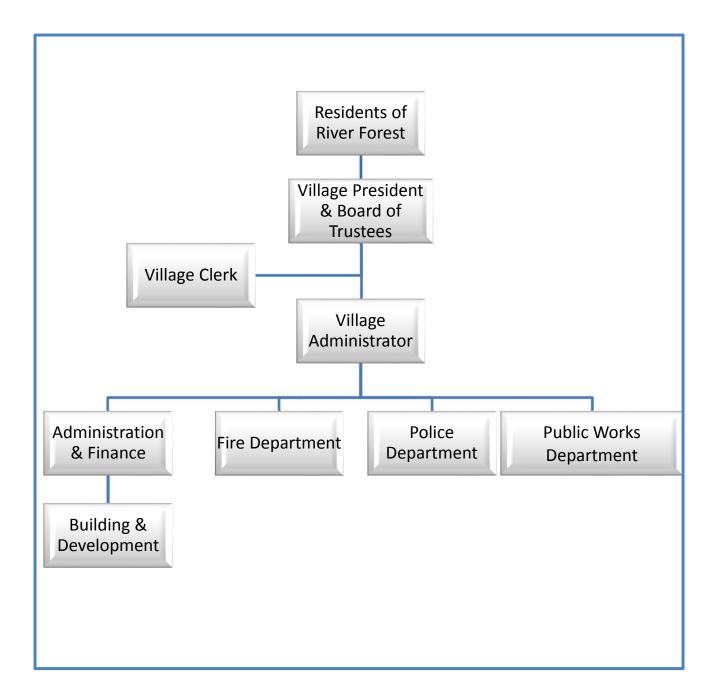
FIRE CHIEF James Eggert

FINANCE DIRECTOR Joan Rock

> PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR John Anderson

VILLAGE TRUSTEES

Organization Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of River Forest Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Village President and Members of the Board of Trustees Village of River Forest, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Village of River Forest, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Honorable Village President and Members of the Board of Trustees Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of River Forest, Illinois as of April 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2016 the Village adopted new accounting guidance required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-20 and budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, and pension and other postemployment information on pages 79-92 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of River Forest, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining, individual fund, capital asset financial statements and schedules, supplemental information and the statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Honorable Village President and Members of the Board of Trustees Page 3

The 2016 combining, individual fund, capital asset financial statements and schedules and supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining, individual fund, capital asset financial statements and supplemental information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

BKD,LIP

Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois September 29, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

VILLAGE OF RIVER FOREST, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) APRIL 30, 2016

The Village of River Forest (the Village) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address challenges in the subsequent years), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The MD&A focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts and should be read in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on pages i-viii of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net Position for the prior year was restated for both governmental and business-type activities due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68), for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016. The statement requires the Village to record pension liabilities for the Village's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), Police and Firefighters Pension Plans on the Statement of Net Position. The beginning governmental activities Net Position was restated by (\$30,501,499) from \$32,159,933 to \$1,658,434 and the business-type activities was restated by (\$113,656) from \$7,461,745 to \$7,348,089.
- The assets and deferred outflows of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at April 30, 2016 by \$8,636,492.
- The Village's total net position decreased by \$30,985,186 during the fiscal year (including the impact of the restatement). Governmental activities net position decreased by \$32,164,339 and business-type activities net position increased by \$1,179,153.
- The Village's Net Position includes an unrestricted deficit of (\$19,225,410), a decrease of \$31,048,085 due to an increase in the long-term liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows in the Statement of Net Position resulting from the implementation of GASB 68.
- The Village's combined governmental funds ending fund balance increased by \$285,391 to \$17,263,561.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,398,258, an increase of \$304,947.
- Net capital assets of governmental activities decreased by \$161,212 in the current fiscal year due to the acquisition of vehicles and equipment and infrastructure improvements offset by depreciation expense and the disposal of capital assets. Business-type activities net capital assets increased \$13,796,356. The Village completed the Northside Stormwater Management Project (NSMP) during the fiscal year which provided separate stormwater and sanitary sewer services on the north side of the community.
- The Village's long-term liabilities increased by \$52,336,978 to \$57,205,794. The GASB 68 pension liabilities accounted for \$38,724,610 of this increase. In addition, the business-type activities long-term liabilities include a \$14,699,420 loan payable to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for the NSMP.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of River Forest's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) reporting model stipulates that the government financial activities are presented in two ways: as government-wide accrual-based statements, and as modified-accrual fund statements. This overview provides an explanation of the differences between these statements. Basically, the government-wide statements provide information on the financial condition of the Village as a whole, while the fund statements provide information on the availability and use of resources that are segregated for specific purposes. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) also includes other elements that are essential to understanding the statements. These include the Required Supplementary Information, and the Combining, Individual Fund, and Capital Assets Financial Statements and Schedules.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the Village and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities reflect the Village's basic services, including general government, development, public safety (police and fire), public works, highways and streets, and sanitation. Property taxes, non-home rule sales taxes, shared state sales taxes, local utility taxes, shared state income taxes, and intergovernmental taxes finance the majority of these activities. The business-type activities reflect private sector-type operations (Waterworks and Sewerage Fund), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of the report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements provide more complete and detailed information about the Village's major functions and activities. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Depreciation is not included in the governmental fund statements because depreciation does not represent the use of current financial resources. Similarly, long-term debt is not shown on the balance sheet because it does not relate to the use of current financial resources. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.



The Village maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General and Capital Equipment Replacement Funds, which are considered major funds. There are four nonmajor governmental funds: the Motor Fuel Tax (MFT), Alternate Revenue Debt Service, Economic Development, and Capital Improvement Funds. Data from the nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. More detailed information on each individual fund is presented in the section entitled: Combining Individual Fund and Capital Asset Financial Statements and Schedules, starting on page 93. The Village adopts an annual budget for each

governmental fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23, in the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are presented in the same manner in both the fund statements and government-wide statements, with depreciation as an expense and long-term debt included in the calculation of net position. The fund statements provided in this report provide additional detail. The Village maintains one proprietary fund, an enterprise fund called the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. The statements for this fund can be found on pages 28-30 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Activities from fiduciary funds are not included in the Village's government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Village has two fiduciary funds: the Police Pension Fund and the Firefighters' Pension Fund, each of which are managed by separate boards. The combining fund statements, the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds can be found on pages 31 and 32 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 38-78 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including the major General Fund budgetary schedule and data concerning the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required Supplementary Information can be found on pages 79-92 of this report.

Combining, Individual Fund and Capital Asset Financial Statements and Schedules can be found on pages 93-116 of this report. The Supplemental Schedules, on 117-120, include detailed long-term debt payment information. The Statistical Section, on pages 121-152, includes information on government-wide revenues and expenditures, property taxes, and additional information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis provides an overview of the Village's financial activity, discusses the Village's current financial position and its ability to address future challenges, identifies specific concerns to individual funds, and explains material deviations from the Village's original budget.

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Village's assets exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$8,636,492 as of April 30, 2016. The largest portion of the Village's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (\$24,308,432), including land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire or construct those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted net position (\$3,553,470) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The Village has an overall Unrestricted Net deficit of (\$19,225,410) due to the implementation of GASB 68 which required the Net Pension Liability for Police, Firefighter and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund pension plans to be recorded on the Statement. In prior years the liability for the pension plans was only disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information. The Village's combined net position decreased by \$30,985,186 as a result of the governmental activities decreasing \$32,164,339 offset by business-type activities increasing \$1,179,153. The following table

reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (2015 information has not been adjusted for the adoption of GASB 68):

		Governmental Activities		Business Activi	v 1	Total		
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	\$	21,553,421	21,101,438	3,046,215	2,547,033	24,599,636	23,648,471	
Capital Assets		17,549,045	17,710,257	22,104,168	8,307,812	39,653,213	26,018,069	
Total Assets		39,102,466	38,811,695	25,150,383	10,854,845	64,252,849	49,666,540	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,704,375	-	195,516	-	6,899,891	-	
Liabilities								
Current		610,041	745,472	902,305	1,245,070	1,512,346	1,990,542	
Long-Term Liabilities		41,403,098	2,720,786	15,802,696	2,148,030	57,205,794	4,868,816	
Total Liabilities		42,013,139	3,466,258	16,705,001	3,393,100	58,718,140	6,859,358	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,798,108	3,185,504	-	-	3,798,108	3,185,504	
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		17,549,045	17,550,257	6,759,387	6,307,314	24,308,432	23,857,571	
Restricted		3,522,426	3,910,388	31,044	31,044	3,553,470	3,941,432	
Unrestricted	((21,075,877)	10,699,288	1,850,467	1,123,387	(19,225,410)	11,822,675	
Total Net Position	\$	(4,406)	32,159,933	8,640,898	7,461,745	8,636,492	39,621,678	

Village of River Forest, Illinois Statement of Net Position April 30, 2016 and April 30, 2015

The net position of the Village's governmental activities was (\$4,406). The Village's unrestricted net position from governmental activities was (\$21,075,877), a decrease of \$31,775,165. Most of this decrease (\$32,717,927) is to the implementation of GASB 68, which increased the pension liabilities, and the deferred inflows and outflows associated with the pensions. In Fiscal Year 2015, the Village's Net Pension Obligation of \$402,886 was recorded as required per GASB 27. The Net Pension Obligation was the cumulative differences between the Annual Required Contributions and the amounts actually contributed. With GASB 68, the Net Pension Liability and associated Deferred Inflows and Outflows are now recorded in the Statement of Net Position. The Net Pension Liability is the actuarially determined Total Pension Liability less the Plan Fiduciary Net Position of each plan. The significant decrease resulting from pension liabilities was offset by a \$942,762 increase in the portion of Unrestricted Net Position not associated with the pension liabilities of \$11,642,050. This increase is due to higher revenues from the State Income Tax, Use Tax, building permits, ambulance fees and the net change in the IRMA deposit in the General Fund and automated traffic signal enforcement fines in the Capital Improvement Fund. The Restricted Net Position in the governmental activities decreased \$387,962. The decrease is due to expenses for economic development and street improvements using restricted funds. There was a very slight decline in the Net Investment in Capital Assets of \$1,212 due to the net effect of capital asset activity during the year.

The Net Position of business-type activities was \$8,640,898, an increase of \$1,179,153 from FY 2015. Operating revenues exceeded operating expenses including depreciation by \$1,292,809. Water and Sewer revenues were lower than expected due to a 2.2% decline in billed water consumption resulting from wetter weather conditions. The cost of water from the City of Chicago was also lower because of the drop in water consumption. Rates were increased in May 2015 to fund operating costs and capital improvements including the Northside Stormwater Management Project (NSMP). Design engineering costs for the project were funded using cash reserves. The NSMP Phase 0 was financed with a bank loan and Phase 1 was funded with an IEPA Loan. The overall net position increased due to revenues from the higher water and sewer rates and lower operating costs. The Net Investment in Capital Assets increased \$452,073 due to current year debt

payments and capital purchases funded with reserves less current year depreciation. The unrestricted net position increased by \$727,080 due to the current year positive change in net position resulting from operations. The unrestricted net position may be used to fund infrastructure improvements and operating costs in the future. The increase was partially offset by the net IMRF pension liability recorded in Fiscal Year 2016 due to the implementation of GASB 68 (\$102,970).

The Deferred Outflows, Deferred Inflows and Liabilities associated with the Village's pension plans included in the Village's Statement of Net Position in Fiscal Year 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities			
		2016	2015	Inc (Dec)		2016		2015	Inc (Dec)
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Pension Contributions made after									
Measurement Date	\$	58,254		58,254		25,813	\$		25,813
Changes in Assumptions		3,293,788		3,293,788		2,468			2,468
Expected vs. Actual Experience		86,797		86,797		26,955			26,955
Projected vs. Actual Investment Earnings		3,265,536		3,265,536		140,280			140,280
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	6,704,375	-	6,704,375	1	195,516	٢	-	195,516
Liabilities									
Long-Term Liabilities									
Net Pension Obligation	\$		402,886	(402,886)				86,760	(86,760)
Net Pension Liability		38,829,010		38,829,010		385,246			385,246
Total Liabilities	\$	38,829,010	402,886	38,426,124		385,246		86,760	298,486
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Expected vs. Actual Experience	\$	593,292		593,292					
Impact on Unrestricted Net Position	\$	(32,717,927)	(402,886)	(32,315,041)		(189,730)		(86,760)	(102,970)

Impact of the Pension Liabilities on Net Position April 30, 2016 and April 30, 2015

The Net Pension Liability is the unfunded pension liability that is calculated by an actuary and is the Village's Total Pension Liability for Police, Firefighters and IMRF plans, less each plan's Fiduciary Net Position or the amount available to fund the liability. Deferred inflows and outflows of resources are also recorded because some of the changes to the Total Pension Liability are recognized over time rather than in the current year. Deferred inflows are increases to net position that will be recognized in future years. Deferred outflows will decrease net position in future years. Following are the types of deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Net Position and the time over which the item is recognized:

Deferred Inflow/Outflow	Description	Recognition Period
Actuarial Experience	The difference between the expected and actual actuarial experience due to demographic or economic experience.	Amortized over the average of the expected service lives of all active and inactive participants.
Changes in Assumptions	The impact on the Net Pension Liability due to a change in economic or demographic actuarial assumptions.	Amortized over the average of the expected service lives of all active and inactive participants.
Asset Experience	The difference between the expected and actual earnings on investments.	Amortized over 5 years.
Employer Contributions	Employer contributions after the measurement date.	Recognized in the subsequent year.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 4,010,072	3,901,629	4,569,701	4,069,829	8,579,773	7,971,458
Operating Grants	347,607	411,436			347,607	411,436
Capital Grants	316,519	248,497			316,519	248,497
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	6,396,586	6,288,974			6,396,586	6,288,974
Other Taxes	2,125,126	2,224,364			2,125,126	2,224,364
Intergovernmental	3,518,472	3,398,253			3,518,472	3,398,253
Other Rev and Transfers	356,678	300,644	27,371	(9,482)	384,049	291,162
Total Revenues	17,071,060	16,773,797	4,597,072	4,060,347	21,668,132	20,834,144
Expenses						
General Government	2,460,334	2,287,249			2,460,334	2,287,249
Development	557,136	470,447			557,136	470,447
Public Safety	11,474,585	9,426,332			11,474,585	9,426,332
Public Works	1,445,697	1,604,904			1,445,697	1,604,904
Highways and Streets	1,371,856	488,021			1,371,856	488,021
Sanitation	1,032,181	947,658			1,032,181	947,658
Interest	9,811	16,724			9,811	16,724
Water and Sewer			3,686,563	3,340,341	3,686,563	3,340,341
Total Expenses	18,351,600	15,241,335	3,686,563	3,340,341	22,038,163	18,581,676
Transfers	(382,300)		382,300			
Inc (Dec) Net Position	(1,662,840)	1,532,462	1,292,809	720,006	(370,031)	2,252,468
Net Position, May 1	32,159,933	30,627,471	7,461,745	6,741,739	39,621,678	37,369,210
Restatement (Note 16)	(30,501,499)		(113,656)	·	(30,615,155)	
Net Position (Deficit), April 30	\$ (4,406)	32,159,933	8,640,898	7,461,745	8,636,492	39,621,678

Village or River Forest, Illinois Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended April 30, 2016 and April 30, 2015

Governmental Activities

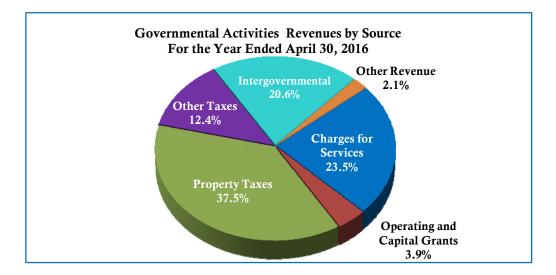
Governmental activities, and the restatement required due to the implementation of GASB 68, decreased the Village's net position by \$1,662,840 and \$30,501,499, respectively. Key elements contributing to the decrease in net position due to current year activities are as follows:

Revenues

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$17,071,060, an increase of \$297,263. Property taxes continue to be the Village's largest revenue source totaling \$6,396,586 and representing 37.5% of total governmental activities revenue. Other Taxes, including, utility, non-home rule sales and transfer taxes totaled \$2,125,126 or 12.4%. Intergovernmental revenues including State sales tax, income tax and other intergovernmental revenues, totaled \$3,518,472 or 20.6% of the total governmental activities revenues from the automated traffic signal enforcement fines and sanitation services.

Property tax revenues were up \$107,612 or 1.7% in Fiscal Year 2016. Revenues include collections from the 2014 and 2015 Property Tax Levies. The 2015 Property Tax Levy was 1.64% higher than the 2014 levy. The increase in the levy is due to the increase in the Consumer Price Index from December 2013 through December 2014 of 0.8%, plus an additional amount for new property. Approximately half of the 2014 and

2015 Property Tax Levies, plus collections from prior years, were received during FY 2016. The increase in revenues was slightly higher because of the timing of actual payments from the two levies.



Sales Tax revenues remained stable and State Use Tax revenue increased because Amazon began assessing the tax on purchases in the State beginning in February of 2015. In the prior year, a new food establishment opened, which also provided an increase in restaurant tax revenue. Unfortunately, the restaurant and a retail clothing store in the River Forest Town Center closed at the end of the fiscal year. A replacement for the retail vacancy has already been identified. Utility taxes are significantly lower because of milder winter weather conditions resulting in a reduction in consumption. Real Estate Transfer Taxes are higher due to an increase in residential homes sales activity.

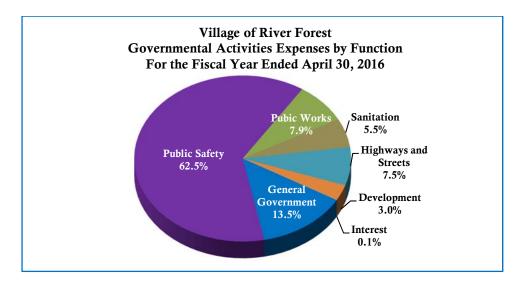
Building permit revenue was higher due to an increase in residential and commercial improvements. Income tax revenue, distributed by the State, was also higher. Revenues from automated traffic signal enforcement fines increased as a result of an increase in the number of violations partially stemming from the activation of a second camera. Garbage collection charges are higher due to a 4% increase in the cost of sanitation services that is passed on to the customers. Investment income was higher in 2016 because an investment loss had been recognized in 2015.

	Fiscal Year		Increase	% Increase
	2016	2015	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
State Sales Tax	\$ 1,852,443	1,855,258	(2,815)	-0.2%
Non-Home Rule Sales Tax	885,574	871,224	14,350	1.6%
Utility Taxes	559,018	657,968	(98,950)	-15.0%
Restaurant Tax	172,387	151,361	21,026	13.9%
Income Tax	1,190,627	1,094,125	96,502	8.8%
Building Permits	471,698	442,394	29,304	6.6%
Garbage Collection Charges	947,369	895,892	51,477	5.7%

Changes in Select Governmental Activities Revenues For the Fiscal Years Ended April 30, 2016 and April 30, 2015

Expenses

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, expenses from governmental activities totaled \$18,351,600, an increase of \$3,110,265 from Fiscal Year 2015. This significant increase in expenses caused the decrease in Net Position and was primarily due to the Pension Expense recognized in the statement as required by GASB 68. General Government includes Administration and Finance, Emergency 911, and Legal. Development includes the Building Division and Economic Development Fund expenses. The significant jump in expenses is primarily due to the increase in pension expenses due to the implementation of GASB 68. In addition, employee salaries increased as reflected in the collective bargaining agreements and information technology costs were higher due to hardware, software and security enhancements.



Public Works expenses decreased because tree maintenance costs were elevated in the prior year due to a large number of tree removals and replacements in an effort to combat the Emerald Ash Borer infestation. Highways and Streets expenses were higher due to the installation of energy efficient LED street lights, an expanded street resurfacing program, and Madison Street streetscape improvements which included new sidewalks, pedestrian lighting, planter boxes and benches. Development expenses include economic development incentives resulting from new retailers that opened in the River Forest Town Center. The chart below shows the governmental activities GASB 68 pension expense reflected in the Statement of Activities by plan:

Governmental Activities GASB 68 Pension Expense by Pension Plan April 30, 2016

IMRF IMRF/SLEP		Police Pension	Firefighters Pension	Total
\$ 133,929	(4,332)	2,267,841	1,666,058	4,063,496

In the prior fiscal year, the employer pension contributions plus the change in the Net Pension Obligation was recorded in the Statement of Activities. The pension expense is now recorded which is the difference between the Net Pension Liability, and Deferred Inflows and Outflows from the prior to the current year. Pension expense includes the current year service cost, interest on the Total Pension Liability, administrative expenses, less projected investment earnings, current employee contributions and the impact of any changes in plan benefits. Pension expense is adjusted by current year recognition of any deferred inflows or outflows due to differences between projected and actual investment earnings and changes to the Total Pension Liability due to revised actuarial assumptions or unexpected actuarial experience.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$1,179,153 to \$8,640,898.

Revenues

Water and sewer sales increased \$499,872 to \$4,569,701 in Fiscal Year 2016 due to a 13.6% overall rate increase effective May 1, 2015, to cover higher operating expenses and capital improvements including the Northside Stormwater Management Project (NSMP). Rates were also increased in January of 2015 to offset a 15% increase in the cost of water by the City of Chicago. The City did not raise rates during Fiscal Year 2016. The overall sales revenue increase was lower than expected due to a decline in billed water consumption due to wetter weather conditions.

Expenses

Expenses from business-type activities increased \$346,222 or 10.4% to \$3,686,563. This is due to increases in salaries, information technology improvements, the January 1, 2015 increase in the cost of water from the City of Chicago and interest expenses associated with bank loan and IEPA loan for the NSMP. Capitalized expenses include Phase 1 construction costs for the NSMP. The pension expense for the business-type activities was \$67,243. Employees in the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund are all covered by the IMRF Plan.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village of River Forest uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, or by the Village itself.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$17,263,561 (as presented on pages 24-27), an increase of \$285,391 from the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$6,398,258 is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is not in spendable form (\$2,322,885), legally required to remain intact (\$3,522,426) or committed by the Village for a particular purpose (\$5,019,992).

General Fund

The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The 2016 unassigned fund balance for Village's General Fund increased by \$304,947 to \$6,398,258. The total fund balance increased by \$478,335 to \$9,361,810. This increase is because of higher than budgeted revenues including income tax, use tax, building permit, ambulance fees, and lower than anticipated expenditures substantially due to lower contributions to the public safety pensions due to the timing of property tax payments. The budget reflects the 2015 Property Tax Levy amount. In Fiscal Year 2016 approximately 50% of the 2014 Property Tax Levy and 50% of the 2015 Levy is recognized as revenue.

General Government expenditures are higher due to salary increases, an additional part-time employee, an increase in information technology expenditures to improve security and performance. Liability insurance costs were lower than expected. Emergency 911 costs were higher due to information technology costs associated with a new computer aided dispatch system. Building and Development had higher salary and

benefit costs. Overall Police and Fire Department expenditures are higher. Salaries include increases provided for in the collective bargaining agreement. Public Safety pension contributions were increased per the new Pension Funding Polices for the funds approved by the Village Board and the respective pension boards. Fire Personal Services include one-time sick leave payment due to employee retirements. Public Works expenditures are lower. Snow and ice control costs reflected a milder winter. Tree maintenance costs declined due to the prior year emphasis on the Emerald Ash Borer infestation. Regular salaries increased due to contractual pay raises but overtime was lower than the prior year due to the reduced amount of snow fall during the winter.

The nonspendable portion of fund balance increased \$168,559 primarily due to an increase in the deposit with IRMA, the Village's public entity risk pool. The restricted fund balance decreased by \$387,962 due to economic development incentive payments and street maintenance expenditures with restricted funds. According to the Village's financial policy, the General Fund unassigned fund balance, plus the amount restricted for working cash, should be maintained at a minimum of 25% of the General Fund total budgeted subsequent year expenditures to adequately cover unanticipated expenditures, revenue shortfalls or cover negative cash flows due to the timing of property tax receipts. At April 30, 2016, this amount is \$6,933,290 or 44.8% of Fiscal Year 2017 budgeted General Fund expenditures.

Other Major Governmental Funds

The Capital Equipment Replacement Fund (CERF) is used to accumulate resources for the purchase of Village vehicles, equipment, and improvements. The fund balance in CERF increased \$68,316 during the fiscal year to \$3,702,922 because revenues and other financing sources exceeded actual expenditures. Purchases included Police and Public Works vehicles and Fire equipment.

Proprietary Fund

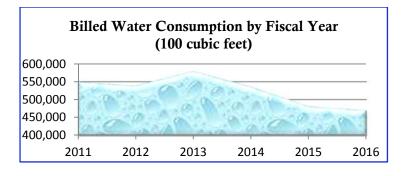
At April 30, 2016 the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund (as presented on pages 28-30) total net position increased by \$1,179,153 to \$8,640,898. Operating revenues exceeded operating expenses including depreciation.

	Fiscal	Year	Increase	% Increase
	2016	2015	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Operating Revenues	\$ 4,569,701	4,069,829	499,872	12.3%
Operating Expenses	3,515,540	3,306,419	209,121	6.3%
Operating Income	1,054,161	763,410	290,751	38.1%
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	238,648	(43,404)	282,052	-649.8%
Change in Net Position	1,292,809	720,006	572,803	79.6%
Net Position				
Beginning	7,461,745	6,741,739	720,006	10.7%
Restatement	(113,656)		(113,656)	
Ending	\$ 8,640,898	7,461,745	1,179,153	15.8%

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Position

VILLAGE OF RIVER FOREST ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Although billed water consumption declined during the year, Water and Sewer Sales increased because water and sewer rates were raised. The overall rates were raised 13.6% on May 1, 2015 to cover increases in operating costs and capital improvements including the Northside Stormwater Management Project, and 4.8% in January 1, 2015 to offset the 15% increase in the rate charged for water by the City of Chicago. The decrease in consumption was primarily due to cooler and wetter weather conditions.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund actual revenues were \$303,360 more than the final budgeted amount. The overage is due to higher than expected income tax, use tax, building permit, ambulance fees, and the net change in the IRMA deposit (\$87,514). These increases were offset by lower than expected utility tax payments due to the milder weather conditions and reduced fine revenue.

Actual expenditures were \$174,335 less than budgeted expenditures. This was due to lower than expected salary expenditures due to position vacancies, reduced cost for snow removal due to weather conditions, and lower than expected health insurance costs and public safety pension contributions. Sanitation costs were higher due to a 4% increase in the new contract with the service provider. This cost increase is passed along to customers. Street light maintenance costs were higher due to damage to underground cables and other infrastructure during the NSMP.

The General Fund budget was amended during the fiscal year to add a \$382,300 Transfer to the Water and Sewer Fund to pay down the Community Bank Loan using proceeds from the 2016 General Obligation Limited Bonds. Excess budgeted funds were transferred from police salaries, public works consulting, snow and ice control and street maintenance to cover additional costs for consulting, information technology, police and fire testing and building salaries and benefits.

	2016 Original Budget	2016 Final Budget	2016 Actual	Final vs. Actual Over (Under)
Revenues	\$ 14,907,364	14,907,364	15,210,724	303,360
Expenditures	14,445,177	14,445,177	14,270,842	(174,335)
Excess of Revenues over				
Expenditures	462,187	462,187	939,882	477,695
Other Financing Uses	(459,547)	(459,547)	(461,547)	(2,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,640	2,640	478,335	475,695

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets net of depreciation for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2016, amounts to \$39,653,213. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$13,635,144.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- ➡ The replacement of four Police Department vehicles.
- The purchase of a monitor/defibrillator in the Fire Department.
- The replacement of sewer televising equipment in the Water and Sewer fund and the purchase of a Ford Cargo Van.
- Public Works purchased a skid steer loader, a chipper truck, and a pick-up truck with a snowplow.
- ➡ The construction of three green alleys.
- The Northside Stormwater Management Project (NSMP) was completed during FY 2016. The project provided separate stormwater and sanitary sewer services on the north side of the community.
- ▶ Watermains on Keystone, Lathrop, Monroe, and Park Avenues were replaced as part of the NSMP.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Govern Activi		Business Activi		Tot	al
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land and Right of Way	\$ 4,965,950	4,965,950	500	500	4,966,450	4,966,450
Buildings	3,140,104	3,240,424	211,060	221,693	3,351,164	3,462,117
Water Distribution and						
Sewer Systems			19,932,615	3,757,589	19,932,615	3,757,589
Vehicles and Equipment	1,970,358	2,036,376	398,283	369,462	2,368,641	2,405,838
Infrastructure	7,472,633	7,156,545	1,561,710	1,605,676	9,034,343	8,762,221
Construction in						
Progress		310,962		2,352,892		2,663,854
	\$ 17,549,045	17,710,257	22,104,168	8,307,812	39,653,213	26,018,069

The governmental activities net capital assets decreased from last year by \$161,212, resulting from the increase in assets due to the alley improvements and the purchase of the vehicles and equipment, and the decrease due to the sale of replaced vehicles and depreciation.

VILLAGE OF RIVER FOREST ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The net increase in the business-type activities of \$13,796,356 is primarily due to construction costs associated with the Northside Stormwater Management Project (NSMP) and the watermain replacements less

depreciation. The NSMP was a phased project that created a separate stormwater sewer line on the north side of the Village. The Village previously had combined sanitary and stormwater sewers lines on the north side. The former combined lines are now used as the sanitary sewer. Phase 0 was carved out and initiated earlier due to planned street closures on Thatcher Avenue by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Phase 1 included the installation of a largediameter storm sewer on Keystone and Greenfield from Thatcher to Harlem Avenue as well as storm sewers on all remaining streets south of Greenfield. The project also included some water main and sanitary sewer installations due to conflicts with the new infrastructure. Phase I was completed during FY 2016. Detailed information on the current fiscal year changes in the Village's capital assets is provided in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*, Note 5 starting on page 43.



Long-Term Debt

The table below provides a comparison of governmental and business-type long-term debt for fiscal years 2016 and 2015. The Village increased its general obligation debt by \$22,300 in Fiscal Year 2016. Principal payments totaled \$360,000. In addition, the Village issued \$382,300 in 2016 General Obligation Limited Bonds during the fiscal year. The proceeds of these bonds were used to pay down the Community Bank Loan used to finance Phase 0 of the NSMP. The bonds are being paid via property tax revenues. The Net Pension Obligations were eliminated and the Net Pension Liability was recorded due to the implementation of GASB 68. Business-Type Activities debt increased by \$13,654,666 primarily due to an increase IEPA loan amount which was used to finance Phase 1 of the Northside Stormwater Management Project. The project was completed during the fiscal year and the IEPA Loan proceeds are disbursed as construction is completed. The final amount of the loan is \$14,699,420.

Long-Term Debt

		ernmental ctivities	Business Activi	V I	Tota	1
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 482,30	305,000	495,000	650,000	977,300	955,000
IEPA Loan			14,699,420	763,616	14,699,420	763,616
Bank Loan			150,361	586,882	150,361	586,882
Compensated Absences	549,76	677,538	33,531	27,459	583,299	704,997
Net Pension Obligations -						
IMRF		162,510		86,760		249,270
Net Pension Obligations -						
Police and Fire Pensions		240,376				240,376
Net Pension Liability	38,829,01	0	385,246		39,214,256	
Other Post-Employment						
Benefits	1,542,02	1,335,362	39,138	33,313	1,581,158	1,368,675
	\$ 41,403,09	2,720,786	15,802,696	2,148,030	57,205,794	4,868,816

The outstanding general obligation debt consists of bonds issued for improvements to the River Forest Public Library (\$100,000) and the bonds issued to pay down the loan used for Phase 0 of the NSMP (\$382,300). The Village is responsible for levying taxes to pay for the debt. In addition, the Village issued \$1,355,000 in general obligation debt in 2008 for water system improvements. These debt payments are intended to be paid with water and sewer system revenues. The IEPA loan and balance of the Community Bank loan payments are to be funded via the sewer rate. As an Illinois non-home rule community, the Village is subject to debt

VILLAGE OF RIVER FOREST ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

limitation. The Village maintained an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service and its Standard and Poor's rating was upgraded to AAA from AA+ in August of 2014.

Compensated Absences Payable is the amount of accrued vacation and sick leave time that is payable to employees at the end of the fiscal year. The Village Policies limit the amount of leave that can be carried over from year to year and employees are encouraged to use all of their vacation leave. Compensated absences decreased because of retirement payouts during the fiscal year.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation is the amount of actuarially calculated contributions that the Village did not make to fund the retiree health insurance benefits that the Village currently provides. This is a single employer defined-benefit plan (Plan) and it is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Funding is reported in the Village's General Fund and Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. During the fiscal year 2014, the Village instituted changes to the benefits and plans offered to employees in an effort to reduce the overall OPEB liability. Net Pension Obligation – IMRF, Police and Fire Pensions is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined contributions to the pension and the actual contributions made.

Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, on page 45, provide more detailed information on the Village's long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Village seems to have weathered the world-wide recession and economic conditions within the Village have stabilized. Sales tax revenues have remained steady. The Village attracted some new businesses during



the prior fiscal year in the River Forest Town Center and on North Avenue. The Town Center experienced a couple of vacancies during the year but the larger vacant space has been filled and is operational. The neighborhoods have remained attractive and vibrant and residential construction and improvements have continued. Construction is underway on a new luxury town home development on Madison Street at the former Hines Lumber site. Hines Lumber closed in 2009. The

Village Board is also reviewing options for a combination residential and commercial development at Lake Street and Lathrop Avenue.

Economic development has been a major focus of the Village and an Economic Development Committee was formed to provide the board with insight and advice regarding economic development opportunities. The board approved two business districts along Lake Street to assist with commercial development along the corridor. In addition, two new Tax Increment Financing Districts are also being evaluated, one on North Avenue and another on Madison Street. Both are major corridors and border the Village's north and south sides. Funds have been set aside for future development at Lake and Lathrop and in the Village Town Center

at Lake and Harlem. The Village entered into an agreement with the property manager at the Village Town Center to incent the opening of two new businesses. This agreement was recently revised due to a change in tenants. Fresh Thyme Farmers Market will be filling the vacancy that was left when the Dominick's grocery store on North Avenue closed in 2013. There has been some delay in construction due to unexpected structural issues; however, building improvements are underway and the store is expected to open in 2017.



The Village is an affluent community whose composition is primarily residential with a smaller commercial component. The property tax revenue derived from the residential and commercial properties is exceedingly



stable. The 2010 census found that \$156,835 was the median income of families living in the Village. In addition, the median value of residential property was \$618,200. The Fiscal Year 2017 budget proposes a General Fund property tax increase of \$60,437 which includes the second installment of the 2015 Property Tax levy. This levy includes a 0.8% December 2013 to December 2014 increase in the Consumer Price Index. The 2016 property tax levy will include a 0.7% increase in the Consumer Price index. The first installment will be collected in the spring of Fiscal Year 2017.

A Citizens Advisory Committee on Finance was formed late in 2009 to review the Village's General Fund revenues and expenditures and to make recommendations to ensure the financial sustainability of the fund. The review completed by the committee made it clear that additional revenue enhancements or service reductions would be necessary in the future. The Village was instrumental in causing a change to the State Statute that allows non-home rule municipalities to adopt up to a 1% non-home rule sales tax to be used for any General Fund purpose. Previously, the law required the tax to be used only to reduce the property tax or for infrastructure improvements. Village voters approved a referendum in November 2010 allowing the Village to institute a 1% non-home rule sales tax. This tax is not assessed on prescription drugs or most groceries and was effective July 1, 2011. Fiscal Year 2013 was the first full year for this new revenue source which added \$784,724 to General Fund revenues. In Fiscal Year 2016 \$885,574 was collected. This continues to be an important revenue source for the Village. Other recommended revenue enhancements and expenditure reductions were also enacted that have greatly improved the financial outlook for the Village. These improvements, along with strong financial management, policies and fund reserves, resulted in an upgrade in the Village bond rating in 2014 from AA+ to AAA by Standard and Poor's in 2014. The Village continues to seek out ways to improve efficiency in operations in an effort to reduce costs and improve services.

The Village increased water and sewer rates 8.7% overall effective May 1, 2016, in order to cover operating expenses and capital improvements including the final costs associated with the Northside Stormwater Management Project (NSMP). Funding for sewer relining and water main replacements is expanded in Fiscal Year 2017. The Village conducted a five-year water and sewer rate study during Fiscal Year 2012 to ensure the sustainability of the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund. Based on this study a rate schedule was developed which would cover operating expenses and allow for 50% funding of future capital improvements via the rate. A new water rate study was initiated in Fiscal Year 2016 and is expected to be finalized shortly. The Village purchases water directly from the City of Chicago and has received positive news that the City will not be raising their water rate in 2016.

Budgeted expenditures include increases due to estimated salary adjustments which will be part of employee collective bargaining agreements. The agreements expired at the end of Fiscal Year 2016 and only a new Police agreement has been approved to date. Negotiations continue with the fire and public works unions. Employee health insurance and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund contributions are also expected to moderately increase. The Fiscal Year 2017 General Fund budget includes increases to the Village's contribution to the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds of 10.4% and 9.9%, respectively. During Fiscal Years 2014 and 2015, the Village and Police and Firefighters' Pension Boards participated in a joint process to develop written Pension Funding Policies for both funds. The goal was to identify an optimum funding policy and to develop a strategy for reaching that funding level. Both the Village and the pension boards approved the resulting policies during Fiscal Year 2015. The Village will utilize a five-year transition plan to reach the optimum funding policy beginning with the amounts budgeted in FY 2015. The contributions will increase about ten percent through Fiscal Year 2018 after which increase are expected to drop.

A new Capital Improvement Fund was created in Fiscal Year 2014. Beginning with Fiscal Year 2015, automated traffic signal enforcement fine revenues are being deposited in this fund which is used for infrastructure and building improvements including alleys, parking lots, and the Madison Avenue Streetscape Improvement Project. In prior years these projects were funded with General Fund reserves. Public works garage improvements (\$465,000) and alley replacements (\$230,000) are planned in Fiscal Year 2017. In addition, a commuter parking lot used for daily parking is to be reconstructed using permeable pavers with parking lot reserves that are accumulated in the fund. Daily and permit parking fees contribute to the reserve as required by Village ordinance.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Joan Rock, Finance Director, Village of River Forest, 400 Park Avenue, River Forest, IL 60305 or at <u>irock@vrf.us</u>.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,554,147	1,231,155	7,785,302
Investments	7,470,638	148,800	7,619,438
Receivables	7,170,050	110,000	7,019,150
Taxes	3,258,091		3,258,091
Accounts	1,649	887,104	888,753
Intergovernmental	1,534,846	533,810	2,068,656
Other	600,018	,	600,018
Internal Balances	(188,853)	188,853	,
Prepaid Items	241,470	46,416	287,886
Deposit - Public Entity Risk Pool	2,071,083	10,077	2,081,160
Inventory	10,332	- ,	10,332
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,965,950	500	4,966,450
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated	, ,		, ,
Depreciation	12,583,095	22,103,668	34,686,763
Total Assets	39,102,466	25,150,383	64,252,849
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	6,704,375	195,516	6,899,891
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	489,695	790,340	1,280,035
Accrued Interest	2,465	770,510	2,465
Deposits Payable	2,103	111,965	111,965
Due to Fiduciary Funds	14,389	111,905	14,389
Other Payables	103,492		103,492
Noncurrent Liabilities	100,172		100,172
Due Within One Year	349,434	735,355	1,084,789
Due in More Than One Year	41,053,664	15,067,341	56,121,005
Total Liabilities	42,013,139	16,705,001	58,718,140
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Property Taxes	3,204,816		3,204,816
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	593,292		593,292
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,798,108	-	3,798,108
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	17,549,045	6,759,387	24,308,432
Restricted for Working Cash	535,032		535,032
Restricted for Public Safety	105,635		105,635
Restricted for Economic Development	2,100,068		2,100,068
Restricted for Road Construction	608,881		608,881
Restricted for Debt Service	172,810		172,810
Restricted for Grant Programs	-	31,044	31,044
Unrestricted	(21,075,877)	1,850,467	(19,225,410)
Total Net (Deficit) Position	\$ (4,406)	8,640,898	8,636,492

Statement of Activities

Year Ended April 30, 2016

			Program Revenues	
		Charges for	Operating	Capital
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Grants	Grants
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 2,460,334	1,462,240	61,840	
Development	557,136	7 - 7 -	- /	
Public Safety	11,474,585	1,600,463		316,51
Public Works	1,445,697	, ,		,
Highways and Streets	1,371,856		285,767	
Sanitation	1,032,181	947,369		
Interest	9,811			
Total Governmental Activities	18,351,600	4,010,072	347,607	316,51
Business-type Activities				
Waterworks and Sewerage	3,686,563	4,569,701		
	\$ 22,038,163	8,579,773	347,607	316,51
		General Revenues		
		Taxes		
		Property Taxes		
		Non-Home Rule	Sales Taxes	
		Utility Taxes		
		Communication '	Taxes	
		Other Taxes		
		Intergovernmental		
		Intergovernmenta	al - Sales Taxes	
			al - Income Taxes	
		Intergovernmenta		
		Miscellaneous Inco		
		Investment Income		
		Transfers		
		Total General	Revenues	

Change in Net Position

Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported

Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)

Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated

Ending

Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
(936,254)		(936,254
(557,136)		(557,136
(9,557,603)		(9,557,603
(1,445,697)		(1,445,697
(1,086,089)		(1,086,089
(84,812)		(84,812
(9,811)		(9,811
(13,677,402)	-	(13,677,402
	883,138	883,138
(13,677,402)	883,138	(12,794,264
6,396,586 885,574		6,396,586 885,574
559,018		559,018
342,467		342,467
338,067		338,067
1,852,443		1,852,443
1,190,627		1,190,627
475,402		475,402
268,703	25,309	294,012
87,975	2,062	90,037
(382,300)	382,300	
12,014,562	409,671	12,424,233
(1,662,840)	1,292,809	(370,031
32,159,933	7,461,745	39,621,678
(30,501,499)	(113,656)	(30,615,155
1,658,434	7,348,089	9,006,523
(4,406)	8,640,898	8,636,492

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

April 30, 2016

	General	Capital Equipment Replacement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,926,298	1,173,073	3,454,776	6,554,147
Investments	4,160,013	2,726,575	584,050	7,470,638
Receivables	, ,	, ,	,	
Taxes	3,136,271		121,820	3,258,091
Accounts			1,649	1,649
Intergovernmental	1,000,511		502,893	1,503,404
Refuse	212,837			212,837
Interest	14,086	4,092	7,103	25,281
Other	203,435	5,000	178,746	387,181
Due from Component Unit	6,161			6,161
Prepaid Items	241,470			241,470
Deposit - Public Entity Risk Pool	2,071,083			2,071,083
Inventory	10,332			10,332
Total Assets	\$ 12,982,497	3,908,740	4,851,037	21,742,274
Liabilities				
	\$ 419,810	16,965	52,920	489,695
Accounts Payable Due to Component Unit	³ 419,810 2,213	10,905	52,920	2,213
Due to Fiduciary Funds	14,389			14,389
Advances from Other Funds	14,509	188,853		188,853
Other Payables	101,279	100,055		101,279
Total Liabilities	·	205 818	52.020	
Total Liabilities	537,691	205,818	52,920	796,429
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Property Taxes	3,082,996		121,820	3,204,816
Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues	, ,		477,468	477,468
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,082,996	_	599,288	3,682,284
Total Defended Inflows of Resources	5,082,990	-	599,200	3,082,284
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid Items	241,470			241,470
Deposit - Public Entity Risk Pool	2,071,083			2,071,083
Inventory	10,332			10,332
Restricted				
Working Cash	535,032			535,032
Public Safety	105,635			105,635
Economic Development			2,100,068	2,100,068
Road Construction			608,881	608,881
Debt Service			172,810	172,810
Committed				
Parking		2 702 022	752,404	752,404
Capital Improvements	6 000 050	3,702,922	564,666	4,267,588
Unassigned	6,398,258			6,398,258
Total Fund Balances	9,361,810	3,702,922	4,198,829	17,263,561
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 12,982,497	3,908,740	4,851,037	21,742,274

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$17,	,263,561
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		17,	,549,045
Some of the intergovernmental revenue will be collected after year end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current periods expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.			477,468
Deferred Outflows of Resources, Pension Related		6,	,704,375
Deferred Inflows of Resources, Pension Related		((593,292)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
General Obligation Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Post-Employment Benefits Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Liabilities	(482,300) (2,465) (1,542,020) (549,768) (38,829,010)	(41,	,405,563)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(4,406)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2016

	General	Capital Equipment Replacement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 8,281,010		240,702	8,521,712
Intergovernmental	3,579,247	10,718	312,364	3,902,329
Licenses and Permits	1,117,850			1,117,850
Charges for Services	1,638,575		63,628	1,702,203
Fines and Forfeits	280,957		909,062	1,190,019
Investment Income	49,381	25,542	13,052	87,975
Miscellaneous	263,704	4,999		268,703
Total Revenues	15,210,724	41,259	1,538,808	16,790,791
Expenditures Current				
General Government	2,288,895		12,000	2,300,895
Public Safety	9,173,978			9,173,978
Public Works	1,414,672			1,414,672
Highways and Streets			513,450	513,450
Sanitation	1,032,181			1,032,181
Development	361,116			361,116
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement			205,000	205,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges			12,253	12,253
Capital Outlay		471,322	1,057,365	1,528,687
Total Expenditures	14,270,842	471,322	1,800,068	16,542,232
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	939,882	(430,063)	(261,260)	248,559
over Expenditures	939,882	(430,003)	(201,200)	248,339
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In		461,547		461,547
Transfers Out	(843,847)	,		(843,847)
Bond Proceeds	382,300			382,300
Sale of Capital Assets	,	36,832		36,832
Total Other Financing		,		· · · · ·
Sources (Uses)	(461,547)	498,379	-	36,832
Net Change in Fund Balances	478,335	68,316	(261,260)	285,391
Fund Balances				
Beginning	8,883,475	3,634,606	4,460,089	16,978,170
Ending	\$ 9,361,810	3,702,922	4,198,829	17,263,561

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended April 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$	285,391
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. These activities consist of:		
Capital Outlay509,332Depreciation Expense(610,715)		(101,383)
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets while the		(101,505)
governmental activities report gains and losses on sales of capital assets.		
This is the remaining book value of the disposed assets.		(59,829)
The issuance of long-term debt is reported as an other financing source in governmental funds but as an increase of principal outstanding in the Statement of Net Position.		(382,300)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		205,000
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		280,269
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Change in IMRF Net Pension Liability (503,556)		
Change in Fire Net Pension Liability (3,290,902)		
Change in Police Net Pension Liability (4,072,087)		
Change in Deferred Outflows for Pensions 6,704,375		
Change in Deferred Inflows for Pensions (651,372)		
Change in Other Post-Employment Benefits Payable (206,658)		
Change in Compensated Absences Payable 127,770		(1 000 420)
Interest on long-term debt is shown as a fund expenditure when paid,		(1,892,430)
but is accrued in the Statement of Activities.		2,442
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(1,662,840)
	Ŷ	(-,002,010)

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund

April 30, 2016

Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,231,155
Accounts Receivable	887,104
Intergovernmental Receivable	533,810
Investments	148,800
Prepaid Items	46,416
Deposit - Public Entity Risk Pool	10,077
Total Current Assets	2,857,362
Noncurrent Assets	
Advances to Other Funds	188,853
Capital Assets, Net of	
Accumulated Depreciation	22,104,168
Total Noncurrent Assets	22,293,021
Total Assets	25,150,383
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension (IMRF)	195,516
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	790,340
Deposits Payable	111,965
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Current	160,000
Loans Payable - Current	51,846
IEPA Loan Payable	516,803
Compensated Absences - Current	6,706
Total Current Liabilities	1,637,660
Noncurrent Liabilities	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	335,000
Loans Payable	98,515
IEPA Loan Payable	14,182,617
Compensated Absences	26,825
Other Post-Employment Benefits Payable	39,138
Net Pension Liability	385,246
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	15,067,341
	16 705 001
Total Liabilities	16,705,001
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,759,387
Restricted for Grant Programs	31,044
Unrestricted Net Position	1,850,467
Total Net Position	\$ 8,640,898

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2016

Loss on Disposal of Property(8,192)Transfers In382,300Miscellaneous25,309Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)238,648Change in Net Position1,292,809Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported7,461,745	Operating Revenues Charges for Services Water Sales Sewer Charges Sales of Meters Total Operating Revenues	\$ 2,870,319 1,696,090 3,292 4,569,701
Depreciation170,055Operating Income1,054,161Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Income2,062Interest Expense(162,831)Loss on Disposal of Property(8,192)Transfers In382,300Miscellaneous25,309Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)238,648Change in Net Position1,292,809Net Position7,461,745Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)7,461,745	Personal Services Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay	547,847 1,621,643 244,520
Operating Income1,054,161Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Income2,062Interest Expense(162,831)Loss on Disposal of Property(8,192)Transfers In382,300Miscellaneous25,309Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)238,648Change in Net Position1,292,809Net Position7,461,745Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)7,461,745	Operating Income Before Depreciation	1,224,216
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)2,062Investment Income2,062Interest Expense(162,831)Loss on Disposal of Property(8,192)Transfers In382,300Miscellaneous25,309Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)238,648Change in Net Position1,292,809Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)7,461,745 (113,656)	Depreciation	170,055
Investment Income2,062Interest Expense(162,831)Loss on Disposal of Property(8,192)Transfers In382,300Miscellaneous25,309Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)238,648Change in Net Position1,292,809Net Position1,292,809Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)7,461,745 (113,656)	Operating Income	1,054,161
Net Position7,461,745Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported7,461,745Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)(113,656)	Investment Income Interest Expense Loss on Disposal of Property Transfers In Miscellaneous	(162,831) (8,192) 382,300 25,309
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported7,461,745Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16)(113,656)	Change in Net Position	1,292,809
Ending \$ 8,640,898	Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported Restatement for Adoption of GASB 68 (Note 16) Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	(113,656) 7,348,089

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2016

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 4,756,386
Payments to Suppliers	(2,677,019)
Payments to Employees	(734,748)
r dyments to Employees	1,344,619
	1,511,012
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Interfund Transfers	382,300
Advances to Other Funds	29,278
	411,578
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Interest Paid	(38,146)
Loan Proceeds	13,935,804
Purchases of Capital Assets	(14,380,736)
Principal Payments on Loans	(436,521)
Principal Payment on General Obligation Bonds	(155,000)
	(1,074,599)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest	2,062
Purchase of Investments	(148,800)
	(146,738)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	534,860
Cash and Cash Equivalents	606 205
Beginning of Year	696,295
End of Year	\$ 1,231,155
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$ 1,054,161
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	170,055
Miscellaneous Revenues	25,309
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	1.60.000
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	160,829
Increase in Prepaid Items	(231)
Increase in Deferred Outflows	(195,516)
Increase in Accounts Payable	(64,719)
Increase in Deposit - Public Entity Risk Pool Increase in Deposits Payable	(5,398) 2,855
Increase in Deposits Payable Increase in Deferred Inflows	2,835 547
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	6,072
Increase in Other Post-Employment Benefits Payable	5,825
Increase in Net Pension Obligation	184,830
	\$ 1,344,619

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds

April 30, 2016

	Pension Trusts
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,105,039
Investments	
Equities	1,421,055
Corporate Bonds	3,822,047
Municipal Bonds	104,217
U.S. Government Obligations	8,086,222
Mutual Funds	17,808,300
Insurance Company Contracts	1,368,324
Accrued Interest	86,749
Due From Municipality	14,389
Prepaid Expense	12,603
Total Assets	34,828,945
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	26,853
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 34,802,092

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Pension
	Trusts
Additions	
Contributions	
Participant Contributions	\$ 442,274
Employer Contributions	2,077,272
	2,519,546
Investment Income (Loss)	
Net Depreciation in Fair Value	
of Investments	(1,650,050)
Interest and Dividends	714,589
	(935,461)
Less Investment Expense	86,868
Net Investment Loss	(1,022,329)
Total Additions	1,497,217
Deductions	
Benefits	3,442,046
Administrative Expense	112,905
	,
Total Deductions	3,554,951
Change in Net Position	(2,057,734)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
Beginning	36,859,826
Deginning	50,859,820
Ending	\$ 34,802,092
	<i> </i>

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Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of River Forest (Village), as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2016, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Village and any component units. Component units are entities for which the Village is considered to be financially accountable. "Blended" component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Village's operations. Therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. On the other hand, "discretely presented" component units, if any, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Village.

Because of the nature of the relationship of the Village to the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds, the Village has included the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds as blended component units within the Village's financial statements. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds are reported as if they were part of the Village because their sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police and firefighter employees. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds are reported as fiduciary funds, and specifically pension trust funds, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds have not issued a separate Annual Financial Report for the year ended April 30, 2016.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Village does not report any discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported, instead, as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)
 - B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont.)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Individual nonmajor funds are reported in the supplementary information.

C. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three broad categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

The Village has the following fund types:

Governmental Funds are used to account for the Village's general governmental activities. There are four of these types and they use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *General Fund* is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds account for the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies.

Debt Service Funds account for the servicing of general long-term debt not financed by proprietary funds.

Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities are provided to outside parties by the enterprise fund.

The *Enterprise Fund* (Waterworks and Sewerage Fund) is used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Village Board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the government under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary fund, using the same measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The pension trust funds account for the assets and activity of the Village's Police Pension Trust Fund and Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)
 - D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. A 90 day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales and use taxes, utility taxes, income taxes, motor fuel taxes, interest revenue and charges for services revenues associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Equipment Replacement Fund* is a capital projects fund which accounts for financial resources used for the replacement of equipment.

The Village reports the following major and only enterprise fund:

The *Waterworks and Sewerage Fund* accounts for the provision of water services, sewer repair and improvement services to the residents of the Village of River Forest. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *Police Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by police force members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the Village through an annual property tax levy.

The *Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by fire personnel members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the Village through an annual property tax levy.

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)
 - D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Cont.)

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided and operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Village reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources also arise when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the Village has a legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The Village reports deferred inflows of resources on its Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. Deferred inflows of resources arise when resources are received by the Village that represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In subsequent periods, when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred inflows of resources is removed from the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized.

E. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, with the exception of the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund which is budgeted to include principal payments and capitalized assets. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise and pension trust funds. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

F. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date purchased are considered cash equivalents.

G. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

H. Receivables

The recognition of receivables associated with nonexchange transactions is as follows:

- Derived tax receivable (such as sales, income and motor fuel taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange has occurred.
- Imposed nonexchange receivables (such as property taxes and fines) are recognized when an enforceable legal claim has arisen.
- Government mandates or voluntary nonexchange transaction receivable (such as mandates or grants) are recognized when all legal requirements have been met.
- I. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Prepaid items/expenses represent payments made to vendors during the fiscal year for services that will benefit future periods. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (*e.g.*, roads, sidewalks, bridges and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as having a useful life greater than one year with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for vehicles and equipment, \$50,000 for buildings and \$100,000 for infrastructure. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Combined Sewers	75 - 100 years
Buildings	50 - 75 years
Vehicles and Equipment	2 - 25 years
Water Distribution System	75 years
Storm Sewers (Relief)	75 - 100 years
Sanitary Sewers	100 years
Curbs and Gutters	60 years
Streets	60 years
Other Infrastructure	15 - 100 years

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

L. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, as the Village expects employees to use their vacation within one fiscal year; however, they may carry over ten days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds and government-wide statements is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. Vacation leave is only recorded in the governmental fund financial statements when an employee leaves before year end and has not been paid out. No liability is recorded for nonvesting, accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Village reports deferred outflows of resources on its Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village has an item that qualifies for reporting in this category, the deferred outflows related to pensions, which represents pension items that will be recognized as pension expense in future periods.

The Village reports deferred inflows of resources on its Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has three items that qualify for reporting in this category, deferred inflows related to property taxes levied in 2015 but will be collected in future period, intergovernmental revenue that is not available in the fund financial statements and deferred inflows related to pensions which represents pension items that will be recognized as reductions in pension expense in future periods.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Village's Police, Firefighters', IMRF and SLEP pension plans and additions to/deductions from plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)
 - P. Fund Equity

Net Position/Fund Balances

There are five classifications of fund balances of governmental funds:

- (1) Nonspendable amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- (2) Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.
- (3) Committed amounts constrained to specific purpose by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. The Village Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village that can, by adoption of ordinance prior to the end of the year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.
- (4) Assigned amounts the Village intends to use for specific purposes as determined by the Village Board. It is assumed that creation of a fund automatically assigns fund balance.
- (5) Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose. These amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

Net position/fund balance is displayed in the order of the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and the unassigned funds.

Per the Village's financial policy, the General Fund is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance, plus the amount restricted for working cash, of 25% of the total budgeted annual expenditures in the most recently approved annual budget. The Village Board shall determine the disposition of fund balance in excess of this amount.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund, and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Advances to other funds in lender funds and advances from other funds in borrower funds represent long-term borrowings.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

R. Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

In 2016, the Village adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 68, which have as their objectives, improving the usefulness of pension information included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental pension plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. Adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 resulted in a restatement of beginning net position at May 1, 2015, and is described in Note 16. In addition, the Statement changed the requirements for information disclosed in the notes to the financial statements and information required to be presented as required supplementary information.

2. Fund Equity

There were no funds that had a deficit in fund balance as of April 30, 2016.

3. Deposits and Investments

The Village's investment policy is to establish cash management and investment guidelines for the Village officials responsible for the stewardship of public funds. The Village has established specific objectives to meet these guidelines. The Village's investment policy is more restrictive than Illinois State Statutes. The Village is authorized to make deposits in any credit union or bank, as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, and make investments in obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America, certain money market mutual funds, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund and The Illinois Funds.

None of the Village's deposits (carrying value of \$3,481,427 excluding \$1,900 of petty cash) with financial institutions were exposed to custodial credit risk, as those deposits were insured, or fully collateralized by investments held by an independent third party in the Village's name.

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund is an external investment pool developed and implemented in 1975 by the Illinois General Assembly under the jurisdiction of the Treasurer, who has regulatory oversight for the pool. The Fund is not registered with the SEC and has an affirmed AAAm Standard & Poor's credit quality rating. The fair value of the positions of this pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The yield on the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund was .303% at April 30, 2016. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Treasurer, Illinois Funds Administrative Office, 300 W. Jefferson Street, Springfield, Illinois 62702.

The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is not registered with the SEC. The IMET Board provides oversight for IMET. The Board is responsible for policy formulation, as well as policy and administrative oversight. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. IMET offers two separate investment vehicles to public entities. The Village's investments are in the IMET Convenience Fund. The yield on the Fund was 0.56% at April 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

3. Deposits and Investments (Cont.)

In October 2014, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) notified all participants that over \$50 million in loans, which were being held in the Convenience Fund's approximately \$1.8 billion assets, were fraudulent and in default. The forged guarantees on these loans were denied by the USDA. The Village portion of the IMET Convenience Fund that has been impaired is \$138,213. Recovery efforts are ongoing. IMET issues a publicly available financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to IMET, 1220 Oak Brook Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

As of April 30, 2016, the Village has the following investments and maturities.

		Inves	stment Maturi	ties
	Fair	Less Than	1 to 5	More Than
Investment Type	Value	One Year	Years	5 Years
	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.000 554		
IMET	\$ 2,822,754	2,822,754		
Certificates of Deposit	6,753,357	1,983,793	4,769,564	
Municipal Bonds	100,150		100,150	
Federal Farm Credit Bonds	712,795		712,795	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage				
Corporation	26,565			26,565
Government National Mortgage				
Association	26,570			26,570
	\$ 10,442,191	4,806,547	5,582,509	53,135
	Fair			
	Value			
*Illinois Funds	\$ 1,479,222			

*Not subject to interest rate risk categorization.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect fair values of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Village to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated in any Village fund. Maturities of investments of all funds, except the Capital Projects Funds and Working Cash Funds, shall not exceed five years. Maturities of investments of Capital Projects Funds and Working Cash Funds may exceed five years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments in mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of April 30, 2016, the Illinois Funds Money Market was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

3. Deposits and Investments (Cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of April 30, 2016, the Village's deposits with financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk because they were insured and collateralized.

Concentration of Credit Risk

It is the policy of the Village to diversify its investment portfolio. Investments shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting in overconcentration in a security, maturity, issuer or class of securities. The Village accomplishes this through avoiding overconcentration in a specific issuer, business sector or fund, investing in securities with varying maturities and continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds to ensure the appropriate liquidity is maintained.

4. Receivables

Property taxes for 2015 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2015. Taxes are levied by December 2015, by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance for collection in the subsequent calendar year. Tax bills are payable in two installments on or about March 1 and August 1, 2016. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The Village deferred recognition of the second installment of the 2015 property tax levy due to the second installment being intended to fund the next fiscal year's operations.

At April 30, 2016, taxes and intergovernmental receivables consisted of the following:

	Governmen	Governmental Funds	
	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	
Receivables			
Property Taxes	\$ 3,078,909	121,820	
Other Taxes			
Utility Tax	41,601		
Places of Eating Tax	15,761		
Intergovernmental			
Sales Tax	643,839		
Telecom	79,620		
Use Tax	61,765		
Income	177,986		
Replacement	25,064		
Motor Fuel Tax		25,425	
Accounts, Net	12,237	477,468	
	\$ 4,136,782	624,713	

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

5. Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the Village is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,139,497			1,139,497
Right of Ways	3,826,453			3,826,453
Construction in Progress	310,962		310,962	5,020,455
Construction in Progress	5,276,912	-	310,962	4,965,950
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	4,833,404			4,833,404
Vehicles and Equipment	4,091,667	287,690	210,918	4,168,439
Infrastructure	12,104,836	532,604	12,369	12,625,071
	21,029,907	820,294	223,287	21,626,914
Less Accumulated Depreciation For				
Buildings	1,592,980	100,320		1,693,300
Vehicles and Equipment	2,055,291	293,878	151,089	2,198,080
Infrastructure	4,948,291	216,517	12,369	5,152,439
	8,596,562	610,715	163,458	9,043,819
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	12,433,345	209,579	59,829	12,583,095
Conservated Astivities Conital				
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,710,257	209,579	370,791	17,549,045

5. Capital Assets (Cont.)

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities of the Village is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 500			500
Construction in Progress	2,352,892		2,352,892	500
Constituction in Progress	2,353,392	-	2,352,892	500
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	921,217			921,217
Vehicles and Equipment	895,296	98,173	49,250	944,219
Water Distribution System	3,223,416	2,370,293	21,732	5,571,977
Sewer System	3,129,868	13,867,254	13,290	16,983,832
Curbs and Gutters	2,641,730	10,007,201	10,270	2,641,730
	10,811,527	16,335,720	84,272	27,062,975
Less Accumulated Depreciation For				
Buildings	699,524	10,633		710,157
Vehicles and Equipment	525,834	52,934	32,833	545,935
Water Distribution System	1,101,028	36,176	21,732	1,115,472
Sewer System	1,494,667	26,346	13,290	1,507,723
Curbs and Gutters	1,036,054	43,966	,	1,080,020
	4,857,107	170,055	67,855	4,959,307
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	5,954,420	16,165,665	16,417	22,103,668
Business-type Activities, Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 8,307,812	16,165,665	2,369,309	22,104,168

C. Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 114,114	
Public Safety	211,384	
Highways and Streets	285,217	
Waterworks and Sewerage		170,055
	\$ 610,715	170,055

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

5. Capital Assets (Cont.)

D. Commitments

The Village has certain contracts for construction projects which were in progress as of April 30, 2016. The remaining commitments are as follows:

Division Street Resurfacing Project	\$	94,458
Sewer Lining Project		187,307
Curb and Sidewalk Replacement		56,046
Street Patching Program		54,175
Street Improvement Program		159,000
Lake and Harlem Economic Development	2	2,015,731
Thatcher Watermain Lining Project		461,715
Water and Sewer Rate Study		1,944

The Village has also entered into an agreement with the managing company of the River Forest Town Center to provide economic incentives for filling vacant retail space within the Town Center. The Village reported total expenditures of \$93,496 related to this agreement during fiscal year 2016 and \$219,869 since the inception of the agreement. The agreement has a maximum amount of \$335,600. As of April 30, 2016, \$115,731 was the maximum amount remaining.

6. Long-Term Debt

A. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the Village's long-term debt balances and transactions for the year ended April 30, 2016.

	Maturity Date	Balance May 1 (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities						
General Obligation Bonds						
Series 2005 (Library)	12/01/17	\$ 145.000		45 000	100,000	50,000
3.50% - 4.15% Series 2008A	12/01/17	\$ 145,000		45,000	100,000	50,000
2.0% - 3.6%	12/01/15	160,000		160,000		
Series 2016	12,01,10	100,000		100,000		
1.25%	12/01/17		382,300		382,300	189,480
		305,000	382,300	205,000	482,300	239,480
Compensated Absences		677,538	549,769	677,539	549,768	109,954
Net Pension Liabilities		30,962,465	12,173,709	4,307,164	38,829,010	,
Other Post-Employment						
Benefits		1,335,362	206,658		1,542,020	
		\$ 33,280,365	13,312,436	5,189,703	41,403,098	349,434

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

6. Long-Term Debt (Cont.)

A. Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Cont.)

	Maturity Date	Balance May 1 Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities						
General Obligation Bonds Series 2008B 2.75% - 4.10%	12/01/18	\$ 650,000		155,000	495,000	160,000
IEPA Loan* 2.21%	5/06/36	763,616	13,935,804		14,699,420	516,803
Loans Payable 2.20%	11/15/24	586,882		436,521	150,361	51,846
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Other Post-Employment Benefits		27,459 224,849 33,313	33,531 198,845 5,825	27,459 38,448	33,531 385,246 39,138	6,706
		\$ 2,286,119	14,174,005	657,428	15,802,696	735,355

*The original total eligible IEPA Loan was \$14,101,734 based on estimated construction costs. Actual costs have exceeded the original estimate. IEPA will disburse the loan proceeds as the Village incurs expenses on the sewer project. The amount presented as a payable is the amount that has been incurred as costs by the Village at April 30, 2016, and requested for loan disbursements from IEPA. The future debt service schedule shown in Note 6.C has been calculated based on the preliminary repayment schedule issued by the IEPA and will be adjusted for final disbursements reimbursed but not yet reflected on the repayment schedule. The Village has recorded a corresponding receivable at April 30, 2016, for \$533,810, the amount of costs incurred but not yet disbursed by IEPA, which included \$63,816 of capitalized interest.

Compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefits are paid from the General Fund and charged to General Government, Public Safety, Public Works and from the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund.

B. General Obligation Debt

The Village issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government and business-type activities.

The Series 2005 general obligation bonds are recorded as debt of the Village, as the Village is the party responsible for payments. The proceeds of these bonds have been recorded by the Public Library as the proceeds have been spent to improve the Public Library.

6. Long-Term Debt (Cont.)

D.

C. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	al Activities	Business-type	ness-type Activities		al
April 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 239.480	7.827	160,000	19,650	399,480	27,477
2018	242,820	4,484	165,000	13,570	407,820	18,054
2019			170,000	6,970	170,000	6,970
	\$ 482,300	12,311	495,000	40,190	977,300	52,501

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for loans payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-type Activities		
April 30	Principal	Interest	
2017	\$ 568,649	283,737	
2018	581,222	271,164	
2019	585,607	258,234	
2020	552,027	242,183	
2021	564,295	233,401	
2022-2026	3,015,238	973,242	
2027-2031	3,365,487	622,993	
2032-2036	3,756,421	232,059	
	\$ 12,988,946	3,117,013	
Legal Debt Margin			
Assessed Valuation – 2015		<u>\$ 470,348,398</u>	

Legal Debt Limit – 8.625% of Assessed Valuation	\$	40,567,549
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit		482,300
Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$</u>	40,085,249

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

7. Conduit Debt

The Village issued \$17,000,000 of Industrial Project Revenue Bonds for Dominican University during the year ended April 30, 2010. The Village has no obligation to pay this debt. The 2009 Project Revenue Bonds for Dominican University had an outstanding balance of \$11,903,493 at April 30, 2016.

8. Interfund Transactions

A. Due from/to Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Police Pension Firefighters' Pension	General General	\$ 8,727 5,662
Total		\$ 14,389

The due to/from between the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds and the General Fund is due to April 30th employer contributions due and increases in the employer contribution to offset the PTELL reduction on the property tax levy.

B. Advances from/to Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Enterprise Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	Capital Projects Capital Equipment Replacement Fund	\$ 188,853
Total Internal Balances - Government-wide Statement of Net Position		\$ 188,853

The advance from/to between the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund and the Capital Equipment Replacement Fund represents fiscal year contributions for future vehicle and equipment purchases that are funded via the Capital Equipment Replacement Fund.

C. Transfers

Receiving Fund	Transferring Fund	Amount
Capital Projects Capital Equipment Replacement Fund	General	\$ 461,547
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	General	382,300
		\$ 843,847

The General Fund transferred \$461,547 to the Capital Equipment Replacement Fund related to contribution for future capital outlay expenditures and \$382,300 to the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund to be used to pay down the balance of the Community Bank Loan.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

9. Risk Management

A. Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA)

The Village participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation Act to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverage; property/casualty and workers compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

The Village's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

Limits of coverage effective as of April 30, 2016, are as follows:

Automobile Liability	\$ 10,000,000
General Liability	10,000,000
Public Officials Liability	10,000,000
Workers' Compensation	Blanket Statutory Limits
First Party Property	250,000,000 Per Occurrence
Boiler/Machinery	50,000,000
Fidelity and Crime	
a. Employee Theft	5,000,000
b. Forgery or Alteration	5,000,000
c. Computer Fraud	5,000,000
d. Credit Card Forgery	5,000,000
e. Non-Faithful Performance	2,500,000
Public Official Bond	Blanket Statutory Limits

B. Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC)

Risks for medical, dental and death benefits for employees and retirees are provided through the Village's participation in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC). IPBC acts as an administrative agency to receive, process and pay such claims as may come within the benefit program of each participating member. IPBC maintains specific reinsurance coverage for claims in excess of \$125,000 per individual employee participant. The Village pays premiums to IPBC based upon current employee participation and its prior experience factor with the pool. Current year overages or underages for participation in the pool are adjusted into the subsequent years' experience factor for premiums. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

10. Contingent Liabilities

A. Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

B. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantors are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantors. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 13, the Village provides post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Village and can be amended by the Village through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan does not issue a separate report. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established. The cost of the plan is reported in the fund from which the benefits are paid.

Benefits Provided

The Village provides post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the Village's retirement plans.

All health care benefits are provided through the Village's health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous and substance abuse care; dental care and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Village's plan becomes secondary.

Membership

At April 30, 2016, membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and	
Terminated Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Them	36
Current Employees	70
Total	106
Participating Employers	1

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Cont.)

Funding Policy

The Village negotiates the contribution percentage between the Village and employees through the union contracts and personnel policy. Most retirees contribute 66.6% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan, and the Village contributes the remainder to cover the cost of providing the benefits to the retirees. Effective May 12, 2012, non-union and public works union employees hired prior to January 1, 2005, who retire after being employed by the Village for 20 consecutive years immediately prior to retirement and over age 55, are entitled to \$200 per month towards the cost of the retiree health insurance benefit. No Village contribution is made once the retiree is eligible for Medicare. Non-union and public works union employees hired after January 1, 2005, are responsible for 100% of the cost of the benefits. Effective May 1, 2013, the majority of Police and Firefighters' union employees are no longer eligible for the one-third Village subsidy. Only Police employees hired before May 1, 1998, are entitled to the one-third subsidy. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, retirees contributed \$247,388 and the Village contributed \$199,263. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The Village had an actuarial valuation performed for the plan as of April 30, 2016, to determine the funded status of the plan as of that date, as well as the employer's annual required contribution (ARC) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016. The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation was as follows:

			Percentage	
	Annual		of Annual	
Fiscal	OPEB	Employer	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year End	Cost	Contributions	Contributions	Obligation
A = == 1 20, 2016	¢ 411.74C	100 262	49 40/	1 501 150
April 30, 2016	\$ 411,746	199,263	48.4%	1,581,158
April 30, 2015	415,348	184,504	44.4%	1,368,675
April 30, 2014	409,166	169,270	41.4%	1,137,831

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) at April 30, 2016, was calculated as follows:

Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 433,104 54,747 (76,105)
Annual OPEB Cost Contributions Made	 411,746 199,263
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	 212,483 1,368,675
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$ 1,581,158
Net OPEB Obligation Attributable to Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	 1,542,020 39,138 1,581,158

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Cont.)

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation (Cont.)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2016, was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 5,723,778
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	-
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	5,723,778
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	0.0%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)	6,250,503
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	91.6%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARCs of the employer are subject to continual revision as actuarial results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Financial Statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the April 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry-age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.00% reduced to an ultimate rate of 5.0% after five years. Both rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was \$0. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis over 30 years.

12. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency occurs.

The assets of the plan are held in trust, with the Village as trustee, for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets cannot be diverted for any other purpose. The Village's beneficial ownership of plan assets held in the trust is held for the future exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Village contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Police Pension Plan, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan; and the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all three plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans do not issue separate reports on the pension plans. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report may be obtained on-line at *www.imrf.org*.

The aggregate totals for all pension items for three plans are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities*	Total Village
Net Pension Liability IMRF - Regular IMRF - SLEP Police Firefighters	\$ 1,219,143 13,900 22,522,251 15,073,716		1,604,389 13,900 22,522,251 15,073,716
	\$ 38,829,010	385,246	39,214,256
Deferred Outflows of Resources	¢ 505 001	102 51 6	500.005
IMRF IMRF - SLEP Police Firefighters	\$ 595,291 9,428 2,986,388 3,113,268		790,807 9,428 2,986,388 3,113,268
	\$ 6,704,375	195,516	6,899,891
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Police Firefighters	\$ 51,626 541,666		51,626 541,666
	\$ 593,292	-	593,292
Pension Expense IMRF IMRF - SLEP	\$ 133,929 (4,332		201,172 (4,332)
Police Firefighters	2,267,841 1,666,058		2,267,841 1,666,058
	\$ 4,063,496	67,243	4,130,739

*Same amounts are also reported in the proprietary fund statements.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The Village defined benefit pension plan for regular employees (other than those covered by the Police or Firefighters' Pension Plans), provides retirement, disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Village maintains accounts for regular employees and for Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) which provides benefits solely to a former police chief. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" described below. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan which can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at *www.imrf.org* or by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Employees of the Village of River Forest Public Library (Library), an unrelated entity, also participate in the Village's IMRF plan. The Village has treated the Library as if it was a component unit for purposes of applying GASB 68. Accordingly, pension items have been allocated to the Library on the basis of employer contributions to total employer contributions for the fiscal year. The Village's portion was 86%.

Benefits Provided

Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least 8 years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of: 3% of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund (SLEP) members, having accumulated at least 30 years of SLEP service and terminating IMRF participation on or after July 1, 1988, may elect to retire at or after age 50 with no early retirement discount penalty. SLEP members meeting these two qualifications are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2.50% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 20 years, 2.00% of their final earnings rate for the next 10 years of credited service and 1.00% for each year thereafter. For those SLEP members retiring with less than 20 years of SLEP service, the regular IMRF pension formula applies. SLEP also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statutes. SLEP members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual salary to SLEP.

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Cont.)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2015, the measurement date for the net pension liability, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Regular	SLEP
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	49	1
Terminated Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	54	1
Current Employees	39	0
	142	2

Contributions

As set by statute, employees participating in the IMRF plan are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is also established by State statute. The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2015 was 12.39%. For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village contributed \$246,209 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. For the SLEP Plan, members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary. The employer rate for calendar year 2015 was 13.69%. For the year end April 30, 2016, the Village contributes \$3,092 to the SLEP Plan.

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	7.39%
International Equity	17%	7.59%
Fixed Income	27%	3.00%
Alternative Investments	8%	2.75% - 8.15%
Real Estate	9%	6.00%
Short-term	1%	2.25%
	100%	

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the net pension liability as of April 30, 2016:

Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2015
Measurement Date	December 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.75% - 14.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.75%
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets

Retirement age is based on Experienced-Based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation according to an experience study from years 2011 to 2013.

Mortality disabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table, was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate (SDR) of 7.48% for the Regular Plan and 7.50% for the SLEP Fund was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine the SDR assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Regular Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2088 and the SLEP plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Cont.)

Discount Rate (Cont.)

Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). For the purpose of the recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50%, the municipal bond rate is 3.57% and the resulting SDR is 7.48% for the Regular Plan and 7.50% for the SLEP Fund.

Changes in Net Pension Liability – Regular Plan

	T	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	11,272,918	10,330,601	942,317
Changes for the Year				
Service Cost		223,198		223,198
Interest		835,431		835,431
Differences Between Expected				
and Actual Experience		165,693		165,693
Changes in Assumptions		15,170		15,170
Contributions - Employer			259,789	(259,789)
Contributions - Employee			130,951	(130,951)
Net Investment Income			217,394	(217,394)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds				
of Employees' Contributions		(638,700)	(638,700)	
Administrative Expenses				
Other (Net Transfer)			(30,714)	30,714
Net Changes		600,792	(61,280)	662,072
Balance, End of Year	\$	11,873,710	10,269,321	1,604,389

Changes in assumptions related to retirement age and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Cont.)

Changes in Net Pension Liability – SLEP

	cal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 181,833	169,812	12,021
Changes for the Year Service Cost			
Interest	13,235		13,235
Differences Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	(3,015)		(3,015)
Changes in Assumptions			
Contributions - Employer		3,217	(3,217)
Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income		830	(830)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employees' Contributions	(10,734)	(10,734)	
Administrative Expenses Other (Net Transfer)		4,294	(4,294)
Net Changes	 (514)	(2,393)	1,879
Balance, End of Year	\$ 181,319	167,419	13,900

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below represents the pension liability of the Village's Regular Plan and SLEP Fund calculated using the discount rate of 7.48% and 7.50%, respectively, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (6.48% and 6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.48% and 8.50%) than the current rate:

			Current	
Regular Plan	- / •	Decrease 6.48%)	Discount Rate (7.48%)	1% Increase (8.48%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,172,415	1,604,389	180,325
	1%	Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
SLEP	- / •	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	34,121	13,900	(3,142)

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Cont.)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense of \$201,172 and \$(4,332) for the Regular Plan and SLEP, respectively. At April 30, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	Regular	CL ED
Deletted Outflows Related to Pensions	Plan	SLEP
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 113,752	
Changes in Assumptions	10,416	
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Plan Investments	 582,572	9,428
Total Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods	706,740	9,428
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	 84,067	
	\$ 790,807	9,428

At April 30, 2016, the Village reported \$84,067 of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ended April 30, 2017. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Amount
Amount
\$ 211,648
211,648
151,291
141,581
\$ 716,168
\$

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension

Plan Description and Provisions

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit, single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40-Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service.

The monthly pension of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1997, shall be increased annually by 3% of the originally granted pension, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years. For all increases granted on or after July 1, 1993, the second and subsequent automatic annual increases shall be calculated as 3% of the amount of the pension payable at the time of the increase.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At April 30, 2016, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	35
Inactive Plan Members Entitled But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Plan Members	29
Total	66

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2012, the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where 90% of the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is funded by the year 2040. Administrative expenses are generally paid from plan assets. For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village contributed \$1,130,516 to the Police Pension Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension (Cont.)

Investment Policy

The deposits and investments of the Police Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America: obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America: bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government: State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Fund (formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurers Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies. In accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois, bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to 45% of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to 45% of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor may invest up to 55% of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2012.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following ranges and target allocation across asset classes:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	35.00%	2.50%
Domestic Equity	40.00%	7.50%
International Equity	20.00%	8.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.50%
	100.00%	

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in July 2016 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension (Cont.)

Investment Policy (Cont.)

developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates or geometric rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2016, are listed in the table above.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Police Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (0.40%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year end, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$909,552 and the bank balance totaled \$917,052.

Interest Rate Risk

As of April 30, 2016, the Police Pension Fund has the following investments and maturities:

			Inve	stment Maturitie	es
		Fair	Less Than	1 to 5	More Than
Investment Type		Value	One Year	Years	5 Years
Corporate Bonds	\$	1,831,374	328,068	974,485	528,821
Municipal Bond		104,217	25,061	79,156	, -
Federal Farm Credit Bank		100,717	100,717	,	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage		,	,		
Corporation		292,371		200,676	91,695
Federal National Mortgage					
Association		301,986		202,020	99,966
Government National Mortgage					
Association		186,075			186,075
U.S. Treasuries		3,603,843	618,204	1,990,694	994,945
	\$	6,420,583	1,072,050	3,447,031	1,901,502
		Fair			
		Value			
*Illinois Funds	\$	154,942			
*Mutual Funds		11,753,047			
*Insurance Contracts/Annuities		1,368,324			
	\$	13,276,313			
	Ψ	15,270,515			

*Not subject to interest rate risk categorization.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension (Cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (Cont.)

The Pension Fund assumes any callable securities will not be called.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While not required by the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments in mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of April 30, 2016, the Illinois Funds Money Market was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The Police Pension Plan limits their exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The investments in the securities of U.S. government and agency obligations were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service as of April 30, 2016. The Plan's investment policy follows the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. At April 30, 2016, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Pension Fund's investment policy requires that all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral in order to protect deposits from default.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Plan limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing an independent third party institution to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension (Cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk

It is the policy of the Village to diversify its investment portfolio. Investments shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting in overconcentration in a security, maturity, issuer or class of securities. The Village accomplishes this through avoiding overconcentration in a specific issuer, business sector or fund, investing in securities with varying maturities and continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds to ensure the appropriate liquidity is maintained. At April 30, 2016, the Police Pension Fund's investments (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) include a Vanguard Annuity of \$1,368,324, Vanguard Mid-Cap Index Fund of \$1,806,106, Vanguard Small Cap Fund of \$1,206,968 and Vanguard Developed Markets Fund of \$1,752,4836, each of which represents 5% or more of plan net assets.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2016, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2016
Measurement Date	April 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% - 12.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets

Mortality rates are based on rates developed in the Lauterbach & Amen, LLP 2016 Mortality Table for Illinois Police Officers.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension (Cont.)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	T	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	40,021,720	21,571,558	18,450,162
Changes for the Year				
Service Cost		611,167		611,167
Interest		2,631,940		2,631,940
Differences Between Expected				
and Actual Experience		(61,973)		(61,973)
Changes in Assumptions		2,040,961		2,040,961
Contributions - Employer			1,130,516	(1,130,516)
Contributions - Employee			258,151	(258,151)
Net Investment Income			(176,345)	176,345
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds				
of Employees' Contributions		(2,060,037)	(2,060,037)	
Administrative Expenses			(62,316)	62,316
Net Changes		3,162,058	(910,031)	4,072,089
Balance, End of Year	\$	43,183,778	20,661,527	22,522,251

Changes in assumptions related to salary increases, inflation, retirement age, disability rates, termination and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below represents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,902,675	22,522,251	17,346,753	

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

B. Police Pension (Cont.)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense of \$2,267,841. At April 30, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2016	
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	\$ 1,700,232 1,286,156	51,626
	\$ 2,986,388	51,626

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	
2016	 Amount
2017	\$ 651,921
2018	651,921
2019	651,921
2020	651,921
2021	 327,078
	\$ 2,934,762

C. Firefighters' Pension

Plan Description and Provisions

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit, single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40-Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Benefits Provided

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit of final salary for each year of service, ranging from 15% to 45.6%.

The monthly pension of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1997, shall be increased annually following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the originally granted pension. Beginning with increases granted on or after July 1, 1993, the second and subsequent automatic annual increases shall be calculated as 3% of the amount of the pension payable at the time of the increase.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At April 30, 2016, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	23
Inactive Plan Members Entitled But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	1
Active Plan Members	19
Total	43

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2012, the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where 90% of the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is funded by the year 2040. Administrative expenses are generally paid from plan assets. For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village contributed \$946,756 to the Firefighters' Pension Plan.

Investment Policy

The deposits and investments of the Firefighters' Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Investment Policy (Cont.)

Fund (formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies. In accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois, bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois: direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies: and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to 45% of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to 45% of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to 55% of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2012.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Although not registered with the SEC, Illinois Funds does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following ranges and target allocation across asset classes:

	Portfolio Target	
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
US Large Cap	21.00%	6.80%
US Small Cap	10.00%	6.80%
International Equity	18.00%	5.90%
Fixed Income	40.00%	1.70%
Commodities	11.00%	2.40%
	100.00%	

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Investment Policy (Cont.)

The long-term expected rate of return of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments was determined using as asset allocation study conducted by the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment manager consultant in April 2016 in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2016, are listed in the table above.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Firefighters' Pension Fund investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.42%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year end, the carrying amount of the Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$582,109 and the bank balance totaled \$593,002.

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Interest Rate Risk

As of April 30, 2016, the Firefighters' Pension Fund has the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities			
	Fair	Less Than	1 to 5	More Than	
Investment Type	Value	One Year	Years	5 Years	
IMET	\$ 412,286	412,286			
Corporate Bonds	1,990,673	201,677	728,350	1,060,646	
Federal Home Loan Bank	104,342	,	104,342	-,,	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	- ,-		- 7-		
Corporation	52,929			52,929	
Federal National Mortgage					
Association	1,047,334		176,874	870,460	
Government National Mortgage					
Association	42,552			42,552	
U.S. Treasuries	2,354,073		1,935,418	418,655	
	\$ 6,004,189	613,963	2,944,984	2,445,242	
	Foir				
	Fair				
	Value				
*Illinois Funds	\$ 46,150				
*Mutual Funds	6,055,253				
*Equities	1,421,055				
-					
	\$ 7,522,458				

*Not subject to interest rate risk categorization.

The Pension Fund assumes any callable securities will not be called.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments in mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of April 30, 2016, the Illinois Funds Money Market was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Credit Risk (Cont.)

The Firefighters' Pension Plan limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The investments in the securities of U.S. Government and agency obligations were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service as of April 30, 2016. The Plan's investment policy follows the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Pension Plan's deposits may not be returned to it. At April 30, 2016, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Pension Plan's investment policy requires that all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral in order to protect deposits from default.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Pension Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. In accordance with the Pension Plan's investment policy, the Plan limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing an independent third party institution to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Concentration of Credit Risk

It is the policy of the Village to diversify its investment portfolio. Investments shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting in overconcentration in a security, maturity, issuer or class of securities. The Village accomplishes this through avoiding overconcentration in a specific issuer, business sector or fund, investing in securities with varying maturities and continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds to ensure the appropriate liquidity is maintained. At April 30, 2016, the Plan's investments (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) include Dodge and Cox International Fund of \$1,742,316, Vanguard Diversified Growth Fund of \$1,104,633, Vanguard Health Care Fund of \$1,324,738 and QS Large Cap Growth Fund of \$779,503, each of which represents 5% or more of plan net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2016, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2016
Measurement Date	April 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% - 19.17%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets

Mortality rates are based on rates developed in the Lauterbach & Amen, LLP 2016 Mortality Table for Illinois Firefighters.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 27,071,082	15,288,268	11,782,814
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	434,288		434,288
Interest	1,846,605		1,846,605
Differences Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	(645,633)		(645,633)
Changes in Assumptions	1,889,948		1,889,948
Contributions - Employer		946,756	(946,756)
Contributions - Employee		184,123	(184,123)
Net Investment Income		(845,984)	845,984
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employees' Contributions	(1,382,009)	(1,382,009)	
Administrative Expenses		(50,589)	50,589
Other (Net Transfer)			
Net Changes	2,143,199	(1,147,703)	3,290,902
Balance, End of Year	\$ 29,214,281	14,140,565	15,073,716

Changes in assumptions related to salary increases, inflation, retirement age, disability rates, termination and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below represents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,914,653	15,073,716	11,903,480	

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

C. Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense of \$1,666,058. At April 30, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	201	6
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$ 1,585,608	541,666
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	1,527,660	
	\$ 3,113,268	541,666

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending		
April 30,		
2016	Amount	
2017	\$ 582,28	39
2018	582,28	39
2019	582,28	39
2020	582,28	35
2020	200,37	73
Thereafter	42,07	77
	\$ 2,571,60)2

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Police Pension and Firefighters' Pension

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, additions to net position are recorded when earned and deductions from net position are recorded when the time related liabilities/deferred inflows are incurred. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

13. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Cont.)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters (Cont.)

Police Pension and Firefighters' Pension (Cont.)

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Related Party Transactions

There are no securities of the employer or any other related parties included in plan assets, including any loans.

E. Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Ten-year trend information may be found in the required supplemental information section of the government's annual financial report.

14. Pension Trust Funds – Financial Data

Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position as of April 30, 2016:

	Police	Firefighters'	
	Pension	Pension	Total
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,064,494	1,040,545	2,105,039
Investments			
Equities		1,421,055	1,421,055
Corporate Bonds	1,831,374	1,990,673	3,822,047
Municipal Bonds	104,217		104,217
U.S. Government Obligations	4,484,992	3,601,230	8,086,222
Mutual Funds	11,753,047	6,055,253	17,808,300
Insurance Company Contracts	1,368,324		1,368,324
Receivables			
Accrued Interest	54,438	32,311	86,749
Due From Municipality	8,727	5,662	14,389
Prepaid Expenses	7,731	4,872	12,603
Total Assets	20,677,344	14,151,601	34,828,945
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	15,817	11,036	26,853
Net Position			
Restricted for Pensions	\$ 20,661,527	14,140,565	34,802,092

14. Pension Trust Funds – Financial Data (Cont.)

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the year ended April 30, 2016:

	-	olice	Firefighters Pension	, Total
Additions	Pe	IISIOII	Pension	Total
Contributions				
	¢	250 151	104.1	22 442 274
Employer	\$	258,151	184,12	
Plan Members		,130,516	946,7	, ,
• · · · · ·	1	,388,667	1,130,8	79 2,519,546
Investment Income				
Net Depreciation in Fair Value				
of Investments		(481,376)	(1,168,6	
Interest and Dividends		335,289	379,3	,
		(146,087)	(789,3)	74) (935,461)
Less Investment Expense		(30,258)	(56,6	10) (86,868)
Net Investment Loss		(176,345)	(845,9)	84) (1,022,329)
Total Additions	1	,212,322	284,8	95 1,497,217
Deductions				
Administration		62,316	50,5	89 112,905
Pension Benefits and Refunds	2	.060.037	1,382,0	
		7 7	7 7-	-, ,
Total Deductions	2	,122,353	1,432,5	98 3,554,951
Change in Net Position		(910,031)	(1,147,7	03) (2,057,734)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions				
Beginning	21	,571,558	15,288,2	68 36,859,826
00		, ,	,= 30 ,=	
Ending	\$ 20	,661,527	14,140,5	65 34,802,092

15. Joint Venture

The Village participates in the West Suburban Consolidated Dispatch Center (WSCDC), a governmental joint venture with the Village of Oak Park, the Village of Elmwood Park and the City of Park Ridge. The joint venture was formed in 1999 under the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act (ILCS 5, Act 220) for the joint and mutual operation of centralized communication system. WSCDC commenced operations on May 1, 2002. All activities of WSCDC are costs shared by the members. Each member's share for each fiscal year of operations will be based on the total number of calls dispatched by the member in the preceding fiscal year divided by total calls dispatched by all members during the preceding fiscal year. Each member's cost-sharing allocation is approved by the Board of Directors of WSCDC annually. Any member may withdraw from the joint venture upon one year's notice.

During fiscal 2016, the Village's allocated cost share totaled \$430,730 for operational expenses, which is charged to General Government expenditures in the General Fund.

Financial statements may be obtained by contacting WSCDC at 400 Park Avenue, River Forest, Illinois 60305.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

16. Restatement

The governmental activities and business-type activities net position beginning balances were restated due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, and correction of certain account balances from the prior year as follows:

Governmental Activities

Net position adjustment related to GASB 68 implementation:

Removal of GASB 27 Net Pension Obligation at May 1, 2015	\$ 402,886
Record GASB 68 Net Pension Liability at May 1, 2015	(30,962,465)
Record Deferred Outflows at May 1, 2015	 58,080
Net Restatement	\$ (30,501,499)
Business-type Activities/Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	
Net position adjustment related to GASB 68 implementation:	
Removal of GASB 27 Net Pension Obligation at May 1, 2015	\$ 86,760
Record GASB 68 Net Pension Liability at May 1, 2015	(224,849)
Record Deferred Outflows at May 1, 2015	 24,433
Net Restatement	\$ (113,656)

17. Future Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements, which are expected to have a material impact on the Village's financial statements in future periods:

Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement was issued to enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This Statement also will enhance fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. The Village is required to implement this Statement for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2016

17. Future Pronouncements (Cont.)

Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement revises existing standards of financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement Nos. 45 and 57. The Village will be required to implement this Statement for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019.

Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No.* 67, *No.* 68, *and No.* 73, is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for certain of its provisions which are effective on or after June 15, 2017. GASB 82 addresses three issues: presentation of payroll-related measures in RSI, selection of assumptions and classification of employer-paid member contributions.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

April 30, 2016

	2016
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 223,198
Interest	835,431
Changes in Benefit Terms	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	165,693
Change of Assumptions	15,170
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(638,700)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	600,792
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	11,272,918
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 11,873,710
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Village	\$ 259,789
Contributions - Members	130,951
Net Investment Income	217,394
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(638,700)
Administrative Expense	(30,714)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(61,280)
Plan Net Position - Beginning	10,330,601
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 10,269,321
Village's Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,604,389
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the	
Total Pension Liability	86.49%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,004,870
Village's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	80.02%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Changes in assumptions related to retirement age and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016.

This information is presented as of the measurement date, which is December 31 of the fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

April 30, 2016

		2016
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	
Interest		13,235
Changes in Benefit Terms		(2,015)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(3,015)
Change of Assumptions		(10.52.1)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(10,734)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(514)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		181,833
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	181,319
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Village	\$	3,217
Contributions - Members	+	-,
Net Investment Income		830
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(10,734)
Administrative Expense		4,294
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(2,393)
Plan Net Position - Beginning		169,812
		, ,
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$	167,419
Village's Net Pension Liability	\$	13,900
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the		
Total Pension Liability		92.33%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	
Village's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered Employee Payroll		0.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016.

This information is presented as of the measurement date, which is December 31 of the fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information

Police Pension Fund

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

April 30, 2016

	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability	ф с111с 7	C17 0 C1
Service Cost	\$ 611,167	645,064
Interest Changes in Derefit Terms	2,631,940	2,549,994
Changes in Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(61.072)	
Change of Assumptions	(61,973) 2,040,961	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,060,037)	(1,902,065)
bencht i aynents, metuding kerunds of memoer Contributions	(2,000,037)	(1,702,003)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,162,058	1,292,993
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	40,021,720	38,728,727
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 43,183,778	40,021,720
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Village	\$ 1,130,516	1,098,682
Contributions - Members	258,151	228,802
Net Investment Income	(176,345)	1,569,527
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,060,037)	(1,902,065)
Administrative Expense	(62,316)	(45,915)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(910,031)	949,031
Plan Net Position - Beginning	21,571,558	20,622,527
	21,371,330	20,022,327
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 20,661,527	21,571,558
Village's Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,522,251	18,450,162
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the		
Total Pension Liability	47.85%	53.90%
Constant Frankrass Descell	¢ 2,002,042	2 (20 200
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,903,043	2,630,388
Village's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered Employee Payroll	775.82%	701.42%
Covered Employee 1 ayron	115.0270	/01.4270

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

In Fiscal Year 2016, the Village's actuary, Lauterbach & Amen, changed the demographic assumptions they used from the L&A 2012 Illinois Police Mortality, Termination, Retirement and Disability Rates, to their 2016 rates. This change was made to better reflect the future anticipated experience of the fund. This change in assumptions resulted in a \$2,040,961 increase in the Total Pension Liability in 2016.

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

April 30, 2016

	2016	2015
	2010	2013
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 434,288	499,365
Interest	1,846,605	1,782,149
Changes in Benefit Terms		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(645,633)	
Change of Assumptions	1,889,948	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(1,382,009)	(1,339,397)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,143,199	942,117
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	27,071,082	26,128,965
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 29,214,281	27,071,082
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Village	\$ 946,756	822,631
Contributions - Members	184,123	184,809
Net Investment Income	(845,984)	599,529
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(1,382,009)	(1,339,397)
Administrative Expense	(50,589)	(33,720)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,147,703)	233,852
Plan Net Position - Beginning	15,288,268	15,054,416
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 14,140,565	15,288,268
Village's Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,073,716	11,782,814
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the		
Total Pension Liability	48.40%	56.47%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,347,791	1,916,626
	$\psi = 2, \mathcal{I} + 1, \mathcal{I} \mathcal{I}$	1,710,020
Village's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered Employee Payroll	642.04%	614.77%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

In Fiscal Year 2016, the Village's actuary, Lauterbach & Amen, changed the demographic assumptions they used from the L&A 2012 Illinois Firefighters Mortality, Termination, Retirement and Disability Rates to their 2016 rates. This change was made to better reflect the future anaticipated experience of the fund. This change in assumptions resulted in a \$1,889,948 increase in the Total Pension Liability kin 2016.

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Schedule of Funding Progress

April 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c
4/30/2016	\$	5,723,778	5,723,778	0.00	6,250,503	91.57%
4/30/2015		5,556,302	5,556,302	0.00	6,039,134	92.00%
4/30/2014		5,386,420	5,386,420	0.00	5,834,912	92.31%
4/30/2013		7,576,668	7,576,668	0.00	6,522,947	116.15%
4/30/2012		7,642,019	7,642,019	0.00	6,395,171	119.50%
4/30/2011		5,658,441	5,658,441	0.00	6,173,662	91.65%

Required Supplementary Information

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan

Schedule of Village Contributions

April 30, 2016

		Contributions			Contributions
	in Relation				as a
		to the			Percentage
	Actuarially	Actuarially	Contribution	Covered	of Covered
Year	Determined	Determined	Excess/	Employee	Employee
Ended	Contribution	Contribution	(Deficiency)	Payroll	Payroll
4/30/2016	\$ 225,977	246,209	20,232	2,004,870	12.28%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2015 Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry-age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	28-years Closed Period
Asset Valuation Method	5-year Smoothed Market; 20% Corridor
Wage Growth	4.00%
Price Inflation	3.00% approximate; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.
Salary Increases	4.40% to 16.00%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2008 to 2010.
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For women, 92% of the table rates were used. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.
Other	There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016.

Required Supplementary Information

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Fund

Schedule of Village Contributions

April 30, 2016

		Contributions			Contributions
	in Relation				as a
		to the			Percentage
	Actuarially	Actuarially	Contribution	Covered	of Covered
Year	Determined	Determined	Excess/	Employee	Employee
Ended	Contribution	Contribution	(Deficiency)	Payroll	Payroll
4/30/2016	\$	3,092	3,092		0.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarially determined contribution is included in the property tax levy for the current year. The levy is collected in two installments. One in the current year and one in the subsequent fiscal year.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2015 Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry-age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	28-years Closed Period
Asset Valuation Method	5-year Smoothed Market; 20% Corridor
Wage Growth	4.00%
Price Inflation	3.00% approximate; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.
Salary Increases	4.40% to 16.00%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2008 to 2010.
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For women, 92% of the table rates were used. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.
Other	There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016.

Required Supplementary Information

Police Pension Fund

Schedule of Village Contributions

April 30, 2016

		Contributions in Relation to the			Contributions as a Percentage
Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Employee Payroll	of Covered Employee Payroll
4/30/2016 4/30/2015	\$ 1,204,822 1,088,922	1,130,516 1,098,682	(74,306) 9,760	2,903,043 2,630,388	38.94% 41.77%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of May 1 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarially determined contribution is included in the property tax levy for the current year. The levy is collected in two installments. One in the current year and one in the subsequent fiscal year.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2016 Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal
Amortization Method	Straight Line
Remaining Amortization Period	100% Funded Through 2033
Actual Experience	6 Years
Changes in Assumptions	6 Years
Asset Experience	5 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year Smoothed Market
Price Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% - 12.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	120% L&A 2016 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Cap Age 60
Mortality	L&A 2016 Illinois Police Mortality Rates

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Schedule of Village Contributions

April 30, 2016

		Contributions in Relation to the			Contributions as a Percentage
Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Employee Payroll	of Covered Employee Payroll
4/30/2016 4/30/2015	\$ 988,150 887,920	946,756 822,631	(41,394) (65,289)	2,347,791 1,916,626	40.33% 42.92%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of May 1 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarially determined contribution is included in the property tax levy for the current year. The levy is collected in two installments. One in the current year and one in the subsequent fiscal year.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2016 Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal
Amortization Method	Straight Line
Remaining Amortization Period	100% Funded Through 2033
Actual Experience	6 Years
Changes in Assumptions	6 Years
Asset Experience	5 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year Smoothed Market
Price Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% - 19.17%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Retirement Age	120% L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Retirement Rates Cap Age 55
Mortality	L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Mortality Rates

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Schedule of Village Contributions

April 30, 2016

Year Ended	1	
4/30/2016	\$ 199,263	48.40%
4/30/2015	184,504	44.40%
4/30/2014	169,270	41.40%
4/30/2013	211,657	47.10%
4/30/2012	285,340	72.90%

Required Supplementary Information

Police Pension Fund

Schedule of Investment Returns

April 30, 2016

	Annual Money-Weighted	
	Rate of Return	
	Net of	
Year	Investment	
Ended	Expense	
4/30/2016 4/30/2015	(0.4)% 7.4%	

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

Required Supplementary Information

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Schedule of Investment Returns

April 30, 2016

	Annual Money-Weighted	
	Rate of Return	
	Net of	
Year	Investment	
Ended	Expense	
4/30/2016	1.42%	
4/30/2015	5.42%	

GASB Statement No. 67 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted by the Pension Plan in 2015.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

Year Ended April 30, 2016

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	8,354,569	8,354,569	8,281,010	(73,559)
Intergovernmental	ψ	3,425,244	3,425,244	3,579,247	154,003
Licenses and Permits		1,035,270	1,035,270	1,117,850	82,580
Charges for Services		1,582,026	1,582,026	1,638,575	56,549
Fines and Forfeit		321,505	321,505	280,957	(40,548)
Investment Income		25,000	25,000	49,381	24,381
Miscellaneous		163,750	163,750	263,704	99,954
Total Revenues		14,907,364	14,907,364	15,210,724	303,360
		11,907,501	11,007,001	13,210,721	505,500
Expenditures					
Current					
General Government		2,095,044	2,316,044	2,288,895	(27,149)
Development		361,248	361,248	361.116	(132)
Public Safety		9,364,189	9,293,189	9,173,978	(119,211)
Public Works Department		1,606,724	1,456,724	1,414,672	(42,052)
Sanitation		1,017,972	1,017,972	1,032,181	14,209
Total Expenditures		14,445,177	14,445,177	14,270,842	(174,335)
		,,_,,	, ,	,_ , =, = .	(11,000)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		462,187	462,187	939,882	477,695
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out		(461,547)	(843,847)	(843,847)	
General Obligation Bonds Issued			382,300	382,300	
Sale of Capital Assets		2,000	2,000		(2,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(459,547)	(459,547)	(461,547)	(2,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,640	2,640	478,335	475,695
Fund Balance					
Beginning				8,883,475	
Ending				9,361,810	
			•		

Note to Required Supplementary Information April 30, 2016

Legal Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Control

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- i) The Village Administrator submits to the Village Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- ii) Public hearings are conducted by the Village to obtain taxpayer comments.
- iii) Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- iv) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.
- v) Budgets for the governmental funds for which budgets have been adopted are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- vi) Budgetary authority lapses at year end.
- vii) State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriations/budget." As under the Budget Act, transfers between line items and departments may be made by administrative action. Amounts to be transferred between funds or increasing the amount budgeted in any fund require Village Board approval. The level of legal control is generally the fund budget in total.
- viii) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, with the exceptions of Board-approved amendments.

During the year ended April 30, 2016, there were amendments to various accounts.

COMBINING, INDIVIDUAL FUND, AND CAPITAL ASSET FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2016

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital	Projects	Total
	 Motor Fuel Tax	Alternate Revenue Debt Service	Economic Development Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 583,456	172,810	2,024,959	673,551	3,454,776
Investments Receivables			99,200	484,850	584,050
Taxes		121,820			121,820
Accounts		121,020	1,649		1,649
Intergovernmental	25,425		7	477,468	502,893
Interest				7,103	7,103
Other				178,746	178,746
Total Assets	\$ 608,881	294,630	2,125,808	1,821,718	4,851,037
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$		25,740	27,180	52,920
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Taxes		121,820			121,820
Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenue				477,468	477,468
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -	121,820	-	477,468	599,288
E a Delana					
Fund Balance Restricted	608,881	172,810	2,100,068		2,881,759
Committed	 000,001	172,010	2,100,000	1,317,070	1,317,070
Total Fund Balances	 608,881	172,810	2,100,068	1,317,070	4,198,829
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 608,881	294,630	2,125,808	1,821,718	4,851,037

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital	Projects	Total
	Motor	Alternate	Economic	Capital	Nonmajor
	Fuel	Revenue	Development	Improvement	Governmental
	Tax	Debt Service	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	240,702			240,702
Intergovernmental	285,767		1,597	25,000	312,364
Charges for Services				63,628	63,628
Fines and Forfeits				909,062	909,062
Investment Income	755	283	4,828	7,186	13,052
Total Revenues	286,522	240,985	6,425	1,004,876	1,538,808
Expenditures					
Current					
Highways and Streets	513,450				513,450
General Government				12,000	12,000
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement		205,000			205,000
Interest		12,253			12,253
Capital Outlay			196,020	861,345	1,057,365
Total Expenditures	513,450	217,253	196,020	873,345	1,800,068
Net Change in Fund Balances	(226,928)	23,732	(189,595)	131,531	(261,260)
Fund Balances					
Beginning of Year	835,809	149,078	2,289,663	1,185,539	4,460,089
End of Year	\$ 608,881	172,810	2,100,068	1,317,070	4,198,829

GENERAL FUND (Major Fund)

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with general governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Tax	\$ 6,183,942	6,155,884	(28,058)	6,067,287
Non-Home Rule Sales Tax	862,209	885,574	23,365	871,224
Utility Tax	657,371	559,018	(98,353)	657,968
Transfer Tax	90,000	110,084	20,084	99,996
Communication Tax	326,498	342,467	15,969	357,535
E911 Tax	81,264	55,596	(25,668)	86,280
Restaurant Tax	153,285	172,387	19,102	151,361
Total Taxes	8,354,569	8,281,010	(73,559)	8,291,651
Intergovernmental				
Wireless Tax	65,513	93,124	27,611	69,808
Sales Tax	1,862,913	1,852,443	(10,470)	1,855,258
State Income Tax	1,106,028	1,190,627	84,599	1,094,125
Replacement Tax	140,416	120,319	(20,097)	149,767
Contributions and Grants	33,637	61,840	28,203	36,588
Use Tax	216,737	260,894	44,157	228,725
Total Intergovernmental	3,425,244	3,579,247	154,003	3,434,271
C C		-,-,-,-		-,
Licenses and Permits	16 500	15 505	0.55	1 < 0.20
Business Licenses	16,720	17,595	875	16,830
Liquor Licenses	24,000	21,950	(2,050)	25,650
Vehicle Licenses	296,000	294,267	(1,733)	307,946
Contractor Licenses	80,000	83,650	3,650	81,700
Construction/Building Permits	407,000	471,698	64,698	442,394
Cable Television Fees	205,770	219,830	14,060	206,815
Pet Licenses	2,550	2,290	(260)	1,510
Tent Licenses	300	540	240	120
Bonfire Permits	30	30		30
Cab Licenses	500		(500)	500
Film Crew Licenses	2,000	5,200	3,200	5,900
Solicitor Permits	400	800	400	500
Total Licenses and Permits	1,035,270	1,117,850	82,580	1,089,895
Charges for Services				
Garbage Collection Charges	958,058	947,369	(10,689)	895,892
Parking Lot Fees	73,287	78,514	5,227	76,677
State Highway Maintenance Fees	54,266		(54,266)	54,465
Ambulance Charges	325,000	406,242	81,242	337,336
Sidewalk Program	10,000	7,017	(2,983)	10,431
WSCDC Janitorial Service	5,315	11,368	6,053	
Workers' Compensation Insurance	10,000	37,395	27,395	49,853
NSF Fees	200		(200)	55
Towing Fees	135,000	138,500	3,500	157,500
Animal Release Fees	500	565	65	740
Police Reports	2,100	2,303	203	2,464
Fire Fees	2,900	4,202	1,302	9,830

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Revenues (Cont.)				
Charges for Services (Cont.)				
Elevator Inspection Fees	5,000	4,700	(300)	4,200
Elevator Re-Inspection Fees	400	400	· · · ·	2,250
Total Charges for Services	1,582,026	1,638,575	56,549	1,601,693
Fines and Forfeits				
Court Fines	90,000	56,554	(33,446)	85,730
Parking Tickets	175,000	161,400	(13,600)	226,641
DUI Fines	5,000	17,905	12,905	11,639
Building Construction Citations	2,000	2,975	975	3,650
Asset Forfeitures	10,000	2,618	(7,382)	14,746
Red Light Camera Revenue	39,505	39,505		33,620
Total Fines and Forfeits	321,505	280,957	(40,548)	376,026
Investment Income				
Interest and Dividends	25,000	44,766	19,766	26,649
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		4,615	4,615	(44,101)
Total Investment Income	25,000	49,381	24,381	(17,452)
Miscellaneous				
Wireless Leases	37,750	38,508	758	37,386
Net Change in IRMA Deposit		87,514	87,514	105,267
Other	126,000	137,682	11,682	171,806
Total Miscellaneous	163,750	263,704	99,954	314,459
Total Revenues	\$ 14,907,364	15,210,724	303,360	15,090,543

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
General Government				
Administration				
Personal Services				
Salaries - Regular	\$ 496,524	474,788	(21,736)	456,539
Insurance Refusal Reimbursement	1,500	1,500		1,500
Salaries - Part Time	31,300	57,470	26,170	36,750
Overtime	2,000	50	(1,950)	2,503
FICA	30,626	29,499	(1,127)	27,202
Medicare	7,758	7,635	(123)	6,925
IMRF	7,200	7,550	350	7,200
Employee Assistance Program	1,750	1,781	31	1,735
Fringe Benefits	61,029	67,252	6,223	60,126
Wellness Program	1,250	1,309	59	789
Health Insurance	51,725	47,134	(4,591)	38,812
Health Insurance - Retirees	1,865	1,875	10	4,729
Life Insurance	507	739	232	653
HDHP Contributions	9,864	12,262	2,398	8,587
Total Personal Services	704,898	710,844	5,946	654,050
Contractual Services				
Communications	23,620	22,139	(1,481)	20,765
Auditing	22,105	21,490	(615)	20,703
Actuarial Services	10,500	3,688	(6,812)	20,145
Consulting Services	114,800	107,337	(7,463)	149,469
Information Technology	199,290	197,402	(1,888)	80,373
Vehicle Sticker Program	16,905	16,185	(1,888) (720)	15,288
Health/Inspection Services	14,400	15,000	600	3,300
Unemployment Claims	5,000	15,000	(5,000)	2,938
Bank Fees	12,490	8,326	(4,164)	10,136
Liability Insurance	355,790	332,434	(23,356)	307,392
	27,719	30,843		
IRMA Liability Insurance		50,845 11,359	3,124 (811)	14,606
Maintenance of Office Equipment	12,170	,		11,068
Training Traiting Deinsburgement	6,500	5,840	(660)	5,645
Tuition Reimbursement	7.050	9.140	1 000	6,820
Travel and Meeting Expense	7,050	8,149 23,884	1,099	8,239
Dues and Subscriptions	19,105	,	4,779	18,864
Printing Madical Examinations	2,235	8,620	6,385	3,169
Medical Examinations	1,500	5,394	3,894	12,204
Advertising/Legal Notice	2,450	4,949	2,499	2,844
Employee Recognition	5,375	11,412	6,037	6,761
Total Contractual Services	859,004	834,451	(24,553)	721,456

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
General Government (Cont.)				
Administration (Cont.)				
Commodities				
Office Supplies	16,685	12,194	(4,491)	15,288
Office Equipment	5,000	3,281	(1,719)	5,703
Postage	11,000	10,380	(620)	13,883
Total Commodities	32,685	25,855	(6,830)	34,874
Total Administration	1,596,587	1,571,150	(25,437)	1,410,380
Emergency 911				
Contractual Services				
Telephone Line Charges	11,000	6,449	(4,551)	10,313
Consulting Services	6,500	375	(6,125)	113
IT Support	38,000	51,314	13,314	8,000
Maintenance of Equipment	500	01,011	(500)	0,000
Training	550	995	445	
Travel and Meetings	1,500		(1,500)	
WSCDC Contribution	431,432	430,730	(702)	516,408
Citizen's Corps Council	5,500	5,062	(438)	1,514
Medical Reserve Corp		-,	(100)	780
Total Emergency 911	494,982	494,925	(57)	537,128
Police and Fire Commission				
Contractual Services	7 500	607	(6.072)	1 220
Secretarial Services	7,500	527	(6,973)	1,230
Legal Services	2,500	423	(2,077)	76
Travel and Meetings	200		(200)	76
Dues and Subscriptions	375	1.462	(375)	375
Candidate Screening	2,000	1,463	(537)	1,830
Testing	23,000	31,376	8,376	8,667
Advertising/Legal Notice Total Contractual Services	750 36,325	1,655 35,444	<u>905</u> (881)	<u>3,539</u> 15,717
Total Contractual Services	50,525	55,444	(001)	13,717
Commodities				
Office Supplies	150		(150)	
Postage		60	60	
Total Commodities	150	60	(90)	-
Total Police and Fire Commission	36,475	35,504	(971)	15,717

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
General Government (Cont.)				
Legal Services				
Contractual Services				
Legal Services	65,000	64,948	(52)	40,416
Village Attorney	111,000	111,368	368	156,522
Village Prosecutor	12,000	11,000	(1,000)	12,000
Total Legal Services	188,000	187,316	(684)	208,938
Total General Government	2,316,044	2,288,895	(27,149)	2,172,163
Development				
Building and Development				
Personal Services				
Salaries - Regular	170,039	169,615	(424)	159,064
Insurance Refusal Reimbursement	2,700	2,138	(562)	2,700
Salaries - Part Time	38,163	41,467	3,304	24,365
Overtime	1,900	,	(1,900)	_ , =
FICA	12,896	13,081	185	11,530
Medicare	3,016	3,059	43	2,697
IMRF	24,323	23,975	(348)	22,502
Fringe Benefits	1,800	2,100	300	1,675
Health Insurance	10,584	12,917	2,333	3,317
Life Insurance	83	97	14	97
HDHP Contributions	2,199	2,673	474	1,598
Total Personal Services	267,703	271,122	3,419	229,545
Contractual Services				
Professional Services	10,500	11,253	753	62,183
Inspection Services	58,350	59,194	844	55,158
Plan Review Services	20,000	16,645	(3,355)	21,541
Maintenance of Vehicles	1,000	752	(248)	347
Training	1,320	1,125	(195)	197
Dues and Subscriptions	175	192	17	184
Advertising/Legal Notice	750	434	(316)	1,078
Total Contractual Services	92,095	89,595	(2,500)	140,688
Commodities				
Office Supplies	400		(400)	1,165
Office Equipment	150		(150)	1,100
Gasoline and Oil	400	399	(150)	69
Operating Supplies	500		(500)	186
Total Commodities	1,450	399	(1,051)	1,420
Total Building and Development	361,248	361,116	(132)	371,653

General Fund

	Final	2016	Variance from Final	2015
	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Public Safety				
Police Department				
Personal Services	0 5 6 4 9 6 5	0 407 154	((7.011)	0 446 050
Salaries - Sworn	2,564,365	2,497,154	(67,211)	2,446,258
Salaries - Regular	110,827	114,275	3,448	122,381
Part-Time Salaries	35,939.00	31,152	(4,787)	13,674
Specialist Pay	30,500	37,026	6,526	34,954
Holiday Pay	116,394	100,266	(16,128)	100,375
Overtime Pay	132,000	218,715	86,715	179,108
IDOT STEP Overtime	9,278	6,994	(2,284)	10,015
Educational Incentives FICA	34,800	34,550	(250)	33,000
Medicare	9,720	8,864	(856)	8,258 39,614
IMRF	43,656	41,153	(2,503)	,
	20,041 1,800	20,078	37	20,461 1,800
Fringe Benefits Health Insurance	421,621	1,800	(6,848)	424,998
Health Insurance - Retirees	421,021 92,979	414,773 90,861		,
Life Insurance	1,656	1,974	(2,118) 318	91,944 2,032
HDHP Contributions	73,734	62,765	(10,969)	82,570
Contribution to Police Pension	1,204,822	1,130,516	(74,306)	1,098,682
Total Personal Services	4,904,132	4,812,916	(91,216)	4,710,124
	1,201,102	1,012,710	()1,210)	1,710,121
Contractual Services				
Communications	3,068	3,423	355	3,490
Administrative Adjudication	29,220	21,660	(7,560)	24,340
Data Processing	6,367	2,452	(3,915)	2,951
Animal Control		3,560	3,560	
Maintenance of Office Equipment	14,850	11,461	(3,389)	9,538
Maintenance of Vehicles	46,500	37,340	(9,160)	45,801
Maintenance of Buildings	4,340	56	(4,284)	1,541
Training	18,050	18,323	273	14,874
Community Support Services	89,407	136,318	46,911	94,305
Travel and Meeting Expense	4,450	1,354	(3,096)	1,367
Dues and Subscriptions	7,820	9,077	1,257	6,736
Printing	5,640	4,543	(1,097)	4,303
Medical Examinations	5,015	4,582	(433)	1,528
Advertising/Legal Notice	880		(880)	
Damage Claims				1,989
Total Contractual Services	235,607	254,149	18,542	212,763
Commodities				
Office Supplies	14,800	5,439	(9,361)	4,237
Gas and Oil	44,089	40,466	(3,623)	50,865
Uniforms - Sworn Personnel	27,000	27,242	242	27,684
Uniforms - Other Personnel	800	155	(645)	21,004
Childring Other Leisonner	000	155	(0+3)	21)

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Public Safety (Cont.)				
Police Department (Cont.)				
Commodities (Cont.)				
Prisoners' Care	2,608	1,776	(832)	2,248
Operating Supplies	9,868	2,996	(6,872)	2,514
Radios	12,095	2,464	(9,631)	5,034
Firearms and Range Supplies	15,440	10,583	(4,857)	11,225
Evidence Supplies	6,100	2,584	(3,516)	4,324
DUI Expenditures	3,800	3,585	(215)	1,239
Drug Forfeiture Expenditures	6,000	2,430	(3,570)	3,002
Article 36 Expenditures	8,000	7,586	(414)	8,975
Total Commodities	150,600	107,306	(43,294)	121,566
Total Police Department	5,290,339	5,174,371	(115,968)	5,044,453
Fire Department				
Personal Services	1 0 1 1 1 1	1 050 005	(25.200)	1 001 501
Salaries - Sworn	1,911,116	1,873,807	(37,309)	1,821,724
Salaries - Regular	61,125	62,200	1,075	27,992
Specialist Pay	125,448	125,345	(103)	120,707
Holiday Pay	75,742	76,167	425	70,420
Overtime Pay	170,000	152,031	(17,969)	259,606
Compensated Absences - Retirement	46,300	184,601	138,301	133,836
Educational Incentives	14,500	15,300	800	14,800
Insurance Refusal Reimbursement		1,875	1,875	2,375
ICMA Retirement Contract	7,947	8,073	126	7,788
FICA	3,827	3,742	(85)	1,440
Medicare	32,395	30,983	(1,412)	29,133
IMRF	7,573	7,411	(162)	2,907
Fringe Benefits	1,800	1,650	(150)	1,425
Health Insurance	303,975	291,545	(12,430)	299,559
Health Insurance - Retirees	17,270	16,539	(731)	23,192
Life Insurance	1,227	1,550	323	1,488
HDHP Contributions	62,106	45,931	(16,175)	55,340
Contribution to Fire Pension	988,150	946,756	(41,394)	822,631
Total Personal Services	3,830,501	3,845,506	15,005	3,696,363
Contractual Services				
Communications	5,300	3,299	(2,001)	2,204
Data Processing	5,126	4,826	(300)	1,320
Maintenance of Equipment	7,500		· · · ·	
		3,022	(4,478)	4,956
Maintenance of Vehicles	38,000	55,497	17,497	43,472
Maintenance of Office Equipment	500 1,750	2 202	(500)	766
Maintenance of Buildings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,283	1,533	766
Training	14,950	6,213	(8,737)	15,955

General Fund

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Public Safety (Cont.)				
Fire Department (Cont.)				
Contractual Services (Cont.)				
Community Support Services	15,200	14,889	(311)	14,019
Travel and Meeting Expense	5,300	2,790	(2,510)	1,329
Dues and Subscriptions	3,690	2,808	(882)	2,842
Medical Examination	16,280	543	(15,737)	7,692
Total Contractual Services	113,596	97,170	(16,426)	94,555
Commodities				
Office Supplies	2,000	1,445	(555)	1,061
Gas and Oil	14,953	10,091	(4,862)	11,950
Uniforms	18,500	20,129	1,629	17,292
Operating Supplies	23,300	25,266	1,966	17,025
Total Commodities	58,753	56,931	(1,822)	47,328
	1 000 050	2 000 607	(2,0,12)	2.020.246
Total Fire Department	4,002,850	3,999,607	(3,243)	3,838,246
Total Public Safety	9,293,189	9,173,978	(119,211)	8,882,699
Public Works Administration and Operations Personal Services				
Salaries	455,703	441,985	(13,718)	408,569
Certification Pay	7,800	7,950	(13,718)	7,970
Overtime Pay	50,000	34,600	(15,400)	46,891
Temporary Help	7,600	2,682	(13,400) (4,918)	9,468
FICA	32,265	2,082	(2,444)	28,747
Medicare	7,546	6,974	(572)	6,723
IMRF	63,120	58,296	(4,824)	58,804
Fringe Benefits	4,080	4,379	299	4,342
Health Insurance	107,355	106,388	(967)	120,083
Health Insurance - Retirees	13,644	12,759	(885)	2,930
Life Insurance	191	200	9	242
HDHP Contribution	2,594	3,195	601	2,897
Total Personal Services	751,898	709,229	(42,669)	697,666
Contractual Services				
Communications	2,890	1,261	(1,629)	3,154
Consulting Services	16,500	13,477	(3,023)	16,200
Data Processing	23,928	24,353	425	268
JULIE Participation	608	1,834	1,226	1,236
Maintenance of Equipment	3,000	1,536	(1,464)	4,738
Maintenance of Vehicles	16,500	16,400	(100)	29,426
Maintenance Traffic/Street Lights	35,380	84,551	49,171	40,881

General Fund

Public Works (Cont.) Administration and Operations (Cont.) Contractual Services (Cont.) 62,530 62,301 (229) 203,939 Maintenance Buildings and Grounds 56,910 56,254 (656) 73,336 Maintenance Structs 148,000 147,494 (506) 141,444 Travel and Meeting Expense 6,070 4,205 (1,865) 3,708 Dues and Subscriptions 2,530 1,905 (455) 645 Advertising/Legal Notice 1,500 826 (674) 1,401 Dumping Fees 13,000 8,808 (4,192) 18,197 Strate Light Electricity 43,200 45,488 2,288 46,343 Total Contractual Services 530,596 545,966 15,370 676,822 Commodities 0000 6,000 (4,000) 7,865 06,923 (4,333) 45,545 Office Supplies 500 1,071 571 805 06,923 (1,333) 45,545 Office Supplies 500 1,071 571 805 06,923		Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
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Maintenance Buildings and Grounds 56,910 56,254 (656) 73,356 Maintenance Sidewalks 55,000 49,029 (5,971) 53,449 Maintenance Streets 148,000 147,494 (506) 141,444 Training 1,500 480 (1,020) 508 Travel and Meeting Expense 6,070 4,205 (1,865) 3,708 Dues and Subscriptions 2,530 1,700 (830) 2,559 Medical Examinations 1,550 1,095 (455) 645 Advertising/Legal Notice 1,500 826 (674) 1,401 Dumping Fees 13,000 8,808 (4,192) 18,197 Small Claims 40,000 24,874 (15,126) 35,370 Street Light Electricity 43,200 45,488 2,288 46,343 Total Contractual Services 530,596 15,370 676,822 Office Supplies 500 1,071 571 805 Gas and Oil 15,615 15,428 (187) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Maintenance Sidewalks 55.000 49.029 (5,971) 53.449 Maintenance Streets 148,000 147,494 (506) 141,444 Training 1,500 480 (1,020) 508 Travel and Meeting Expense 6,070 4,205 (1,865) 3,708 Dues and Subscriptions 2,530 1,700 (830) 2,559 Medical Examinations 1,550 1,095 (455) 645 Advertising/Legal Notice 1,500 826 (674) 1,401 Dumping Fees 13,000 8,808 (4,192) 18,197 Small Claims 40,000 24,874 (15,126) 35,370 Street Light Electricity 43,200 45,488 2,288 46,343 Total Contractual Services 500 1,071 571 805 Gas and Oil 15,615 15,428 (187) 23,175 Uniforms 5,575 4,554 (1,021) 4,988 Show and lee Control 39,500 38,800 (700) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>. ,</td> <td>,</td>				. ,	,
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$\begin{array}{c cccc} \mbox{Medical Examinations} & 1,550 & 1,095 & (455) & 645 \\ \mbox{AdvertisingLegal Notice} & 1,500 & 826 & (674) & 1,401 \\ \mbox{Dumping Fees} & 13,000 & 8,808 & (4,192) & 18,197 \\ \mbox{Small Claims} & 40,000 & 24,874 & (15,126) & 35,370 \\ \mbox{Street Light Electricity} & 43,200 & 45,488 & 2,288 & 46,343 \\ \mbox{Total Contractual Services} & 530,596 & 545,966 & 15,370 & 676,822 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$					
$\begin{array}{c cccccc} Advertising/Legal Notice & 1,500 & 826 & (674) & 1,401 \\ Dumping Fees & 13,000 & 8,808 & (4,192) & 18,197 \\ Small Claims & 40,000 & 24,874 & (15,126) & 35,370 \\ Street Light Electricity & 43,200 & 45,488 & 2,288 & 46,543 \\ Total Contractual Services & 530,596 & 545,966 & 15,370 & 676,822 \\ \hline \\ Commodities & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$. ,	
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Street Light Electricity Total Contractual Services $43,200$ $45,488$ $2,288$ $46,343$ Commodities Office Supplies $530,596$ $545,966$ $15,370$ $676,822$ Commodities Office Supplies 500 $1,071$ 571 805 Gas and Oil $15,615$ $15,428$ (187) $23,175$ Uniforms $5,575$ $4,554$ $(1,021)$ $4,988$ Vehicle Parts $10,000$ $6,000$ $(4,000)$ $7,885$ Operating Equipment $40,570$ $36,237$ $(4,333)$ $45,545$ Trees $62,470$ $57,387$ $(5,083)$ $49,860$ Snow and Ice Control $39,500$ $38,800$ (700) $45,861$ Total Commodities $1,456,724$ $1,414,672$ $(42,052)$ $1,552,587$ SanitationContractual Services $68,437$ $69,829$ $1,392$ $49,685$ Collection and Disposal $947,535$ $962,352$ $14,817$ $897,066$ Leaf Disposal $947,535$ $962,352$ $14,817$ $897,066$ Commodities $1,015,972$ $1,032,181$ $16,209$ $946,751$ Commodities $2,000$ $(2,000)$ 907 Total Sanitation $1,017,972$ $1,032,181$ $14,209$ $947,658$					
Total Contractual Services $530,596$ $545,966$ $15,370$ $676,822$ CommoditiesOffice Supplies 500 $1,071$ 571 805 Gas and Oil $15,615$ $15,428$ (187) $23,175$ Uniforms $5,575$ $4,554$ $(1,021)$ $4,988$ Vehicle Parts $10,000$ $6,000$ $(4,000)$ $7,865$ Operating Equipment $40,570$ $36,237$ $(4,333)$ $45,545$ Trees $62,470$ $57,387$ $(5,083)$ $49,860$ Snow and Ice Control $39,500$ $38,800$ (700) $45,861$ Total Commodities $174,230$ $159,477$ $(14,753)$ $178,099$ Total Public Works $1,456,724$ $1,414,672$ $(42,052)$ $1,552,587$ SanitationContractual Services $68,437$ $69,829$ $1,392$ $49,685$ Total Contractual Services $1,015,972$ $1,032,181$ $16,209$ $946,751$ Commodities $2,000$ $(2,000)$ 907 Total Sanitation $1,017,972$ $1,032,181$ $14,209$ $947,658$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} \mbox{Commodities} & 500 & 1,071 & 571 & 805 \\ \mbox{Gas and Oil} & 15,615 & 15,428 & (187) & 23,175 \\ \mbox{Uniforms} & 5,575 & 4,554 & (1,021) & 4,988 \\ \mbox{Vehicle Parts} & 10,000 & 6,000 & (4,000) & 7,865 \\ \mbox{Operating Equipment} & 40,570 & 36,237 & (4,333) & 45,545 \\ \mbox{Trees} & 62,470 & 57,387 & (5,083) & 49,860 \\ \mbox{Snow and Ice Control} & 39,500 & 38,800 & (700) & 45,861 \\ \mbox{Total Commodities} & 174,230 & 159,477 & (14,753) & 178,099 \\ \mbox{Total Public Works} & 1,456,724 & 1,414,672 & (42,052) & 1,552,587 \\ \mbox{Sanitation} & \\ \mbox{Contractual Services} & \\ \mbox{Collection and Disposal} & 947,535 & 962,352 & 14,817 & 897,066 \\ \mbox{Leaf Disposal} & 68,437 & 69,829 & 1,392 & 49,685 \\ \mbox{Total Contractual Services} & 1,015,972 & 1,032,181 & 16,209 & 946,751 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbox{Total Sanitation} & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \mbox{Commodities} & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \mbo$,			
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} & 500 & 1,071 & 571 & 805 \\ \hline Gas and Oil & 15,615 & 15,428 & (187) & 23,175 \\ Uniforms & 5,575 & 4,554 & (1,021) & 4,988 \\ \hline Vehicle Parts & 10,000 & 6,000 & (4,000) & 7,865 \\ \hline Operating Equipment & 40,570 & 36,237 & (4,333) & 45,545 \\ \hline Trees & 62,470 & 57,387 & (5,083) & 49,860 \\ Snow and Ice Control & 39,500 & 38,800 & (700) & 45,861 \\ \hline Total Commodities & 174,230 & 159,477 & (14,753) & 178,099 \\ \hline Total Public Works & 1,456,724 & 1,414,672 & (42,052) & 1,552,587 \\ \hline Sanitation \\ Contractual Services \\ Collection and Disposal & 947,535 & 962,352 & 14,817 & 897,066 \\ Leaf Disposal & 68,437 & 69,829 & 1,392 & 49,685 \\ \hline Total Contractual Services & 1,015,972 & 1,032,181 & 16,209 & 946,751 \\ \hline Commodities & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \hline Total Sanitation & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Total Contractual Services	530,596	545,900	15,570	070,822
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} & 500 & 1,071 & 571 & 805 \\ \hline Gas and Oil & 15,615 & 15,428 & (187) & 23,175 \\ Uniforms & 5,575 & 4,554 & (1,021) & 4,988 \\ \hline Vehicle Parts & 10,000 & 6,000 & (4,000) & 7,865 \\ \hline Operating Equipment & 40,570 & 36,237 & (4,333) & 45,545 \\ \hline Trees & 62,470 & 57,387 & (5,083) & 49,860 \\ Snow and Ice Control & 39,500 & 38,800 & (700) & 45,861 \\ \hline Total Commodities & 174,230 & 159,477 & (14,753) & 178,099 \\ \hline Total Public Works & 1,456,724 & 1,414,672 & (42,052) & 1,552,587 \\ \hline Sanitation \\ Contractual Services \\ Collection and Disposal & 947,535 & 962,352 & 14,817 & 897,066 \\ Leaf Disposal & 68,437 & 69,829 & 1,392 & 49,685 \\ \hline Total Contractual Services & 1,015,972 & 1,032,181 & 16,209 & 946,751 \\ \hline Commodities & 2,000 & (2,000) & 907 \\ \hline Total Sanitation & 1,017,972 & 1,032,181 & 14,209 & 947,658 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Commoditios				
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Vehicle Parts $10,000$ $6,000$ $(4,000)$ $7,865$ Operating Equipment $40,570$ $36,237$ $(4,333)$ $45,545$ Trees $62,470$ $57,387$ $(5,083)$ $49,860$ Snow and Ice Control $39,500$ $38,800$ (700) $45,861$ Total Commodities $174,230$ $159,477$ $(14,753)$ $178,099$ Total Public Works $1,456,724$ $1,414,672$ $(42,052)$ $1,552,587$ SanitationContractual Services $68,437$ $69,829$ $1,392$ $49,685$ Total Contractual Services $1,015,972$ $1,032,181$ $16,209$ $946,751$ Commodities $2,000$ $(2,000)$ 907 Total Sanitation $1,017,972$ $1,032,181$ $14,209$ $947,658$. ,	
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Trees $62,470$ $57,387$ $(5,083)$ $49,860$ Snow and Ice Control $39,500$ $38,800$ (700) $45,861$ Total Commodities $174,230$ $159,477$ $(14,753)$ $178,099$ Total Public Works $1,456,724$ $1,414,672$ $(42,052)$ $1,552,587$ SanitationContractual Services $Collection and Disposal$ $947,535$ $962,352$ $14,817$ $897,066$ Leaf Disposal $947,535$ $962,352$ $14,817$ $897,066$ Leaf Disposal $68,437$ $69,829$ $1,392$ $49,685$ Total Contractual Services $1,015,972$ $1,032,181$ $16,209$ $946,751$ Commodities $2,000$ $(2,000)$ 907 Total Sanitation $1,017,972$ $1,032,181$ $14,209$ $947,658$					
Snow and Ice Control Total Commodities $39,500$ $38,800$ (700) $45,861$ Total Commodities $174,230$ $159,477$ $(14,753)$ $178,099$ Total Public Works $1,456,724$ $1,414,672$ $(42,052)$ $1,552,587$ Sanitation Contractual Services Collection and Disposal Leaf Disposal Total Contractual Services $947,535$ $962,352$ $14,817$ $897,066$ Leaf Disposal Total Contractual Services $947,535$ $962,352$ $14,817$ $897,066$ Commodities Operating Supplies $2,000$ $(2,000)$ 907 Total Sanitation $1,017,972$ $1,032,181$ $14,209$ $947,658$					
Total Commodities 174,230 159,477 (14,753) 178,099 Total Public Works 1,456,724 1,414,672 (42,052) 1,552,587 Sanitation Contractual Services Collection and Disposal Leaf Disposal Total Contractual Services 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Commodities Operating Supplies 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Commodities Operating Supplies 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658					
Total Public Works 1,456,724 1,414,672 (42,052) 1,552,587 Sanitation Contractual Services Collection and Disposal Leaf Disposal Total Contractual Services 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Leaf Disposal Total Contractual Services 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Commodities Operating Supplies 2,000 (2,000) 946,751 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658					
Sanitation Contractual Services Collection and Disposal 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Leaf Disposal 68,437 69,829 1,392 49,685 Total Contractual Services 1,015,972 1,032,181 16,209 946,751 Commodities 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658		17 1,200	107,177	(11,700)	170,077
Contractual Services 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Leaf Disposal 68,437 69,829 1,392 49,685 Total Contractual Services 1,015,972 1,032,181 16,209 946,751 Commodities 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658	Total Public Works	1,456,724	1,414,672	(42,052)	1,552,587
Contractual Services 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Leaf Disposal 68,437 69,829 1,392 49,685 Total Contractual Services 1,015,972 1,032,181 16,209 946,751 Commodities 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658	Sanitation				
Collection and Disposal 947,535 962,352 14,817 897,066 Leaf Disposal 68,437 69,829 1,392 49,685 Total Contractual Services 1,015,972 1,032,181 16,209 946,751 Commodities 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658					
Leaf Disposal 68,437 69,829 1,392 49,685 Total Contractual Services 1,015,972 1,032,181 16,209 946,751 Commodities 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658		947 535	962 352	14 817	897 066
Total Contractual Services 1,015,972 1,032,181 16,209 946,751 Commodities Operating Supplies 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658	*				
Operating Supplies 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658		1,015,972			
Operating Supplies 2,000 (2,000) 907 Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658	Commodition				
Total Sanitation 1,017,972 1,032,181 14,209 947,658		2 000		(2,000)	007
	Operating Supplies	2,000		(2,000)	907
Total Expenditures \$ 14,445,177 14,270,842 (174,335) 13,926,760	Total Sanitation	1,017,972	1,032,181	14,209	947,658
	Total Expenditures	\$ 14,445,177	14,270,842	(174,335)	13,926,760

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Motor Fuel Tax Fund (Nonmajor Fund) is used to account for the activities involved with street maintenance, improvements and construction. Financing is provided by the Village's share of State gasoline taxes. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain streets.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 265,894	285,767	19,873	374,848
Investment Income	1,421	755	(666)	1,379
Total Revenues	267,315	286,522	19,207	376,227
Expenditures Current				
Highway and Streets	524,037	513,450	(10,587)	195,174
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (256,722)	(226,928)	29,794	181,053
Fund Balance				
Beginning		835,809		654,756
Ending		608,881		835,809

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Alternate Revenue Debt Service Fund (Nonmajor Fund) is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of the General Obligation Bond Series 2005 and 2008A. The 2005 and 2008A series bonds were issued to finance Library building improvements and Village street improvements, respectively. Financing is provided by property taxes.

Alternate Revenue Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

	 Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 125,572	240,702	115,130	221,687
Investment Income	 100	283	183	(2,417)
Total Revenues	 125,672	240,985	115,313	219,270
Expenditures				
Debt Service	205 000	205 000		200,000
Principal	205,000	205,000	(1,025)	200,000
Interest	 13,278	12,253	(1,025)	19,683
Total Expenditures	 218,278	217,253	(1,025)	219,683
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (92,606)	23,732	116,338	(413)
Fund Balance				
Beginning		149,078		149,491
Ending		172,810		149,078

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

- Economic Development Fund (Nonmajor Fund) is used to account for previous commitments entered into by the Village from funds originally received through the previous Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Economic Development Fund.
- Capital Equipment Replacement Fund (Major Fund) is used to account for financial resources to be used for the replacement of equipment.
- Capital Improvement Fund (Nonmajor Fund) is a fund used to account for various infrastructure improvements including alleys, commuter parking lots and streets. Financing is provided by red light camera revenue, grants and parking lot fees.

Economic Development Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	1,597	1,597	570
Investment Income	2,500	4,828	2,328	(44,028)
Total Revenues	2,500	6,425	3,925	(43,458)
Expenditures Current Development	2,154,500	196,020	(1,958,480)	98,794
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,152,000)	(189,595)	1,962,405	(142,252)
Fund Balance		2,289,663		2,431,915
Beginning	-	2,269,003	-	2,431,913
Ending	-	2,100,068	-	2,289,663

Capital Equipment Replacement Fund (Major Fund)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

			Variance with Final Budget	
	Final	2016	Over	2015
	Budget	Actual	(Under)	Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	10,718	10,718	
Investment Income	20,000	25,542	5,542	50,232
Miscellaneous	5,000	4,999	(1)	5,000
Total Revenues	25,000	41,259	16,259	55,232
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay	1,466,834	471,322	(995,512)	338,801
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	(1,441,834)	(430,063)	1,011,771	(283,569)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	522,442	461,547	(60,895)	465,423
Sale of Capital Assets	20,000	36,832	16,832	103,722
Total Other Financing Sources	542,442	498,379	(44,063)	569,145
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (899,392)	68,316	967,708	285,576
Fund Balance				
Beginning		3,634,606		3,349,030
Ending		3,702,922		3,634,606

Capital Improvement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 564,354	25,000	(539,354)	51,298
Charges for Services	58,833	63,628	4,795	61,590
Fines and Forfeits				
Automated Traffic Signal Enforcement	500,000	909,062	409,062	772,425
Investment Income	 3,000	7,186	4,186	(6,529)
Total Revenues	 1,126,187	1,004,876	(121,311)	878,784
Expenditures Current				
General Government		12,000		
Capital Outlay	 1,291,537	861,345	(952,969)	320,441
	 1,291,537	873,345	(952,969)	320,441
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (165,350)	131,531	831,658	558,343
Fund Balance Beginning		1,185,539		627,196
Ending		1,317,070		1,185,539

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

ENTERPRISE FUND

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund (Major Fund) is used to account for the provision of water services, sewer repair, and improvement services to the residents of the Village of River Forest. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this Fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing collection.

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual (GAAP and Budgetary Basis)

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Water Sales	\$ 3,098,236	2,870,319	(227,917)	2,737,726
Sewer Charges	1,887,703	1,696,090	(191,613)	1,326,488
Sales of Meters	4,000	3,292	(708)	5,615
Total Operating Revenues	4,989,939	4,569,701	(420,238)	4,069,829
Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation Personal Services				
Salaries Regular	596,389	625,065	28,676	589,559
Specialists Pay	2,100	2,100		2,100
Overtime	12,000	4,815	(7,185)	9,875
Insurance Refusal Reimb	300	238	(62)	300
Part-Time Salaries	14,800	16,105	1,305	12,018
FICA	38,356	39,849	1,493	36,760
Medicare	9,067	9,429	362	8,675
IMRF	75,032	77,929	2,897	75,786
IMRF Net Pension Obligation				1,393
Fringe Benefits	4,420	4,816	396	4,738
Health Insurance	134,199	133,781	(418)	127,324
Health Insurance - Retirees	3,124	3,254	130	4,315
Other Post Employment Benefits		5,825	5,825	6,193
Life Insurance	272	367	95	309
HDHP Contributions	7,806	7,902	96	6,954
Total Personal	897,865	931,475	33,610	886,299
Contractual Services				
Electricity	33,600	33,553	(47)	30,755
Communications	4,680	5,612	932	5,358
Auditing	10,028	10,528	500	9,735
Consulting Services	46,000	37,826	(8,174)	
IT Support	37,721	42,462	4,741	11,965
Inspections	1,100		(1,100)	
JULIE Participation	1,418	1,834	416	1,236
Bank Fees	10,243	13,898	3,655	9,340
Liability Insurance	36,212	33,562	(2,650)	27,408
Water System Maintenance	125,500	103,618	(21,882)	174,138
Hydrant Maintenance	28,000	12,914	(15,086)	
Maintenance of Vehicles	7,000	17,698	10,698	2,065
Maintenance of Office Equipment	500	1,592	1,092	1,106
Maintenance of Buildings	14,750	6,795	(7,955)	9,644
Maintenance of Streets	32,000	17,232	(14,768)	13,103
Overhead Sewer Program	59,000	114,451	55,451	134,470

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual (Cont.)

Year Ended April 30, 2016 With Comparative Actual for the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Operating Expenses, Excluding				
Depreciation (Cont.)				
Contractual Services (Cont.)				
Sewer/Catch Basin Repair	45,000	33,484	(11,516)	59,054
Training	1,050		(1,050)	410
Travel & Meeting	2,250	1,784	(466)	813
Dues & Subscriptions	1,460	1,542	82	1,230
Printing	6,309	5,573	(736)	5,393
Medical & Screening	700		(700)	
Water Testing	7,610	6,410	(1,200)	4,136
Advertising/Legal Notice	500	301	(199)	2,554
Dumping Fees	18,000	12,052	(5,948)	18,550
Damage Claims	2,500	33,126	30,626	10,421
Total Contractual Services	533,131	547,847	14,716	532,884
Commodities				
Office Supplies	500	223	(277)	328
Gas & Oil	16,065	10,065	(6,000)	12,976
Uniforms	1,475	800	(675)	675
Vehicle Parts	7,000	13,452	6,452	4,570
Operating Supplies	56,500	70,458	13,958	47,040
Postage	8,100	8,639	539	8,568
Water from Chicago	1,687,480	1,518,006	(169,474)	1,395,027
Total Commodities	1,777,120	1,621,643	(155,477)	1,469,184
Capital Outlay				
Building Improvements	54,500	38,620	(15,880)	17,100
Sewer System Improvements	13,964,000	13,958,887	(5,113)	2,295,258
Water System Improvements	375,000	43,212	(331,788)	552,133
Meter Replacement Program	24,000	22,458	(1,542)	18,341
Street Improvements	70,000	65,307	(4,693)	33,018
Total Capital Outlay	14,487,500	14,128,484	(359,016)	2,915,850
Total Operating Expenses, Excluding				
Depreciation	\$ 17,695,616	17,229,449	(466,167)	5,804,217
Depresation	φ 17,095,010	17,229,449	(+00,107)	5,004,217

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual (Cont.)

Year Ended April 30, 2016 With Comparative Actual for the Year Ended April 30, 2015

Variance with Final Budget Final 2016 Over 2015 Budget (Under) Actual Actual Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Total Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation to GAAP Basis Total Operating Expenses, **Excluding Depreciation** Total Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation - Budgetary Basis 17,229,449 \$ 17,695,616 (466, 167)5,804,217 Less Fixed Assets Capitalized (14, 339, 000)(13, 883, 964)455,036 (2,662,632)Total Operating Expenses, Excluding **Depreciation - GAAP Basis** 3,356,616 3,345,485 (11, 131)3,141,585 **Operating Income Before Depreciation** 1,633,323 1,224,216 (409,107) 928,244 Depreciation 191,520 170,055 (21, 465)164,834 **Operating Income** 1,441,803 1,054,161 (387,642) 763,410 \$ Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Income \$ 300 2,062 1,762 (18,069)**Principal Payments** (890, 210)(591, 522)298,688 (163, 118)Interest Expense (202, 596)(162, 831)39,765 (33, 922)Transfer Out (60, 895)60,895 Loss on Disposal of Property (8, 192)(8,192) 8,533 Transfers In 382,300 25,309 Miscellaneous 5,000 20,309 54 **Total Nonoperating Revenues** (Expenses) (1, 148, 401)(352, 874)413,227 (206, 522)\$ 293,402 701,287 25,585 Change in Net Position - Budgetary Basis 556,888 Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Change in Net Position to GAAP Basis Change in Net Position Change in Net Position - Budgetary Basis \$ 293,402 701,287 407,885 556,888 **Plus Principal Payments** 890,210 591,522 (298,688) 163,118 109,197 Change in Net Position - GAAP Basis \$ 1,183,612 1,292,809 720,006 Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported 7,461,745 6,741,739 Restatement (Note 16) (113,656) Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated 7,348,089 6,741,739 Ending 8,640,898 7,461,745 111

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

TRUST FUNDS

- Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by police force members at rates fixed by state statutes and the Village through an annual property tax levy.
- Firefighters' Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by fire personnel members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the Village through an annual property tax levy.

Police Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual

Year Ended April 30, 2016 With Comparative Actual for the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Additions				
Contributions	A 371 014	250 151	(10.0.00)	220.002
Participant Contributions	\$ 271,014	258,151	(12,863)	228,802
Employer Contributions	1,204,822	1,130,516	(74,306)	1,098,682
	1,475,836	1,388,667	(87,169)	1,327,484
Investment Income (Loss)				
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in	1 054 002	(491, 276)	(1, 526, 270)	010.00
Fair Value of Investments	1,054,903	(481,376)	(1,536,279)	918,826
Interest and Dividends	493,242	335,289	(157,953)	697,223
	1,548,145	(146,087)	(1,694,232)	1,616,049
Less Investment Expense	48,700	30,258	18,442	46,522
Net Investment Income (Loss)	1,499,445	(176,345)	(1,675,790)	1,569,527
Total Additions	2,975,281	1,212,322	(1,762,959)	2,897,011
Deductions				
Benefits	2,128,797	2,060,037	(68,760)	1,902,065
Administrative Expense	67,532	62,316	(5,216)	45,915
Total Deductions	2,196,329	2,122,353	(73,976)	1,947,980
		, ,		, , <u>,</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 778,952	(910,031)	(1,688,983)	949,031
Net Position				
Beginning		21,571,558		20,622,527
Ending		20,661,527		21,571,558

Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual

Year Ended April 30, 2016 With Comparative Actual for the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Final Budget	2016 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	2015 Actual
Additions Contributions				
	\$ 188,117	10/ 102	(2,004)	101 000
Participant Contributions Employer Contributions	\$ 188,117 988,150	184,123 946,756	(3,994) (41,394)	184,809 822,631
Employer Contributions	1,176,267	1,130,879	(45,388)	1,007,440
Investment Income (Loss)	1,170,207	1,150,077	(+3,300)	1,007,440
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in				
Fair Value of Investments	767,093	(1,168,674)	(1,935,767)	156,389
Interest and Dividends	233,762	379,300	145,538	504,024
	1,000,855	(789,374)	(1,790,229)	660,413
Less Investment Expense	55,500	56,610	(1,110)	60,884
Net Investment Income (Loss)	945,355	(845,984)	(1,791,339)	599,529
Total Additions	2,121,622	284,895	(1,836,727)	1,606,969
Deductions				
Benefits	1,545,257	1,382,009	(163,248)	1,339,397
Administrative Expense	37,572	50,589	13,017	33,720
Total Deductions	1,582,829	1,432,598	(150,231)	1,373,117
Change in Net Position	\$ 538,793	(1,147,703)	(1,686,496)	233,852
Net Position				
Beginning		15,288,268		15,054,416
Ending		14,140,565		15,288,268

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Assets Used in the Operations of Governmental Funds

Schedule of Capital Assets by Source April 30, 2016

Governmental Funds Capital Assets	
Land	\$ 1,139,497
Right of Ways	3,826,453
Buildings	4,833,404
Vehicles and Equipment	4,168,439
Infrastructure	12,625,071
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 26,592,864
Investments in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source	
From Current Revenues	<u>\$ 26,592,864</u>

Capital Assets Used in the Operations of Governmental Funds

Schedule by Function and Activity April 30, 2016

	General Government	Public Safety	Highway and Streets	Public Works	Total
Land	\$ 1,139,497				1,139,497
Right of Ways			3,826,453		3,826,453
Buildings	4,599,747	81,157		152,500	4,833,404
Vehicles and Equipment	248,143	2,869,635		1,050,661	4,168,439
Infrastructure			12,625,071		12,625,071
	\$ 5,987,387	2,950,792	16,451,524	1,203,161	26,592,864

Capital Assets Used in the Operations of Governmental Funds

Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity Year Ended April 30, 2016

	May 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	April 30, 2016
General Government	\$ 5,987,387				5,987,387
Public Safety	2,989,632	144,024	182,864		2,950,792
Highways and Streets	16,242,251	532,604	323,331		16,451,524
Public Works	1,087,549	143,666	28,054		1,203,161
	\$ 26,306,819	820,294	534,249	-	26,592,864

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2005

April 30, 2016

Date of Issue	June 1, 2005
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2017
Authorized Issue	\$490,000
Interest Rate	3.50% - 4.15%
Interest Dates	June 1 and December 1
Payable at	Amalgamated Bank of Chicago
Purpose	Library Improvements

Tax Levy			Requirements			Interest	Due On	
Year	I	Principal	Interest	Totals	June 1	Amount	Dec. 1	Amount
2015	\$	50,000	4,150	54,150	2016	2,075	2016	2,075
2016		50,000	2,074	52,074	2017	1,037	2017	1,037
	\$	100,000	6,224	106,224		3,112		3,112

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2016

April 30, 2016

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rate Interest Dates Purpose February 24, 2016 December 1, 2017 \$382,300 1.25% December 1 Bank Loan Payment

Levy		Requirements			Interes	t Due On
Year	I	Principal	Interest	Totals	Dec. 1	Amount
2015	\$	189,480	3,677	193,157	2016	3,67
2016		192,820	2,410	195,230	2017	2,41
	\$	382,300	6,087	388,387		6,08

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation (Water & Sewer ARS) Bonds, Series 2008B

April 30, 2016

Date of Issue	December 15, 2008
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2018
Authorized Issue	\$1,355,000
Interest Rate	2.75% - 4.10%
Interest Dates	June 1 and December 1
Payable at	Deutsche Bank National Trust Company
Purpose	Water Meter Replacements

Fiscal			Requirements			Interest	Due On	
Year]	Principal	Interest	Totals	June 1	Amount	Dec. 1	Amount
2017	\$	160,000	19,650	179,650	2016	9,825	2016	9,825
2018		165,000	13,570	178,570	2017	6,785	2017	6,785
2019		170,000	6,970	176,970	2018	3,485	2018	3,485
	\$	495,000	40,190	535,190		20,095		20,095

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Community Bank Loan

April 30, 2016

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rate Interest Dates Payable at Purpose September 19, 2014 November 15, 2024 \$600,000 2.20% February, May, August and November 15 Community Bank Sewer Project

Fiscal	Requirements				
Year	Principal		Interest	Totals	
2017	\$	51,846	2,844	54,690	
2018		52,935	1,755	54,690	
2019		45,580	565	46,145	
	\$	150,361	5,164	155,525	

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

Statistical Section

This portion of the Village of River Forest Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall economic condition.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	121-128
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue sources, the sales tax and the property tax.	129-137
Debt Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Village's ability to issue additional debt.	138-142
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.	143-147
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.	148-152

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Village's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The Village implemented GASB Statement 34 in Fiscal Year 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 17,549,045	17,550,257	17,489,924	16,963,950
Restricted	3,522,426	3,910,388	3,843,897	3,732,052
Unrestricted	(21,075,877)	10,699,288	9,293,650	7,797,449
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	(4,406)	32,159,933	30,627,471	28,493,451
Business-type Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,759,387	6,307,314	4,985,125	4,775,037
Restricted	31,044	31,044	35,000	
Unrestricted	1,850,467	1,123,387	1,721,614	1,428,687
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	8,640,898	7,461,745	6,741,739	6,203,724
Primary Government				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	24,308,432	23,857,571	22,475,049	21,738,987
Restricted	3,553,470	3,941,432	3,878,897	3,732,052
Unrestricted	(19,225,410)	11,822,675	11,015,264	9,226,136
Total Net Position	\$ 8,636,492	39,621,678	37,369,210	34,697,175

Audited Financial Statements

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
17,117,381	17,028,863	16,505,843	12,863,300	9,177,914	6,062,431
3,270,398	3,837,090	7,404,892	10,007,290	10,694,552	9,836,089
6,882,014	5,921,662	4,984,369	3,841,809	3,996,317	4,188,890
27,269,793	26,787,615	28,895,104	26,712,399	23,868,783	20,087,410
4,682,056	4,588,385	4,781,583	4,182,910	5,244,490	5,114,946
1,083,706	1,140,252	991,038	1,805,129	949,805	953,021
	-,	,,	-,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,
5,765,762	5,728,637	5,772,621	5,988,039	6,194,295	6,067,967
21,799,437	21,617,248	21,287,426	17,046,210	14,422,404	11,177,377
3,270,398	3,837,090	7,404,892	10,007,290	11,255,587	9,836,089
7,965,720	7,061,914	5,975,407	5,646,938	4,385,087	5,141,911
33,035,555	32,516,252	34,667,725	32,700,438	30,063,078	26,155,377

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Development 557,136 387,869 305,332 422 Public Safety 11,474,885 9,426,332 9,404,325 8,233 Public Works 1,371,856 488,021 537,063 77 Sanitation 1,032,181 947,658 948,835 87 Interest 9,811 16,724 23,685 22 Total Governmental Activities Expenses 18,351,600 15,241,335 14,982,089 14,492 Governmental Activities 14,62,240 1,510,120 1,446,959 1,255 Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,261,306 61 Sanitation 947,678 894,883 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 316,519 316,519 322 Total Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,233) General Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,255 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,234) General Revenues	Fiscal Year	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government \$ 2,460,334 2,287,249 2,126,040 2,32 Development 557,136 387,869 305,332 422 Public Safety 11,474,585 9,426,332 9,494,525 8,233 Public Works 1,445,697 1,687,482 1,357,856 488,021 537,763 Sanitation 1,032,181 947,658 948,835 87 Interest 9,811 16,724 23,685 22 Total Governmental Activities Expenses 18,351,600 15,241,335 14,982,089 14,49 Governmental Activities Governmental Activities 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 661 Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 316,519 316,519 325 Total Governmental Activitics Program Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,257 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,233,106 General Revenues 539,018 <th>Governmental Activities</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Governmental Activities				
Development 557,136 387,869 305,332 4.23 Public Safety 11,474,585 9,426,332 9,494,525 8,23 Public Works 1,371,856 488,021 537,963 77 Sanitation 1,032,181 947,7658 9448,355 82,37 Interest 9,811 16,724 23,685 22 Total Governmental Activities Expenses 18,351,600 15,241,335 14,982,089 14,49 Governmental Activities Governmental Activities 14,62,240 1,510,120 1,446,959 1,255 Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61 Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 316,519 316,519 70 Total Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23) General Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,25 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities 139,670 37,637 358,	Governmental Activity Expenses				
Public Safety 11,474,585 9,426,332 9,494,525 8,23 Public Works 1,445,697 1,687,482 1,545,709 1,82 Highways and Streets 1,371,886 448,021 537,963 777 Sanitation 1,052,181 947,658 948,835 87 Interest 9,811 16,724 23,685 22 Total Governmental Activities 1,800 15,241,335 14,982,089 14,49 Governmental Activities 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61 Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 521 Capital Grants and Contributions 344,607 659,933 999,002 521 Total Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23) General Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,255 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (53,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) <td>General Government</td> <td>\$ 2,460,334</td> <td>2,287,249</td> <td>2,126,040</td> <td>2,323,003</td>	General Government	\$ 2,460,334	2,287,249	2,126,040	2,323,003
Public Works 1,445,697 1,687,482 1,545,709 1,82 Highways and Streets 1,371,856 488,021 537,963 77 Sunitation 1,032,181 947,658 948,835 87 Interest 9,811 16,724 23,685 22 Total Governmental Activities Expenses 9,811 16,724 23,685 22 Governmental Activities 1,602,403 1,510,120 1,446,959 1,252 Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61 Sonitation 947,359 895,892 881,518 866 Operating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 522 Capital Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 522 Capital Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,073 (10,293,304) (11,233) General Revenues (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,234) General Revenues 559,018 657,968 703,108 633	Development	557,136	387,869	305,332	428,951
Highways and Streets 1.371.856 488.021 537.963 77. Samitation 1.032.181 947.658 948.835 87. Total Governmental Activities Expenses 18.351.600 15.241.335 14.982.089 14.462 Governmental Activities Charges for Services 6 1.462.240 1.510.120 1.446.959 1.25. General Governmental Activities 1.462.240 1.510.120 1.446.959 1.25. Gauge Grants and Contributions 347.607 659.933 999.002 522 Capital Grants and Contributions 347.607 659.933 999.002 522 Total Governmental Activities (1.3677.402) (10.679.773) (10.293.304) (11.23) General Revenues 7 1.462.247 357.555 354.715 433 Property Taxes 6.396.586 6.288.974 6.252.288 6.044 Utility Taxes 559.018 657.968 703.108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885.574 871.224 819.156 78 Sales Taxes 1.852.443 1.855.258 1.71.032 1.700	Public Safety	11,474,585	9,426,332	9,494,525	8,235,039
Sanitation 1.032.181 947,658 948,835 87. Interest 9.811 16,724 23,685 22 Total Governmental Activities Expenses 18,351,600 15,241,335 14,982,089 14,492 Governmental Activities Charges for Services 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61 Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 0perating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 524 Capital Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 524 Capital Grants and Contributions 347,619 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,25 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,123) General Revenues 6,396,586 6,288,974 6,252,288 6,04 Property Taxes 539,018 657,968 703,108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 48 Communications Taxes 1,890,673 316,310	Public Works	1,445,697	1,687,482	1,545,709	1,827,429
Interest Total Governmental Activities Expenses 9.811 16.724 23.685 2 Governmental Activities Expenses 18.351.600 15.241.335 14.982.089 14.49 Governmental Activities Charges for Services 1.462.240 1.510.120 1.446.959 1.25 General Government 1.462.240 1.510.120 1.446.959 1.25 Public Safety 1.600.463 1.495.617 1.361.306 61- Sanitation 947.369 895.892 881.518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 347.607 659.933 999.002 52 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 4.674.198 4.561.562 4.688.785 3.225 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13.677.402) (10.679.773) (10.293.304) (11.233) General Revenues 559.018 657.968 703.108 633 165.198 60.44 Utility Taxes 6.396.586 6.288.974 6.252.288 60.44 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 385.574 871.224 819.156 78	Highways and Streets	1,371,856	488,021	537,963	775,263
Total Governmental Activities Expenses $18,351,600$ $15,241,335$ $14,982,089$ $14,497$ Governmental Activities Governmental Activities Governmental Activities $1,462,240$ $1,510,120$ $1,446,959$ $1,25$ Public Safety $1,600,463$ $1,495,617$ $1,361,306$ 61 Sanitation $947,369$ $895,892$ $881,518$ 86 Operating Grants and Contributions $316,519$ 22 2333 $999,002$ 521 Capital Grants and Contributions $316,519$ $233,041$ $(11,233,04)$ $(11,233,04)$ $(11,233,04)$ General Revenues $(13,677,402)$ $(10,679,773)$ $(10,293,304)$ $(11,233,04)$ <td>Sanitation</td> <td>1,032,181</td> <td>947,658</td> <td>948,835</td> <td>873,032</td>	Sanitation	1,032,181	947,658	948,835	873,032
Governmental Activity Revenues Governmental Activities Governmental Activities Charges for Services General Government 1.462,240 1.510,120 1.446,959 1.25; Public Safety 1.600,463 1.495,617 1.361,306 61; Sanitation 947,369 898,892 881,518 86; Operating Grants and Contributions 316,519 22; 23; 24; 160,0463 1,495,617 1.361,306 61; Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3.25; Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23); General Revenues * * 13,657,402 4,668,785 3.25; Net Activity Taxes 6.396,586 6,288,974 6,252,288 6,04; Other Taxes 559,018 657,968 703,108 633; Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 78; Communications Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258	Interest	9,811	16,724	23,685	29,391
Governmental Activities Charges for Services General Government 1,462,240 1,510,120 1,446,959 1,253 Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61 Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 52 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,25 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23) General Revenues (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23) Grommunications Taxes 559,018 657,968 703,108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 78 Communications Taxes 342,467 337,535 354,715 433 Other Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Income Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Income Taxes 1,852,443<	Total Governmental Activities Expenses	18,351,600	15,241,335	14,982,089	14,492,108
Charges for Services Image: Charges for Services <thimage: charges="" for="" services<="" th=""> Image:</thimage:>	Governmental Activity Revenues				
General Government 1,462,240 1,510,120 1,446,959 1,25 Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61 Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 866 Operating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 521 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 4,674,198 4,561,562 4,688,785 3,257 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23) General Revenues (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,23) General Revenues 559,018 657,968 703,108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 788 Communications Taxes 342,467 337,637 358,573 311 Intergovernmental Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Income Taxes 1,850,627 1,094,125 1,088,668 1,000 Other Intergovernmental Taxes 1,90,627 1,	Governmental Activities				
Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61. Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 522 Capital Grants and Contributions 316,519 316,519 325 Total Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,233) General Revenues (13,677,402) (10,679,713) (13,020,753) (13,173,1032) (170) Interost (1,	Charges for Services				
Public Safety 1,600,463 1,495,617 1,361,306 61. Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 347,607 659,933 999,002 521 Capital Grants and Contributions 316,519 316,519 325 Total Governmental Activities (13,677,402) (10,679,773) (10,293,304) (11,231) General Revenues (1,852,443		1,462,240	1,510,120	1,446,959	1,252,826
Sanitation 947,369 895,892 881,518 86 Operating Grants and Contributions 316,519 316,517 316,517 316,517 318,51,718 316,517 318,51,718 316,517 318,51,715 316,517 3138,067 337,637 358,573 311 316,517 316,517 310,415 316,419 <t< td=""><td>Public Safety</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>614,867</td></t<>	Public Safety				614,867
Operating Grants and Contributions $347,607$ $659,933$ $999,002$ 524 Capital Grants and Contributions $316,519$ $316,519$ $316,519$ $316,519$ Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues $4.674,198$ $4,561,562$ $4.688,785$ 3.25 Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities $(13,677,402)$ $(10,679,773)$ $(10,293,304)$ $(11,23)$ General Revenues $Property Taxes$ $6.396,586$ $6,288,974$ $6,252,288$ $6,044$ Utility Taxes $559,018$ $657,968$ $703,108$ 633 $865,754$ $871,224$ $819,156$ 784 Communications Taxes $342,467$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 311 Intergovernmental Taxes $382,047$ $1,99,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Incore Taxes $1,852,443$ $1,852,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Incore Taxes $1,90,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 <				881,518	864,918
Capital Grants and Contributions Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues $316,519$ Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities $(13,677,402)$ $(10,679,773)$ $(10,293,304)$ $(11,23)$ General Revenues $(13,677,402)$ $(10,679,773)$ $(10,293,304)$ $(11,23)$ Mon Home Rule Sales Tax $885,574$ $871,224$ $819,156$ 783 Communications Taxes $342,467$ $357,535$ $354,715$ 433 Intergovernmental Taxes $1,852,443$ $1,855,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Income Taxes $1,90,627$ $1,094,125$ $10,886,668$ 1	Operating Grants and Contributions		659,933		520,829
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues $4,674,198$ $4,561,562$ $4,688,785$ $3,252$ Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities $(13,677,402)$ $(10,679,773)$ $(10,293,304)$ $(11,23)$ General RevenuesProperty Taxes $6,396,586$ $6,288,974$ $6,252,288$ $6,044$ Utility Taxes $885,574$ $871,224$ $819,156$ 788 Communications Taxes $342,467$ $357,535$ $354,715$ 433 Other Taxes $1,852,443$ $1,855,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Income Taxes $1,190,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 566 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 Transfers $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 755 Business-type Activities $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,024$ Water and Sewerage Services $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,024$ Charges for Services $27,371$ $(9,482)$ $4,542$ $332,000$ Charges for Services $382,300$ $382,300$ $332,473$ 433 Charge in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 433	1 0		,	,	,
General Revenues 6,396,586 6,288,974 6,252,288 6,044 Utility Taxes 559,018 657,968 703,108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 788 Communications Taxes 342,467 357,535 354,715 433 Other Taxes 338,067 337,637 358,573 314 Intergovernmental Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Sales Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Income Taxes 1,190,627 1,094,125 1,088,668 1,000 Other Intergovernmental Taxes 268,703 319,459 656,459 566 Interest (382,300) 415,079 394 Transfers (382,300) 12,014,562 12,212,235 12,427,324 11,992 Change in Governmental Net Position (1,662,840) 1,532,462 2,134,020 755 Business-type Activities 3686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 4,569,701 4,069,829 3,765,294 3,46 <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,561,562</td> <td>4,688,785</td> <td>3,253,440</td>			4,561,562	4,688,785	3,253,440
Property Taxes 6,396,586 6,288,974 6,252,288 6,044 Utility Taxes 559,018 657,968 703,108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 784 Communications Taxes 342,467 357,535 354,715 433 Other Taxes 338,067 337,637 358,573 313 Intergovernmental Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Sales Taxes 1,190,627 1,094,125 1,088,668 10,00 Other Intergovernmental Taxes 475,402 448,870 415,079 393 Miscellaneous 268,703 319,459 656,459 566 Interest 87,975 (18,815) 48,246 99 Transfers (382,300) 12,014,562 12,212,235 12,427,324 11,995 Change in Governmental Net Position (1,662,840) 1,532,462 2,134,020 755 Business-type Activities 3686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 <t< td=""><td>Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities</td><td>(13,677,402)</td><td>(10,679,773)</td><td>(10,293,304)</td><td>(11,238,668)</td></t<>	Net Activity Expense of Governmental Activities	(13,677,402)	(10,679,773)	(10,293,304)	(11,238,668)
Property Taxes 6,396,586 6,288,974 6,252,288 6,044 Utility Taxes 559,018 657,968 703,108 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax 885,574 871,224 819,156 784 Communications Taxes 342,467 357,535 354,715 433 Other Taxes 338,067 337,637 358,573 313 Intergovernmental Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Sales Taxes 1,190,627 1,094,125 1,088,668 10,00 Other Intergovernmental Taxes 475,402 448,870 415,079 393 Miscellaneous 268,703 319,459 656,459 566 Interest 87,975 (18,815) 48,246 99 Transfers (382,300) 12,014,562 12,212,235 12,427,324 11,995 Change in Governmental Net Position (1,662,840) 1,532,462 2,134,020 755 Business-type Activities 3686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 <t< td=""><td>General Revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	General Revenues				
Utility Taxes $559,018$ $657,968$ $703,108$ 633 Non Home Rule Sales Tax $885,574$ $871,224$ $819,156$ 784 Communications Taxes $342,467$ $357,535$ $354,715$ 430 Other Taxes $338,067$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 311 Intergovernmental Taxes $338,067$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 311 Sales Taxes $1,852,443$ $1,855,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Income Taxes $1,90,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $475,402$ $448,870$ $415,079$ 390 Miscellaneous $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 56 Intergovernmental Netses $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 56 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 Transfers $(382,300)$ $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 755 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage Services $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,024$ Charges for Services $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,024$ Operating Grants and Contributions $35,000$ $35,000$ $35,000$ General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest $27,371$ $(9,482)$ $4,542$ 452 Transfers $382,300$ $382,300$ $33,473$ 433		6 396 586	6 288 974	6 252 288	6,043,549
Non Home Rule Sales Tax $885,574$ $871,224$ $819,156$ 784 Communications Taxes $342,467$ $357,535$ $354,715$ 430 Other Taxes $338,067$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 311 Intergovernmental Taxes $1,852,443$ $1,855,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Income Taxes $1,90,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $475,402$ $448,870$ $415,079$ 399 Miscellaneous $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 566 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 Transfers $(382,300)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 752 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage ServicesExpenses $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Charges for Services $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,460$ Operating Grants and Contributions $382,300$ $382,300$ $35,000$ Charge in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 432	1 V				638,421
Communications Taxes $342,467$ $357,535$ $354,715$ 430 Other Taxes $338,067$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 313 Intergovernmental Taxes $338,067$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 313 Sales Taxes $1,852,243$ $1,855,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Income Taxes $1,190,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $475,402$ $448,870$ $415,079$ 399 Miscellaneous $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 566 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 Transfers $(382,300)$ $1532,462$ $2,134,020$ 756 Business-type Activities $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,024$ Water and Sewerage Services $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,466$ Operating Grants and Contributions $35,000$ $35,000$ $35,000$ $35,000$ Change in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 433					784,724
Other Taxes $338,067$ $337,637$ $358,573$ 314 Intergovernmental Taxes $1,852,443$ $1,855,258$ $1,731,032$ $1,700$ Income Taxes $1,190,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $475,402$ $448,870$ $415,079$ 392 Miscellaneous $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 566 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 Transfers $(382,300)$ $12,014,562$ $12,212,235$ $12,427,324$ $11,992$ Change in Governmental Net Position $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 754 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage Services $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,024$ Charges for Services $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,46$ Operating Grants and Contributions $382,300$ $382,300$ $382,300$ $382,300$ Charge in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 433					430,716
Intergovernmental Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,703 Income Taxes 1,190,627 1,094,125 1,088,668 1,000 Other Intergovernmental Taxes 475,402 448,870 415,079 393 Miscellaneous 268,703 319,459 656,459 564 Interest 87,975 (18,815) 48,246 99 Transfers (382,300) 1 1,532,462 2,134,020 754 Business-type Activities 1,662,840) 1,532,462 2,134,020 754 Water and Sewerage Services 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 3,5000 35,000 35,000 35,000 General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest 27,371 (9,482) 4,542 253,473 Transfers 382,300 32,000 32,000 32,000 32,000					318,271
Sales Taxes 1,852,443 1,855,258 1,731,032 1,700 Income Taxes 1,190,627 1,094,125 1,088,668 1,000 Other Intergovernmental Taxes 475,402 448,870 415,079 399 Miscellaneous 268,703 319,459 656,459 566 Interest 87,975 (18,815) 48,246 99 Transfers (382,300) 1 1,532,462 2,134,020 754 Change in Governmental Net Position (1,662,840) 1,532,462 2,134,020 754 Business-type Activities 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 4,569,701 4,069,829 3,765,294 3,46 Operating Grants and Contributions 35,000 35,000 382,300 382,300 300 Charge in Business-type Net Position 1,292,809 729,488 533,473 433		550,007	551,051	550,575	510,271
Income Taxes $1,190,627$ $1,094,125$ $1,088,668$ $1,000$ Other Intergovernmental Taxes $475,402$ $448,870$ $415,079$ 393 Miscellaneous $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 566 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 99 Transfers $(382,300)$ $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 756 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage ServicesExpenses $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Charges for Services $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,46$ Operating Grants and Contributions $35,000$ $382,300$ $382,300$ Change in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 433		1.852.443	1.855.258	1.731.032	1,708,082
Other Intergovernmental Taxes $475,402$ $448,870$ $415,079$ 394 Miscellaneous $268,703$ $319,459$ $656,459$ 566 Interest $87,975$ $(18,815)$ $48,246$ 996 Transfers $(382,300)$ $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 756 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage ServicesExpenses $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,026$ Operating Grants and Contributions $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,466$ Operating Grants and Contributions $27,371$ $(9,482)$ $4,542$ 4542 Change in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 432		, ,			1,006,827
Miscellaneous 268,703 319,459 656,459 566 Interest 87,975 (18,815) 48,246 99 Transfers (382,300) 12,014,562 12,212,235 12,427,324 11,999 Change in Governmental Net Position (1,662,840) 1,532,462 2,134,020 754 Business-type Activities 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,024 Water and Sewerage Services 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,024 Charges for Services 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,024 Operating Grants and Contributions 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest 27,371 (9,482) 4,542 332,300 Change in Business-type Net Position 1,292,809 729,488 533,473 433			· · · ·		398,964
Interest Transfers Total General Revenues $87,975$ $(382,300)$ $(18,815)$ $(382,300)$ $48,246$ 99 $(382,300)$ Change in Governmental Net Position $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 754 Business-type Activities $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 754 Water and Sewerage Services Expenses $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest Transfers $27,371$ $(9,482)$ $4,542$ 27334 Change in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 433	e				564,260
Transfers Total General Revenues $(382,300)$ Change in Governmental Net Position $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 754 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage Services Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest Transfers $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Change in Business-type Net Position $27,371$ $(9,482)$ $4,542$ $35,000$ Change in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 432		,	,		99,496
Total General Revenues $12,014,562$ $12,212,235$ $12,427,324$ $11,992$ Change in Governmental Net Position $(1,662,840)$ $1,532,462$ $2,134,020$ 754 Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage ServicesExpenses $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Charges for Services $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,46$ Operating Grants and Contributions $35,000$ $35,000$ $382,300$ Change in Business-type Net Position $1,292,809$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 432			(,	
Business-type ActivitiesWater and Sewerage ServicesExpenses3,686,563Expenses3,686,563Charges for Services4,569,701Operating Grants and Contributions35,000General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest27,371Transfers382,300Charge in Business-type Net Position1,292,809729,488533,473432			12,212,235	12,427,324	11,993,310
Water and Sewerage Services $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Expenses $3,686,563$ $3,340,341$ $3,266,821$ $3,020$ Charges for Services $4,569,701$ $4,069,829$ $3,765,294$ $3,46$ Operating Grants and Contributions $35,000$ $35,000$ $35,000$ General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest $27,371$ $(9,482)$ $4,542$ 27 Transfers $382,300$ $32,009$ $729,488$ $533,473$ 433	Change in Governmental Net Position	(1,662,840)	1,532,462	2,134,020	754,642
Expenses 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 4,569,701 4,069,829 3,765,294 3,46 Operating Grants and Contributions 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest 27,371 (9,482) 4,542 32 Transfers 382,300 382,300 333,473 433	Business-type Activities				
Expenses 3,686,563 3,340,341 3,266,821 3,020 Charges for Services 4,569,701 4,069,829 3,765,294 3,46 Operating Grants and Contributions 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest 27,371 (9,482) 4,542 32 Transfers 382,300 382,300 333,473 433	Water and Sewerage Services				
Charges for Services4,569,7014,069,8293,765,2943,46Operating Grants and Contributions General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest Transfers27,371 382,300(9,482)4,5423Change in Business-type Net Position1,292,809729,488533,473433	•	3,686 563	3,340,341	3,266,821	3,026,206
Operating Grants and Contributions35,000General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest27,371(9,482)4,5422Transfers382,3001,292,809729,488533,473433	1	, ,			3,461,248
General Revenues - Miscellaneous and Interest Transfers27,371 382,300(9,482)4,5422Change in Business-type Net Position1,292,809729,488533,473433		1,507,701	1,007,027		5,101,240
Transfers 382,300 Change in Business-type Net Position 1,292,809 729,488 533,473 433		27 371	(9.482)		2,920
			(),102)	1,512	2,720
	Change in Business-type Net Position	1,292,809	729,488	533,473	435,042
	Change in Net Position	\$ (370.031)	2,261.950	2,667,493	1,189,684
		φ (570,051)	2,201,750	2,007,775	1,107,004

Note:

(a) In Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011, the Village declared tax increment finance (TIF) district revenues as surplus and returned it to redistribution to all taxing entities that service the TIF area.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
2,197,996	1,888,093	1,843,380	1,808,789	1,729,449	1,548,719
381,135	4,272,988 (a)	5,330,786 (a)	1,823,349	1,749,423	1,487,334
8,392,462	8,072,459	7,667,352	7,427,770	6,408,588	6,847,105
1,719,637	1,192,097	1,444,632	1,598,558	1,795,024	1,706,153
771,378	1,314,666	273,380	822,825	472,075	92,904
845,444	817,146	826,640	887,122	863,132	829,98
34,807	39,758	122,883	190,336	363,003	435,252
14,342,859	17,597,207	17,507,053	14,558,749	13,380,694	12,947,44
1,357,490	1,289,731	1,177,211	1,021,630	939,161	1,207,179
494,604	511,722	451,285	439,907	377,821	364,07
846,480	829,203	853,344	582,590	516,892	449,46
773,028	430,964	366,036	399,941	449,488	379,76
3,471,602	3,061,620	2,847,876	2,444,068	2,283,362	2,400,46
(10,871,257)	(14,535,587)	(14,659,177)	(12,114,681)	(11,097,332)	(10,546,97
6,066,344	7,113,400	11,076,944	9,439,952	8,816,793	7,218,42
633,425	671,741	621,328	713,256	742,549	678,30
582,803	,	,	,	,	,
458,241	465,157	510,374	516,635	507,336	481,69
62,334	55,782	69,967	68,327	108,057	113,64
1,616,998	1,744,366	1,707,772	781,536	915,419	785,64
914,422	900,398	897,371	1,024,643	1,096,207	1,003,52
603,032	568,597	867,982	2,241,839	1,878,948	3,678,43
360,756	833,164	458,896	114,817	305,059	440,26
55,080	111,638	631,248	57,292	508,337	529,82
11,353,435	12,464,243	16,841,882	14,958,297	14,878,705	14,929,74
482,178	(2,071,344)	2,182,705	2,843,616	3,781,373	4,382,76
2,870,851	2,616,346	2,449,591	2,450,355	2,186,752	2,279,83
2,906,436	2,543,339	2,216,712	2,251,741	2,252,572	2,034,76
1,540	9,585	17,461	(7,642)	60,508	44,30
35,585	(63,422)	(232,879)	(198,614)	65,820	(245,07

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$	2,322,885	2,154,326	1,983,424	1,643,742
Restricted		640,667	635,838	611,678	535,032
Committed					570,699
Unassigned		6,398,258	6,093,311	5,590,013	4,713,973
Total General Fund		9,361,810	8,883,475	8,185,115	7,463,446
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable				3,943	4,876
Restricted		2,881,759	3,274,550	3,232,219	3,192,144
Committed		5,019,992	4,820,145	3,976,226	2,531,521
Total All Other Governmental Funds		7,901,751	8,094,695	7,212,388	5,728,541
Total Governmental Funds	\$	17,263,561	16,978,170	15,397,503	13,191,987
Governmental Fund Balances					
Over (Under) Prior Year	\$	285,391	1,580,667	2,205,516	1,539,358
	Ψ	200,001	1,500,007	2,203,310	1,557,550

Notes:

(a) The Village declared a surplus of tax incremental finance (TIF) area revenues and in 2010 and 2011 returned \$4,113,409 and \$3,266,966, respectively, to the State and to the County for redistribution to all taxing entities that serve the TIF area.

The governmental fund balances for the TIF Funds have been reduced to zero due to the TIF District closing effective December 31, 2010. The balance remaining in the TIF funds was transferred to the TIF Economic Development Fund.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
1,301,792	1,287,689	837,499	685,725	961,261	1,189,
535,032	535,032	535,032	535,032	535,032	535,
516,516	462,828	409,627	399,932	349,930	296,
3,730,135	3,150,642	2,893,157	645,676	1,485,953	1,794,
6,083,475	5,436,191	4,675,315	2,266,365	3,332,176	3,815,1
	6,662	5,032	2,896	3,506	
3,270,398	3,830,428	6,669,028	10,558,304	11,255,587	9,774,
2,298,756	1,691,305	1,398,063	1,936,559	877,606	1,276,
5 5 6 0 1 5 4	5 529 205	0.070.102	12 407 750	12 126 600	11.051
5,569,154	5,528,395	8,072,123	12,497,759	12,136,699	11,051,
11,652,629	10,964,586	12,747,438	14,764,124	15,468,875	14,866,
688,043	(1,782,852)	(2,016,686)	(704,751)	602,272	14,866,

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenues					
Local Taxes					
Property Taxes	\$ 6,396,586	6,288,974	6,252,288	6,043,549	6,066,344
Utility Taxes	559,018	657,968	703,108	638,421	633,425
Non Home Rule Sales Tax	885,574	871,224	819,156	784,724	582,803
Communications Taxes	342,467	357,535	354,715	430,716	458,241
Other Taxes	338,067	337,637	358,573	318,271	62,334
Intergovernmental	3,616,562	3,522,727	3,234,779	3,276,568	3,581,164
Licenses and Permits	1,117,850	1,089,895	1,039,249	908,504	993,956
Grants	285,767	338,260	999,002	358,134	326,316
Charges for Services	1,702,203	1,663,283	1,608,188	1,462,982	1,430,222
Fines and Frfeits	1,190,019	1,148,451	1,042,346	361,125	274,396
Interest	87,975	(18,815)	48,246	55,366	55,080
Miscellaneous	268,703	319,459	648,909	621,140	346,787
Total Revenues	16,790,791	16,576,598	17,108,559	15,259,500	14,811,068
Expenditures					
Current					
General Government	2,300,895	2,172,163	2,016,560	2,246,443	2,020,871
Development	361,116	387,869	305,332	428,951	381,135
Public Safety	9,173,978	8,882,699	8,681,795	7,455,368	7,990,189
Public Works	1,414,672	1,552,587	1,526,684	1,788,908	1,398,745
Highways and Streets	513,450	195,174	257,991	513,744	518,007
Sanitation	1,032,181	947,658	948,835	873,032	845,444
Miscellaneous	1,052,101	947,058	940,055	075,052	040,444
Debt Service					
Principal Payments	205,000	200,000	195,000	190,000	185,000
Interest and Fees	12,253	19,683	26,322	31,776	37,001
Capital Outlay	1,528,687	741,820	952,074	236,050	774,434
Total Expenditures	16,542,232	15,099,653	14,910,593	13,764,272	14,150,826
Energy (Definition on) of Demonstra					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	248,559	1,476,945	2,197,966	1,495,228	660,242
-		1,170,210	2,177,700	1,170,220	000,212
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bond Proceeds	382,300				
Sale of Capital Assets	36,832	103,722	7,550	44,130	27,801
Transfers In	461,547	465,423	1,051,857	338,088	888,347
Transfers Out	(843,847)	(465,423)	(1,051,857)	(338,088)	(888,347)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	36,832	103,722	7,550	44,130	27,801
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 285,391	1,580,667	2,205,516	1,539,358	688,043
Debt Service as a Percentage of					
Non-capital Expenditures	1.4%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%

Note:

(a) In fiscal year 2011, only the second installment of 2009 property taxes was received in the TIF pledged taxes fund. The TIF District was closed effective December 31, 2010.

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
(a)	7,113,400	11,076,944	9,439,952	8,816,793	9,007,592
	671,741	621,328	713,256	742,549	678,300
	465,157	510,374	516,635	507,336	481,690
	55,782	69,967	68,327	108,057	113,644
	3,700,048	3,473,125	4,048,018	4,215,397	4,032,667
	406,691	817,869	729,008	691,047	956,322
	409,434	366,036	399,941	124,665	25,528
	1,476,155	1,408,020	1,086,744	966,788	885,357
	282,653	255,951	228,375	176,039	179,030
	111,638	284,278	57,292	508,337	529,823
	811,582	798,479	114,817	55,059	440,261
	15,504,281	19,682,371	17,402,365	16,912,067	17,330,214
		, ,			
	1,873,360	1,717,393	1,808,789	1,691,030	1,856,107
	4,123,278	5,317,329	1,820,015	1,381,012	1,058,621
	8,154,593	7,425,037	7,058,708	6,726,613	6,541,156
	1,297,184	1,192,097	1,598,558	1,795,024	1,706,153
	477,823	269,891	585,216	264,304	317,226
	817,146	826,640	887,122	863,132	829,980
			31,207		
	180,000	3,140,000	4,575,000	2,070,000	1,880,000
	41,671	173,774	255,258	392,952	465,505
	1,598,590	661,676	522,243	1,375,728	511,495
	18,563,645	20,723,747	19,142,116	16,559,795	15,166,243
	(2,050,2(4))	(1.041.276)	(1,720,751)	250 070	2 1 6 2 0 7 1
	(3,059,364)	(1,041,376)	(1,739,751)	352,272	2,163,971
			1,035,000		
	21,582	7,387	1,055,000	250,000	
	4,543,412	4,053,662	3,615,216	2,731,189	1,784,315
	(4,543,412)	(4,053,662)	(3,615,216)	(2,731,189)	(1,784,315
	21,582	7,387	1,035,000	250,000	(1,704,515
	(3,037,782)	(1,033,989)	(704,751)	602,272	2,163,971
	1.00/		67 004		
	1.3%	16.6%	25.9%	16.2%	16.0%

REVENUE CAPACITY

Equalized Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Levy Years

	Resident	ial	Commercial		Industrial/Railroad			
		% of		% of		% of		
Tax		Total		Total		Total	Total	
Levy		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed	
Year	Amount	Value	Amount	Value	Amount	Value	Value	
2015	A							
2015	\$							
2014	162,447,990	89.6%	18,530,942	10.2%	430,763	0.2%	181,409,695	
2013								
2012	170,256,632	90.2%	17,159,151	9.1%	1,296,420	0.7%	188,712,203	
2011								
2010	192,112,346	90.0%	20,321,761	9.5%	980,904	0.5%	213,415,011	
2009							190,300,845	
2008	231,060,928	91.5%	21,234,090	8.4%	254,274	0.1%	252,549,292	
2007	. ,		. ,		,			
2006								

Notes:

Property in the Village is reassessed by the County every three years.

Refer to the Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments schedule for additional property tax rate information.

Equalized Assessed Value - The State of Illinois calculates an equalization factor each year to bring the assessed value of property to 1/3.

The equalization factor is calculated by the State Department of Revenue and is used to make the aggregate assessments in each county equal to 33 1/3 of the estimated fair value of real property located within the county prior to any applicable exemptions.

Cook County Clerk's Office - www.cookcountyclerk.com/tsd/taxagencyreports

			Total	Total Estimated
Village			Equalized	Value of
Property		Equalization	Assessed	Property
Tax Rate		Factor	Value	(in thousands)
1.389	%	2.6685	470,348,398	1,411,045
1.319		2.7253	488,390,939	1,465,173
1.286		2.6621	493,186,293	1,479,559
1.175		2.8056	529,450,956	1,588,353
1.051		2.9706	573,104,464	1,719,313
0.840		3.3000	704,269,535	2,112,809
0.820		3.3701	641,332,879	1,923,999
0.880		2.9786	596,926,880	1,790,781
0.965		2.8439	515,665,926	1,546,998
0.979		2.7076	491,723,633	1,475,171

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 Assessed Valuation)

Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Calendar Year Collected	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Corporate	1.334	1.272	1.239	1.131	1.010	0.807
Debt Service	0.055	0.047	0.047	0.044	0.041	0.033
Village of River Forest	1.389	1.319	1.286	1.175	1.051	0.840
School Districts	8.643	7.539	7.559	7.467	6.960	5.665
Cook County	0.552	0.568	0.560	0.531	0.462	0.423
Park District	0.331	0.316	0.307	0.279	0.249	0.209
Water Reclamation	0.426	0.430	0.417	0.370	0.320	0.274
Public Library	0.258	0.246	0.239	0.218	0.195	0.155
Township	0.124	0.119	0.115	0.104	0.093	0.075
Other (1)	0.120	0.085	0.116	0.078	0.097	0.062
	11.843	10.622	10.599	10.222	9.427	7.703

Note:

(1) "Other" includes Consolidated Elections, Cook County Forest Preserve, and Des Plaines Valley Mosquito Abatement District.

2009	2008	2007	2006
2010	2009	2008	2007
0.784	0.841	0.926	0.939
0.036	0.039	0.039	0.040
0.820	0.880	0.965	0.979
5.502	5.843	6.234	6.061
0.394	0.415	0.446	0.500
0.255	0.317	0.357	0.363
0.261	0.252	0.263	0.284
0.151	0.161	0.176	0.179
0.078	0.084	0.093	0.095
0.081	0.063	0.077	0.074
7.542	8.015	8.611	8.535

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Fiscal Total Year Tax Levy		Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collected in	Total Collected to Date	
Ended	for		Percent of	Subsequent		Percent of
April 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy
2016	\$ 6,533,103	3,181,100	48.7%		3,181,100	48.7%
2015	6,437,341	3,138,844	48.8%	2,974,784	6,113,628	95.0%
2014	6,342,376	3,134,928	49.4%	3,135,310	6,270,238	98.9%
2013	6,217,568	3,005,217	48.3%	3,177,127	6,182,344	99.4%
2012	6,019,618	2,985,849	49.6%	2,974,970	5,960,819	99.0%
2011	5,909,284	2,823,501	47.8%	3,019,102	5,857,395	99.1%
2010	5,254,680	2,659,991	50.6%	2,536,447	5,196,438	98.9%
2009	5,249,682	2,299,507	43.8%	2,867,645	5,167,152	98.4%
2008	4,976,176	2,251,155	45.2%	2,662,295	4,913,450	98.7%
2007	4,813,901	2,209,977	45.9%	2,523,645	4,733,622	98.3%

¹ This tax levy is still in collection. The balance of the 2015 tax levy will be distributed to the Village in the summer of 2016. The amount shown as collected reflects an estimate, distributed by the County in the spring of 2016.

Note:

The amounts included in this schedule are taxes levied for the funding of corporate purposes, debt service, fire pension and police pension. They exclude the amounts levied for the Village's component unit, the Library, and the incremental tax funding for the TIF area.

Cook County Clerk's Office website: taxreports.cookcountyclerk.com

Taxable Sales by Category

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Food	\$ 93,384,672	86,839,850	83,090,364	82,384,987	82,079,398
Drinking and Eating Places	11,622,400	11,284,119	11,091,040	10,503,313	10,010,672
Apparel	12,403,517	12,012,716	11,440,630	8,420,227	6,791,374
Furniture, Household and Radio	1,192,015	1,005,940	647,607	1,455,272	1,074,876
Lumber, Building and Hardware	1,203,379	1,120,171	1,446,699	1,376,899	1,606,111
Automotive Filling Stations	5,876,933	7,432,655	6,871,057	6,313,330	6,836,592
Drugs and Other Retail	52,713,770	58,375,494	55,937,317	52,612,341	46,106,080
Agriculture and Extractive	6,532,535	4,447,353	3,610,013	3,637,839	5,545,906
Manufacturers	90,695	122,363	128,734	497,559	
General Merchandise			9,152	35,374	
Total	\$ 185,019,916	182,640,661	174,272,613	167,237,141	160,051,009
Village Statutory Allocated					
Sales Tax Rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Notes:

Sales tax information for the calendar year 2015 is the most current available.

The State of Illinois imposes a sales tax on a seller's receipts from sales of tangible property for use or consumption. Tangible personal property does not include real estate, stocks, bonds or other "paper" assets representing an interest. The categories listed above are determined by the State of Illinois. The 1% tax is a revenue that the State shares with the Village.

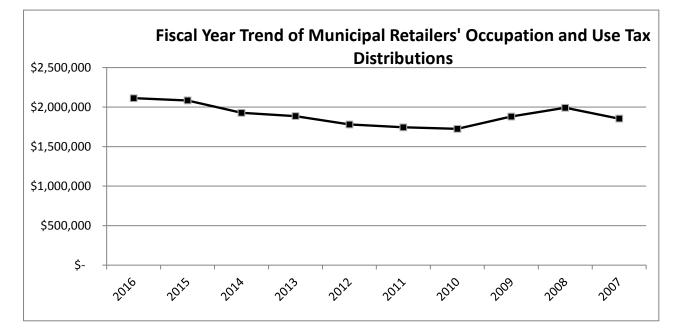
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
83.020.444	85,966,358	94,027,986	93,555,481	86,715,425
9,930,377	9.077.434	9,349,870	8,853,913	7,481,459
5,763,602	6,539,962	9,416,078	13,384,501	13,776,636
1,678,393	3,457,753	5,790,508	5,835,259	6,172,732
, ,		2,632,304	2,846,965	3,206,414
6,102,603	4,926,783	6,257,395	6,535,949	5,249,514
39,548,571	40,523,397	41,624,866	39,400,174	34,684,001
8,196,057	6,734,564	8,332,554	7,702,215	8,574,091
1,176,461	1,194,018		1,392,253	
			462,075	
155,416,508	158,420,269	177,431,561	179,968,785	165,860,272
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Municipal Retailers' Occupation and Use Tax Receipts

Last Ten Fiscal Years

State Sales Fiscal and Use Tax			Annual Change		
Year	Distributions		Amount	Percentage	
2016	\$	2,113,337	29,354	1.41%	
2015		2,083,983	156,122	8.10%	
2014		1,927,861	41,845	2.22%	
2013		1,886,016	105,962	5.95%	
2012		1,780,054	35,688	2.05%	
2011		1,744,366	19,422	1.13%	
2010		1,724,944	(155,618)	-8.28%	
2009		1,880,562	(110,995)	-5.57%	
2008		1,991,557	137,783	7.43%	
2007		1,853,773	337,939	22.29%	

Note: Includes Village sales tax receipts allocated to the Pledged Taxes Fund.



Top Ten Principal Property Taxpayers

2015 Levy Year and Nine Years Ago

		2015 Levy Year (1)		2006 Levy Year	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Equalized Assessed Valuation	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Equalized Assessed Valuation
River Forest Town Center One	Retail Center	\$ 8,983,649	1.9%	12,558,842	2.4%
Vanguard Health Systems	Medical Center	6,581,305	1.4%	6,076,458	1.2%
River Forest Town Center Two	Retail Center	4,849,654	1.0%	8,001,492	1.6%
Albertson's (Jewel)	Grocery Store	3,827,691	0.8%	7,035,553	1.4%
Kirk Eye Center	Vision Care Center			2,063,872	0.4%
Thomas Tax & Acct 2007	Retail Store			1,718,276	0.3%
Individual	Mixed Use			1,552,258	0.3%
Oilily Holding USA (Fresenius)	Medical Center	1,316,835	0.3%		
Plunkett Furniture Co.	Retail Store			1,240,623	0.2%
River Forest POB LLC	Medical Center	1,280,877	0.3%		
Corus Bank				1,091,433	0.2%
Mid America Asset Mgmt	Grocery Store	818,717	0.2%	1,626,469	0.3%
Jack Strand	Retail Center	803,952	0.2%		
Keystone Montessori	School	796,229	0.2%		
John M Cox Jr.	Residential	771,351	0.2%		
Tetala		\$ 30,030,260	6.4%	42,965,276	8.3%
Totals					
Total Village of River Forest equalized assessed value:		\$ 470,348,398		491,723,633	

Notes:

¹ The State of Illinois establishes a lien on property for the levy at the beginning of the calendar year. The taxing entities adopt their levies at the end of December of the same calendar year. The taxes levies are for collections in the following calendar year. Therefore, the Village's fiscal year 2016 relied on the property collections in the summer of 2015, which are from the 2014 tax levy year, as well as the distribution provided in the spring of 2016 which was an estimate based on the prior year's tax levy.

Data Source

Office of County Clerk

DEBT CAPACITY

Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	8		Business-typ General Obligation Bonds	e Activities	Total Outstanding Debt of Primary Government	Total Outstanding Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income	Out	Total standing Debt Capita*
2016	\$	482,300	495,000	14,849,781	15,827,081	2.3%	\$	1,417
2010	Ψ	305,000	650,000	586,882	1,541,882	0.2%	Ψ	138
2014		505,000	800,000		1,305,000	0.2%		117
2013		700,000	945,000		1,645,000	0.2%		147
2012		890,000	1,085,000		1,975,000	0.3%		177
2011		1,075,000	1,220,000		2,295,000	0.5%		224
2010		1,255,000	1,355,000		2,610,000	0.5%		224
2009		4,395,000	1,355,000		5,750,000	1.0%		494
2008		7,935,000			7,935,000	1.4%		682
2007		10,005,000			10,005,000	1.8%		860

Notes:

Details of the Village's outstanding debt may be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The IEPA Loan is included in this schedule; however, a final payment schedule will not be provided until the project is fully funded by the IEPA.

*Refer to the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Equalized Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Levy Year		2015	2014	2013	2012
Population ⁽¹⁾		11,172	11,172	11,172	11,172
Equalized Assessed Value - EAV	(2) \$	470,348,398	488,390,939	493,186,293	529,450,956
General Obligation Debt Gross General Obligation Bonded Debt Less: Debt Payable from TIF Revenues		977,300	955,000	1,305,000	1,645,000
Less: Fund Balance Available in Debt Service Fund		172,810	149,078	149,491	135,993
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	(3)	804,490	805,922	1,155,509	1,509,007
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value		0.171%	0.165%	0.234%	0.285%
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita		72.0	72.1	103.4	135.1

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census
- (2) Office of the County Clerk

⁽³⁾ Tax supported debt only, per Village Records

 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
11,172	11,172	11,635	11,635	11,635	11,635
 573,104,464	704,269,535	641,332,879	596,926,880	515,665,926	491,723,633
1,975,000	2,295,000	2,610,000	5,750,000	7,935,000	10,005,000
			2,965	7,370	9,275
 116,417	57,289	338,894	548,336	68,360	85,062
 1,858,583	2,237,711	2,271,106	5,204,629	7,874,010	9,929,213
0.324%	0.318%	0.354%	0.872%	1.527%	2.019%
166.4	200.3	195.2	447.3	676.8	853.4

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2016

Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Village (1)	Amount Applicable to Village
Direct Debt			
Village of River Forest	\$ 482,300	100.00%	482,300
Overlapping Debt Schools:			
School District Number 90	9.300,000	100.00%	9,300,000
High School District Number 200	3,320,000	26.06%	865,192
Total Schools	12,620,000		10,165,192
Others:			
Cook County	3,362,051,750	0.35%	11,767,181
Cook County Forest Preserve District	163,117,000	0.35%	570,910
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	2,629,938,992	0.36%	9,467,780
River Forest Park District	66,511	100.00%	66,511
Total Others	6,155,174,253		21,872,382
Total Schools and Others			
Overlapping Bonded Debt	6,167,794,253		32,037,574
Total	\$ 6.168,276,553		32,519,874

Note:

(1) Percentages are based on the percent of the property's 2015 equalized assessed value as compared to the Village total.

Data Source

Cook County Clerk; http://cookcountygov.com

Legal Debt Margin

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2016

Assessed Valuation - Tax Levy Year 2015	\$ 470,348,398
Legal Debt Limit - 8.625% of Assessed Valuation	\$ 40,567,549
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	 482,300
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 40,085,249

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Ten Fiscal Years

The following table shows the ten-year trend in population, personal income and per capita income for the Village, as well as average annual unemployment rates for the Village and the State of Illinois.

		Estimated Total			
		Personal	Per Capita	Unemploym	ent Rate
Fiscal			Personal	Village of	State of
Year			Income (1)	River Forest	Illinois (2)
2016	11,172	\$ 684,932,976	64,856	5.1%	6.0%
2015	11,172	684,932,976	64,856	5.1%	6.0%
2014	11,172	684,932,976	64,856	5.1%	7.9%
2013	11,172	684,932,976	66,028	5.1%	9.2%
2012	11,172	684,932,976	61,308	5.1%	8.8%
2011	11,172	684,932,976	61,308	5.1%	9.5%
2010	11,172	684,932,976	61,308	5.1%	10.9%
2009	11,635	571,429,755	49,113	5.1%	9.5%
2008	11,635	571,429,755	49,113	2.7%	5.8%
2007	11,635	571,429,755	49,113	2.7%	4.8%

Notes:

(1) The U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census defines personal income as a measure of income received from all sources by residents of the Village during a calendar year.

(2) Illinois Department of Employment Security

Median Family Income

According to the 2010 U.S. Census, the Village had a median family income of \$156,835. In comparison, the 2010 median family income was \$65,039 for Cook County and \$68,236 for the State of Illinois. The following table represents the distribution of family income for the Village, Cook County and the State of Illinois at the time of the 2010 U.S. Census.

Median Family* Income

	The V		Cook C	ounty	State of 1	Illinois		
Income	Number of	Percent of	Number of	Percent of	Number of	Percent of		
	Families	Families	Families	Families	Families	Families		
Less than \$10,000	180	4.6%	63,241	5.3%	131,841	4.2%		
\$ 10,000 to \$ 14,999	10	0.3%	39,634	3.3%	86,610	2.7%		
\$ 15,000 to \$ 24,999	186	4.8%	100,077	8.4%	224,421	7.1%		
\$ 25,000 to \$ 34.999	220	5.6%	105,831	8.8%	260,262	8.3%		
\$ 35,000 to \$ 49,999	194	5.0%	147,041	12.3%	389,862	12.4%		
\$ 50,000 to \$ 74,999	530	13.6%	213,790	17.9%	606,737	19.2%		
\$ 75,000 to \$ 99,999	426	10.9%	166,870	13.9%	486,151	15.4%		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	565	14.5%	192,184	16.1%	547,784	17.4%		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	441	11.3%	78,924	6.6%	212,016	6.7%		
\$200,000 or more	1,156	29.6%	89,204	7.5%	207,841	6.6%		
	3,908		1,196,796		3,153,525			

*The U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census defines a family as a group of two or more people (one of whom is the householder) related by birth, marriage or adoption and residing together. All such people (including related subfamily members) are considered as members of one family.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010 Census

Housing

HOUSING

The 2010 U.S. Census reported that the median value of a Village owner-occupied home was \$618,200. This 2010 median value for an owner-occupied home compares with \$265,800 for Cook County and \$202,500 for the State of Illinois. The 2010 market values for specified owner-occupied units for the Village, Cook County and the State of Illinois are as follows:

	The V	illage	Cook C	ounty	State of 1	Illinois
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Value	of Units	of Units	of Units	of Units	of Units	of Units
Less than \$50,000	12	0.3%	32,251	2.8%	218,208	6.7%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	43	1.2%	58,161	5.0%	451,967	13.8%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	140	3.9%	115,458	10.0%	464,158	14.2%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	325	9.0%	181,081	15.7%	518,957	15.8%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	423	11.8%	310,631	26.9%	725,004	22.1%
\$300,000 to \$499,999	485	13.5%	303,331	26.2%	613,486	18.7%
\$500,000 to \$999,999	1,537	42.7%	125,991	10.9%	234,600	7.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	632	17.6%	29,748	2.6%	53,191	1.6%
	3,597		1,156,652		3,279,571	

Specified Owner-Occupied Units

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010 Census

Principal Village Employers

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

			Fiscal Year 20	16		Fiscal Year 2007			
			Approximate	Percent of Total Village		Approximate	Percent of Total Village		
Employer	Product/Service	Rank	Employment	Population	Rank	Employment	Population		
Dominican University	Education	1	1,245	11.14%	1	475	4.08%		
Concordia University	Education	2	1,245	11.06%	3	200	1.72%		
Jewel/Osco Grocery Store	Grocery Store	3	325	2.91%	2	392	3.37%		
Elementary School Dist 90	Education	4	195	1.75%	4	192	1.65%		
Whole Foods	Grocery Store	5	190	1.70%	5	186	1.60%		
Village of River Forest	Government	6	83	0.74%	6	104	0.89%		
West Suburban (River Forest locations)	Health Care	7	80	0.72%	7	60	0.52%		
Cook County Forest Preserve	Government	8	73	0.65%	8	70	0.60%		
Panera Bread	Restaurant	9	50	0.45%					
Dominick's Finer Foods	Grocery Store				9	45	0.39%		
McDonalds	Restaurant	10	35	0.31%					
River Forest Community Center	Community Ctr				10	27	0.23%		
			3,512	31.44%	-	1,751	15.05%		
Total Population, per 2000 and 2010 cens	us			11.172			11.635		

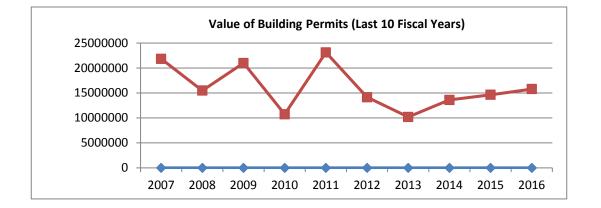
Notes:

Estimated figure includes all full-time and part-time employees.

Village Records, employer inquiries

Construction Value of Building Permits and Property Value Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2016

Fiscal Year	Number of Permits issued	Value of ding Permits
2016	203	\$ 15,792,768
2015	219	14,634,612
2014	158	13,607,856
2013	190	10,200,076
2012	208	14,154,139
2011	210	23,127,993
2010	185	10,734,585
2009	196	20,998,543
2008	131	15,479,689
2007	207	21,852,253



Data Source

Village Records

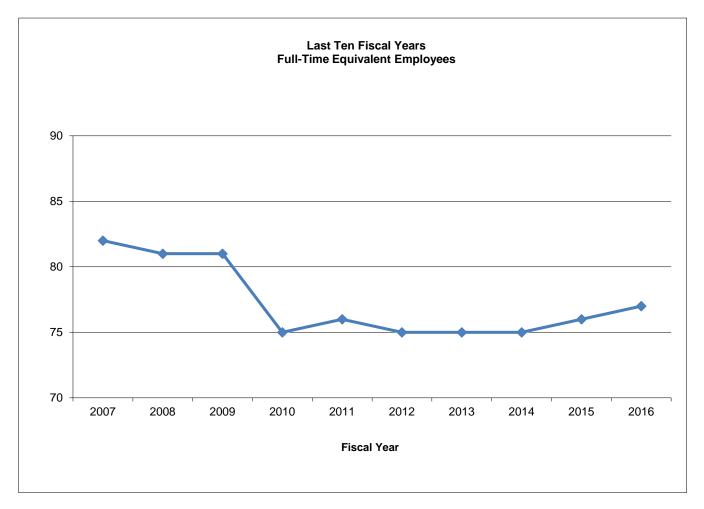
OPERATING INFORMATION

Full-Time Equivalent Employees

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government										
Administration	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Finance	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Building and Development	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total General Government	9.5	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	6.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Public Safety										
Police										
Sworn	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	31.0	31.0	31.0
Non-Sworn	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Fire										
Sworn	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Total Public Safety	53.0	53.0	52.0	52.0	52.0	53.0	53.0	56.0	56.0	56.0
Highway and Streets										
Public Works	14.5	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	17.0	17.0	19.0	19.0	20.0
Total Village	77.0	76.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	76.0	75.0	81.0	81.0	82.0

In Fiscal Year 2012 the Building and Development Divison was created. Employees were Transferred from the Public Works Department.



Data Source

Village Records

Capital Assets Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government Village Hall	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
V mage man	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Police										
Police Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol areas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol units	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Fire										
Fire station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire engines	3	3	2		2 2		2	2	2 2	2
Ambulances	2	2	2	2 2	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2	2 2
Public Works										
Highway & Streets										
Streets (miles)	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.6
Streetlights	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,998
Intersections with Traffic signals	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Waterworks										
Water mains (miles)	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Fire hydrants	440	440	440	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
Storage capacity	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
(1,000 gallons)										
Sewerage										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13	33.13
Pumping capacity (1,000 gallons)	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700
Storm sewers (miles) ¹	3.37	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19

Note:

¹ Except for the section referenced in this table, storm sewers in the Village are owned and serviced by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District, a legally separate entity from the Village.

Operating Indicators

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended April 30									
Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Public Safety										
Police										
Total arrests	760	688	812	794	844	839	638	694	587	723
Calls for service	N/A	9,747	9,762	9,906	11,025	11,297	12,917	13,645	10,146	11,846
Traffic tickets	2,962	3,411	3,557	3,162	3,284	3,897	2,864	2,948	2,495	3,106
Traffic Accidents	588	573	514	494	456					
Fire										
Ambulance calls	1,302	1,106	1,069	1,005	888	868	868	832	858	853
Fire/Other calls	824	871	862	856	946	988	932	992	973	892
Public Works										
Streets										
Street Reconstruction (ln. ft.)						669	2,520	3,082	1,240	
Street resurfacing (ln. ft.)	6,460	3,030	3,300	13,998	11,417	5,893	7,209	4,909	2,540	5,965
Leaves collected (tons)	1,801	1,380	1,903	1,677	1,676	1,637	1,947	1,751	1,595	1,530
Full salting operations (tons)	625	314	950	804	436	1,000	932	1,047	1,197	354
Trees Trimmed	406	763	700	750	1,341	1,745				
Water/Sewer										
Water main repairs	5	14	15	7	8	12	9	1	7	6
Average daily pumpage (mgd)	1.13	1.27	1.39	1.45	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer mains cleaned (ln. ft.)	32,034	21,049	25,914	11,088	40,945	30,149	13,518	91,990	31,688	36,019

N/A - Calls for service are not currently available for 2016 due to the conversion to a new computer aided dispatch (CAD) system.

Water Fund Statistics

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2016

Water Fund statistics are as follows:	
Number of Metered Customers	3,160
Cubic Feet of Water Pumped into system (in hundreds)	568,535
Cubic Feet of Water Billed (in hundreds)	471,110

Surety Bonds of Principal Officials

April 30, 2016

Principal Official	Amount of Surety Bond
Village President	\$ 3,000
Village Clerk	3,000
Finance Director/Treasurer	50,000

Data Source

Village insurance coverage documents